- 1 HB364
- 2 207395-1
- 3 By Representative Sorrell
- 4 RFD: State Government
- 5 First Read: 09-FEB-21

207395-1:n:11/05/2020:KMS/tgw LSA2020-951 1 2 3 5 Under existing law, the office of State 8 SYNOPSIS: Auditor is an elected position in the executive 9 10 branch responsible for monitoring the accounts and 11 records of the Department of Finance and the State 12 Treasurer and maintaining property records of all 13 state owned, non-consumable property. 14 Also under existing law, the Department of 15 Examiners of Public Accounts is an agency within 16 the legislative branch, under the direction of a Chief Examiner of Public Accounts who is appointed 17 18 by the Legislative Committee on Public Accounts and is responsible for examining and auditing the 19 2.0 books, accounts, and records of all state and 2.1 county offices, officers, bureaus, boards, 2.2 commissioners, corporations, departments, and other 23 agencies.

This bill would establish the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts as a division of the office of State Auditor, would provide that the State Auditor assume the responsibilities and

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powers of the chief examiner, and would provide for the transfer of all functions and all employees of the department to the division.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

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A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

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2 Relating to the State Auditor; to designate existing Chapter 16 of Title 36, consisting of Sections 36-16-1 to 3 36-16-11, inclusive, Code of Alabama 1975, as Article 1; to 4 amend Section 36-16-1, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the 5 duties of the State Auditor; to add Article 2, to Chapter 16, Title 36, commencing with Section 36-16-20, Code of Alabama 7 1975; to transfer all functions, duties, responsibilities, 9 powers, funds, papers, and property of the Chief Examiner of 10 Public Accounts to the State Auditor; to transfer all functions, duties, responsibilities, powers, funds, papers, 11 and property of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts 12 13 to the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts within the 14 office of State Auditor; to repeal Chapter 5A, Title 41, 15 consisting of Sections 41-5A-1 to 41-5A-23, inclusive, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the existing Chief Examiner and 16 17 Department of Examiners of Public Accounts, and the creation 18 and operation of the Legislative Committee on Public Accounts; 19 and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or 20 effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of 21 local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the 22 Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 23 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of 24 Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

1	Section 1. Chapter 16, consisting of Sections
2	36-16-1 to 36-16-11, is designated as Article 1 of Chapter 16
3	of Title 36 of the Code of Alabama 1975, as follows:
4	ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.
5	Section 2. Section 36-16-1 of the Code of Alabama
6	1975, is amended to read as follows:
7	" §36-16-1.
8	"The $\frac{1}{2}$ powers, functions, and duties of the $\frac{1}{2}$
9	Auditor shall be as follows include all of the following:
10	"(1) Those enumerated in the constitution; \cdot .
11	"(2) The keeping of a seal with the devise, $^{f u}$ The
12	State of Alabama, Auditor's Office;".
13	"(3) If the Treasurer, in the event of his
14	resignation or removal, fails to comply with the provisions of
15	this code, or if he dies or absconds, the stating of his
16	account in the presence of any person attending on the part of
17	such late Treasurer and the delivering of the books, papers
18	and moneys belonging to the Treasury to his successor, taking
19	his receipt for the same, and recording and filing such
20	receipts and statement and reporting the same to the next
21	Legislature; In the event the State Treasurer resigns or is
22	removed from office, fails to comply with this code, or dies
23	or leaves office for any reason, the State Auditor shall
24	deliver the books, papers, and monies belonging to the State
25	Treasurer to his or her successor, recording and filing any
26	receipts and statements relating to the transfer, and shall

1	submit a	a com	prehens	sive	repor	t on	the	tra	ansfer	to	the
2	Legislat	ture	during	the	next	leais	slati	ive	sessi	on	

- "(4) The postauditing of the accounts and records of the Department of Finance and the \underline{State} Treasurer.
- "(5) The serving on the boards and commissions of which he $\underline{\text{or she}}$ is by law an ex officio member; and.
- "(6) The making of a full and complete report to the Governor at the close of each fiscal year showing the audited receipts and disbursements of the government for the last completed fiscal year, as required by the constitution and as shown by the records and documents in the office of the Department of Finance, which records shall be audited by him. The report shall also include the results of his or her audit of all taxes and revenues collected and paid into the Treasury and shall give the results of all other audits made by him or her. The report shall be printed and bound with, and as a part of, the annual financial report of the state prepared by the Department of Finance. The State Auditor shall make additional reports oftener upon, and matters pertaining to, his the office if required by the Governor or the Legislature.
- "(7) Commencing on October 1, 2023, the assumption and performance of all functions, responsibilities, powers, and duties of the Chief Examiner of Public Accounts and the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts as constituted pursuant to Chapter 5A of Title 41, which is repealed. All funds, papers, and property of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts, as constituted before October 1, 2023, shall

functions of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts in the off the State Auditor." Section 3. Article 2, commencing with Section 36-16-20, is added to Chapter 16 of Title 36 of the Cod Alabama 1975, as follows: ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF EXAMINERS OF PUBLIC AC 536-16-20. (a) There is created within the office of Sta Auditor the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts, c of the former Department of Examiners of Public Account any additional subdivisions or units the State Auditor determines to be necessary. (b) The principal office of the division shal located in Montgomery, Alabama, but the division may co examinations and audits and establish offices throughou state. (c) The affairs of the division shall be administered by the State Auditor. (d) Any reference in this title or code to th Examiner of Public Accounts or to the Chief Examiner of	1	be transferred to the ownership and control of the office of
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-	23	Examiner of Public Accounts or to the Chief Examiner of the
25 reference to the State Auditor.	24	Department of Examiners of Public Accounts shall be deemed a
	25	reference to the State Auditor.

§36-16-21.

- 1 (a) The State Auditor shall be the executive and
 2 administrative head of the Division of Examiners of Public
 3 Accounts and shall have the power and duty to do all of the
 4 following:
 - (1) Exercise general supervision of and adopt rules for the governance of the division.
 - (2) Prescribe uniform rules pertaining to investigations, examinations, audits, and divisional hearings.
 - (3) Supervise the fiscal affairs and responsibilities of the division.

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- (4) Appoint and remove the staff, officers, and employees of the division, subject to the Merit System Act and the rules issued pursuant thereto.
- (5) Keep an accurate and complete record of all proceedings of the division; record and file all bonds, reports, and other documents; and assume responsibility for the custody and preservation of all papers and documents of the division.
- (6) Make recommendations and an annual report to the Governor concerning the condition, operation, functioning, and findings of the division.
- (7) Invoke any legal, equitable, or special remedy for the enforcement of orders or this article.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, exercise any other power necessary to expedite the making of thorough and accurate audits of the accounts of all individuals or entities receiving or disbursing public funds.

1 (9) Examine and audit the books, accounts, and
2 records of all state and county offices, officers, bureaus,
3 authorities, boards, commissions, corporations, departments,
4 and agencies.

- (10) a. Prepare, in consultation with the Association of County Commissions of Alabama, except with respect to county boards of education, bookkeeping, accounting, and reporting systems, procedures, records, and forms as may be necessary to install a uniform system of accounting and reporting in the various county offices. This paragraph does not authorize the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts to prescribe specific accounting software to be utilized in various county offices.
 - b. Prepare bookkeeping, accounting, and reporting systems, procedures, records, and forms as may be necessary to install a uniform system of accounting and reporting in the various state offices.
 - (11) Report to the Governor and the Contract Review Permanent Legislative Oversight Committee every expenditure or contract found to have been made in violation of law.
 - (12) Prepare, for use by the county boards of education, bookkeeping, accounting, and reporting systems, procedures, records, and forms necessary for the installation of a uniform system of accounting and reporting by the several county boards of education; install the bookkeeping, accounting, and reporting systems for the county boards of

education; and exercise and maintain continuing supervision thereof.

- (13) Prepare and furnish to the chairs of the county commissions of the several counties of the state a fiscal statement of each county, as of the end of each fiscal year, the statement showing receipts, disbursements, outstanding indebtedness, and securities owned of and by each of the several counties.
- (b) All powers and duties vested in the State

 Auditor may be delegated to his or her appointed assistants,

 staff, deputies, and employees, but the State Auditor shall be
 responsible for their actions.

§36-16-22.

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- (a) For the purposes of this section, the following words have the following meanings:
- (1) OVERPAYMENT. Any payment in excess of amounts due and includes failure to meet eligibility requirements, failure to identify third party liability where applicable, any payment for an ineligible good or service, any payment for a good or service not received, duplicate payments, invoice and pricing errors, failure to apply discounts, rebates, or other allowances, failure to comply with contracts or purchasing agreements, or both, failure to provide adequate documentation or necessary signatures, or both, on documents, or any other inadvertent error resulting in overpayment.
- (2) RECOVERY AUDIT. A financial management technique used to identify overpayments made by a state agency with

- respect to individuals, vendors, service providers, and other entities in connection with a payment activity.
- 3 (3) RECOVERY AUDITOR. A private contractor with 4 recovery audit expertise.

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- (4) STATE AGENCY. A department, office, board, authority, commission, bureau, division, institution, state institution of higher education of this state, or any other state entity that makes payments of state funds.
- (b) The State Auditor may contract with recovery auditors to conduct and perform recovery audits of payments made by state agencies to individuals, vendors, service providers, and other entities. Any audit conducted pursuant to this subsection of any payment made by a state agency to an electric utility regulated by the Public Service Commission is limited to the three-year period following the date of the payment to be audited. All other audits conducted pursuant to this subsection shall be limited to the two-year period following the date of the payment to be audited. Overpayments between one state agency and another state agency are not subject to recovery under this section. Any contract shall be entered into in accordance with the purchasing provisions of the state. The contracts may provide for reasonable compensation for services provided under the contract, including compensation determined by the application of a specified percentage of the total amount recovered because of the recovery auditor's audit activities. In no event shall the compensation to a recovery auditor exceed 15 percent of the

amount recovered because of the recovery auditor's audit activities. A recovery audit of a payment may not be made within 90 days of the date of the payment. No payment shall be due a recovery auditor from any payment identified as an overpayment until the overpayment has been recovered and credited to the special fund established in this section.

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- (c) (1) A state agency whose payments are being audited under a recovery contract pursuant to this section shall provide a recovery auditor with any payment-related information as determined by the State Auditor, including any confidential information that is necessary for the performance of the audit or the recovery audit of an overpayment, to the extent the agency is not prohibited from sharing the information under an agreement with another state or the federal government.
- (2) A recovery audit shall be complementary to any other financial management process and shall not supplant any existing or future state audit or program integrity activity by a state agency.
- (3) A recovery auditor acting under a contract authorized by this section, and each employee or agent of the recovery auditor, is subject to all prohibitions against the disclosure of confidential information obtained from the state in connection with the contract that applies to any official or employee of the applicable state agency. A recovery auditor acting under a contract authorized by this section or an employee or agent of the recovery auditor who discloses

confidential information in violation of a prohibition made
applicable to the recovery auditor under this section is
subject to prosecution by the Attorney General in any court
within this state.

- (d) (1) Recovery audits shall be performed on payments to individuals, vendors, service providers, and other entities made by each state agency as determined by the State Auditor. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the recovery audits provided for in this section shall not be performed on any entity, vendor, or service provider that is subject to audits under the federally mandated Recovery Audit Contractor Program adopted by the Alabama Medicaid Agency under Section 1902(a) (42) of the Social Security Act, as amended.
- (2) Recovery audits performed on individuals, vendors, service providers, and other entities are limited to the three-year period following the date of the payment to be audited. A recovery audit shall be completed within 12 months after notification to the entity that a recovery audit will be performed.
- (3) Based on a request by the recovery auditor, the State Auditor, for good cause shown, may provide one extension of the time to complete a recovery audit not to exceed 60 days. A recovery auditor shall make the request for an extension in writing setting forth the circumstances necessitating the extension not less than 30 days prior to the expiration of the 12-month period and shall deliver a copy of the request to the subject of the recovery audit.

(4) Recovery audits that utilize sample analysis shall be performed in accordance with generally accepted industry standards for determining statistically valid sampling techniques and sampling periods. An audit period cannot be reopened after the initial audit is completed. An audit's sample size should be mutually determined by the participating parties before the audit commences.

- (e) (1) A special fund is established within the State Treasury for the deposit of all funds generated from recovery audits conducted pursuant to this section after payment to the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts for actual costs of time and effort devoted to the recovery audit as determined by the State Auditor and of any percentages due under the contract to perform the audit. Amounts due a federal agency by a state agency as a result of a recovery audit shall be disbursed from the fund after certification by the agency of the amount due and verification of the amount by the State Auditor. Any amounts recovered that were appropriated for funds constitutionally earmarked shall be appropriated in accordance with law. Any amounts remaining in the fund shall be subject to expenditure for any lawful purpose through appropriation by the Legislature.
- (2) A state agency audited under this section shall compute the amount of federal money due the federal government from any federal money that is recovered through the audit.

 The state agency shall compute the amount due in accordance

with the rules of the federal program through which the agency received the federal money.

- (f) Recovery audit reports shall be public records and released by the State Auditor in accordance with normal report release procedures. Copies shall be available in electronic form on the website of the division, if independently maintained, or as made part of the website of the State Auditor and identified as a report of the division.
- disagrees with the results or report of the recovery audit, the entity and the state may agree to arbitration of the dispute pursuant to Division 1 of Article 1 of Chapter 6 of Title 6. The compensation of the arbitrators and the cost of the arbitration shall be paid by the entity audited and the recovery auditor in amounts that are in proportion to the ruling of the arbitrators regarding the correctness of the recovery auditor's report on an overpayment. This subsection does not limit or restrict the powers of the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts or the Attorney General to recover any overpayment.

§36-16-23.

(a) The State Auditor may delegate to a deputy chief examiner authority to perform any duties the State Auditor may prescribe. The State Auditor is responsible for all acts delegated to the deputy chief examiner pursuant to this subsection.

- (b) (1) Subject to the requirement in subdivision

 (2), the deputy chief examiner shall be selected with

 consideration of his or her training, experience, capacity,

 and fitness for the duties as deputy chief examiner.
 - (2) If the State Auditor is not a certified public accountant licensed in this state, the deputy chief examiner shall be a certified public accountant licensed in this state with at least eight years of experience as a certified public accountant or eight years of actual experience as an examiner of public accounts.
 - (3) The deputy chief examiner shall be in the unclassified service.

\$36-16-24.

- (a) The salary of the deputy chief examiner shall be fixed by the State Auditor. The salary of the deputy chief examiner is not subject to Section 36-6-6.
 - (b) The compensation for the deputy chief examiner shall be paid out of funds appropriated to the office of the State Auditor and in the same manner as salaries of other officers and employees are paid.

§36-16-25.

- (a) (1) The employees of the division shall be members of the classified service of the Merit System unless otherwise specified by law.
- (2) An employee's failure to maintain technical or professional qualifications shall be good cause for severance.

- (b) The State Auditor shall appoint assistants,
 deputies, and employees as may be necessary for the sufficient
 operation of the division.
 - (c) The State Auditor may appoint three unclassified subdivision or unit heads. The salaries of the subdivision or unit heads shall be fixed by the State Auditor, and are not subject to Section 36-6-6.

\$36-16-26.

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- (a) The Attorney General and the district attorneys of the several circuits shall render to the State Auditor, without additional compensation, legal services as he or she may request for the division.
- (b) Whenever the legality of any payment or shortage is involved in an examination, the State Auditor shall submit the facts in writing to the Attorney General and request his or her opinion as to the applicable law. The Attorney General shall immediately provide a copy of each opinion affecting any state or county officer in the collection or disbursement of public funds to the officer affected to the State Auditor and Governor.

\$36-16-27.

- (a) The State Auditor shall appoint a chief legal counsel for the division pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 36-15-5.1.
- (b) The chief legal counsel shall be of good character and qualified by training and experience to perform the duties of his or her office.

(c) The State Auditor may appoint two assistant legal counsels for the division pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 36-15-5.1, and may appoint additional assistant legal counsels, as determined necessary by the State Auditor. The assistant legal counsels for the division shall be commissioned as assistant attorneys general, but shall devote their entire time to the affairs of the division.

§36-16-28.

- (a) (1) The books, records, vouchers, and accounts of every state and county office, officer, bureau, board, commission, corporation, institution, department, and agency shall be examined and audited at least once every two years and more frequently if deemed necessary by the State Auditor.
- any state and county office, officer, bureau, board, commission, corporation, institution, department, and agency shall be examined and audited upon a request by the Governor or the Contract Review Permanent Legislative Oversight Committee. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the books, records, vouchers, and accounts of municipal boards of education or any state entity holding assets within or outside this state or within or outside the State Treasury may be examined and audited upon request of the Governor or the Contract Review Permanent Legislative Oversight Committee.
- (b) Examinations and audits required under this article shall be made at the expense of the state, unless otherwise provided by law.

- (c) A person who knowingly makes any materially false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation in any audit or in providing any information under this article shall be guilty of a Class C felony.
 - (d) A state or county office, officer, bureau, board, commission, corporation, institution, department, or agency subject to audit or examination under this section may not contract for or arrange to have an independent financial audit unless the firm to provide the auditing services is authorized and approved by the State Auditor. Any audit or examination that is authorized by the State Auditor is subject to review by the State Auditor prior to finalization of the audit and public release. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this subsection does not apply to an independent financial audit of public pension funds or public health insurance plans as otherwise authorized by law.
 - (e) An institution of higher education governed by a board of trustees, in consultation with the State Auditor, may select a firm to provide auditing services. Any audits conducted are subject to review by the State Auditor.

\$36-16-29.

- (a) This section shall be known and may be cited as the Municipal Audit Accountability Act.
- (b) Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, if the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts suspects fraud or mismanagement of funds by a

- municipality, the division may examine the books, records, vouchers, and accounts of the municipality.
- (c) If the mayor of a municipality does not provide 3 for an audit or examination to be conducted on the 4 5 municipality as required by law, or when fraud or mismanagement of funds by the municipality is suspected, a 6 7 majority of the members of the governing body of the municipality, by resolution, may submit a written request to 8 9 the division for an examination by the division of the books, 10 records, vouchers, and accounts of the municipality. The division, pursuant to a cursory review, shall determine 11 whether an in-depth audit by the division is necessary as 12 13 required by law or by evidence of fraud or mismanagement, and, if warranted by the division, shall conduct a formal audit or 14 15 examination during the six month period following that determination. 16

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examination of the books, records, vouchers, and accounts of the municipality conducted, the governing body of the municipality, upon receipt of the final report of the independent audit or examination, shall provide a copy of the report to the division within 60 days after completion. The division shall establish a repository of independent audit reports received; provide, on a weekly basis, notice to the public of reports received; and, upon request, provide copies of reports received to the public.

- (e) Any municipality in which the municipal officer or municipal governing body fails or willfully refuses to have a financial audit conducted, or to comply with subsection (d), shall be subject to an audit by the division. The division shall assess the costs of the audit against the municipality. Before performing an audit under this subsection, the division shall notify the municipality of its intent to perform an audit. The municipality shall have 30 days from the date of the notice to file a completed audit report or, if an audit is currently pending, provide the division with the name and address of the independent public accountant retained to perform the audit and an estimated time for completion.
 - officer or municipal governing body has failed or willfully refused to have a financial audit conducted or to comply with subsection (e), unless the municipal officer or municipal governing body can demonstrate to the division that it has made a good faith effort to perform as required by this section, the division shall levy a penalty of up to two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per week for each week the failure or refusal continues. Any penalties imposed and collected pursuant to this subsection shall be paid into the State General Fund.

\$36-16-30.

The State Auditor shall compile and make available for distribution both of the following:

(1) The rules of the division.

1 (2) Other materials as the State Auditor deems
2 relevant and suitable for the effective administration of this
3 article.

4 §36-16-31.

2.0

- (a) The State Auditor may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and production of papers necessary as evidence in connection with a dispute, claim, examination, audit, or the administration of this article.
- (b) In case a person refuses to comply with a subpoena, the State Auditor may invoke the aid of any circuit court with jurisdiction in order that the testimony or evidence be produced. Upon proper showing, the court shall issue a subpoena or order requiring the person to appear before the State Auditor or his or her representative and produce all evidence and give all testimony relating to the matter at issue.
- (c) A person failing to comply with an order may be punished by the court for contempt.

\$36-16-32.

The State Auditor, deputy chief examiner, chief legal counsel, and deputy examiner may administer oaths, take depositions, and certify official acts.

\$36-16-33.

The division shall make a sworn report of its findings within a reasonable time after an audit is completed. The State Auditor shall certify one copy of each report to the circuit judge of the county in which the office examined is

located. The judge shall refer to the report in his or her next oral charge to the grand jury. The report shall be entered in full upon the minutes of the court. The reports shall be public records and prima facie evidence of what they charge. Working papers used in the preparation of the reports shall be subject to and treated as being under Section 12-16-216, and shall be subject to review by a court of competent jurisdiction, and upon a substantiated request, may be shared with the local district attorney, the Attorney General, and the Ethics Commission. One copy of each report shall be certified to the Governor.

\$36-16-34.

(a) The State Auditor shall keep a docket in which shall be entered, in favor of the state, county, or municipality, as the case may be, cases against persons who have not properly and lawfully accounted for all sums of money coming into their hands as public officers, agents, or employees. If an amount found to be due the state, county, or other governmental unit or agency as a result of an examination or audit is not settled upon demand by the examiner, the State Auditor shall immediately issue notice to the person in default and require him or her to appear on a day certain and show cause why the amount due should not be paid. If the defaulting officer fails to settle or to show just cause why the amount due should not be collected, the State Auditor shall certify the facts and the amount due the state to the Attorney General, and the Attorney General shall

bring a civil action in the name of the state against the officer and his or her bondsmen. If the amount due by the officer is in favor of the county or municipality, then the State Auditor shall certify to the district attorney of the circuit the amount or amounts so due, and the district attorney shall proceed to collect the amount by a civil action against the officer and his or her bondsmen.

- (b) (1) If an overpayment, as defined in Section 36-16-22, is discovered and a warrant on the State Treasury has been issued in excess of the amount due to a state employee, the appointing authority at the employing agency, the Comptroller or the State Director of Personnel may compel the employee to return the amount paid in error immediately following the discovery of the error. The employee may return the amount due in a lump sum or in a payment plan agreed to by the employee and the entity seeking recovery of the overpayment.
- (2) If an amount found to be due is not settled upon demand by the entity seeking recovery of the overpayment, the employee shall immediately be issued notice requiring him or her to appear on a day certain and show just cause why the amount due should not be collected. If the employee fails to settle or show just cause why the amount due should not be collected, the entity seeking recovery of the overpayment shall certify the facts and the amount due to the State Auditor and the Attorney General. The Attorney General may

- bring a civil action in the name of the state against the employee.
 - (3) The Attorney General must notify the entity seeking recovery of the overpayment of his or her intent not to pursue civil action within 60 days of receiving the certified facts, and the appointing authority at the employing agency, the Comptroller or the State Director of Personnel may instead bring a civil action in the name of the state against the employee.
 - (4) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) to (3), inclusive, nothing in this section shall be construed to infringe upon or circumvent any duties or powers of the State Auditor, the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts, or the Attorney General.

\$36-16-35**.**

2.0

Every state and county officer shall keep the books, records, and accounts and make the reports of his or her office in accordance with the systems, procedures, and forms as may be prescribed by the State Auditor pursuant to this article. Any officer who fails or willfully refuses to comply with this section shall be liable for a penalty of up to two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for each week the failure or refusal continues. Penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be paid into the General Fund.

\$36-16-36.

All monies or funds received or collected by the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts in the form of fees,

receipts, or income as a result of services rendered in connection with municipal audits shall be transferred by the division into the State Treasury to the credit of the General Fund. All monies or funds received or collected by the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts from the federal government shall be deposited into a special fund in the State Treasury, and these monies and funds are hereby appropriated or reappropriated as necessary for the sole use of the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts.

\$36-16-37.

2.0

- (a) The Division of the Examiners of Public Accounts succeeds to and is vested with the powers, duties, and functions of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts.
- (b) The officers and employees of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts shall be officers and employees of the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts within the office of State Auditor, without interruption of service or loss of benefits.
- (c) The property, funds, and records of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts are transferred to the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts within the office of the State Auditor.
- (d) Any reference in any law to the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts shall be deemed a reference to the Division of Examiners of Public Accounts within the office of the State Auditor.

Section 4. All laws or parts of laws which conflict with this act are repealed and specifically Chapter 5A of Title 41, consisting of Sections 41-5A-1 to 41-5A-23, inclusive, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the appointment and qualifications of the chief examiner of public accounts, the operations of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts, and the creation and operation of the Legislative Committee on Public Accounts, is repealed.

Section 5. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 6. This act shall become effective October 1, 2023, following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.