- 1 SB248
- 2 209242-1
- 3 By Senators Scofield, Whatley and Sessions
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 23-FEB-21

209242-1:n:01/26/2021:SLU/ma LSA2021-55 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Under existing law, a contractor who 8 SYNOPSIS: 9 performs work on a road, bridge, or street, can be 10 held civilly liable if the contractor complies with 11 the contract plans and specifications, but creates 12 a dangerous condition that should have appeared 13 defective to a reasonably prudent contractor. 14 This bill would no longer hold a contractor 15 civilly liable if the contractor performs work in 16 accordance with the contract specifications, but 17 creates a dangerous condition that should have 18 appeared defective to a reasonably prudent 19 contractor. 20 Also under existing law, if a contractor 21 notifies the awarding authority that a dangerous 22 condition could arise by following the plans and 23 specifications and complies with decisions set 24 forth in the awarding authority's response, the 25 contractor cannot be held civilly liable for the 26 work he or she has performed.

1 This bill would no longer require a public 2 works contractor, in order to be immune from civil liability, to notify the awarding authority that a 3 dangerous condition could arise by following the 4 5 contract specifications. 6 7 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 8 9 AN ACT 10 Relating to civil liability; to amend Sections 11 6-5-701, 6-5-702, and 6-5-703, Code of Alabama 1975; to 12 13 eliminate certain conditions under which a contractor who 14 performs work on a road, bridge, or street may not be granted 15 civil immunity. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 16 Section 1. Sections 6-5-701, 6-5-702, and 6-5-703 17 18 are amended to read as follows: "§6-5-701. 19 20 "A contractor is justified ordinarily in relying 21 upon the specifications that are contained in the contract 22 with an awarding authority. No contractor shall be held 23 civilly liable for work performed on a highway, road, bridge, 24 or street including repairs, construction, or maintenance on 25 behalf of the awarding authority unless it is shown by a preponderance of the evidence that physical injury, property 26

1 damage, or death is proximately caused by any of the 2 following:

3 "(1) A failure by the contractor to follow the plans4 and specifications resulting in a dangerous condition.

5 "(2) The contractor's performance of the contract in 6 compliance with the plans and specifications creates a 7 condition that should have appeared, to a reasonably prudent 8 contractor, to be a dangerous condition.

9 "(3)(2) A latent defect which that creates a 10 dangerous condition that is the result of the work of the 11 contractor.

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"§6-5-702.

13 "During the course of construction, a contractor who 14 constructs, maintains, or repairs a highway, road, street, or 15 bridge for the awarding authority is not liable to a claimant 16 for personal injury, property damage, or death arising from 17 the performance of such the construction, maintenance, or 18 repair, if, at the time of the personal injury, property damage, or death, the contractor was in compliance with 19 20 contract documents material to the condition, including the 21 traffic control plan, that was the proximate cause of the personal injury, property damage, or death unless following 22 23 the plans and specifications would result in a dangerous 24 condition that should have appeared to be defective to a 25 reasonably prudent contractor or that the contractor should 26 have known that following the plans and specifications could 27 create a dangerous condition that caused the injury or death.

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"§6-5-703.

2	"If, prior to or during the course of construction,
3	a contractor discovers or determines that following the plans
4	and specifications could result in a potentially dangerous
5	condition, then the contractor shall, with specificity of such
6	condition, expressly notify the Chief Engineer of the Alabama
7	Department of Transportation in writing by certified mail,
8	return receipt requested. The Alabama Department of
9	Transportation, or the awarding authority, shall respond to
10	the specific condition raised within 14 days in writing as to
11	its decision as to the appropriate response to the dangerous
12	condition. The contractor shall not be liable for any claim
13	relating to any decision made by the Alabama Department of
14	Transportation or awarding authority as to the appropriate
15	response, design decisions, or engineering decision, if any,
16	to respond to the potentially dangerous condition identified.
17	Following the completion of any project, once the Alabama
18	Department of Transportation or awarding authority has
19	determined that the contractor's work substantially complies
20	with the plans and specifications provided for the project,
21	the contractor shall not be civilly liable to any third party
22	for any condition related to the project or alleged to have
23	arisen following the Alabama Department of Transportation's or
24	awarding authority's acceptance of the project."
25	Section 2. This act shall become effective on the
26	first day of the third month following its passage and

27 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.