- 1 HB463
- 2 210435-3
- 3 By Representatives England, Wingo, Poole, Sullivan, South and
- 4 McCampbell
- 5 RFD: Transportation, Utilities and Infrastructure
- 6 First Read: 25-FEB-21

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

25

2 ENROLLED, An Act,

Providing for the creation of joint road improvement authorities for counties and participating municipalities; providing a procedure for incorporation; providing for the qualifications, procedure for election, and terms of the officers and directors of an authority; providing for the procedure for reincorporating and ratifying the existence of previously created road improvement commissions in counties containing a Class 4 municipality incorporated under Chapter 44B of Title 11, Code of Alabama 1975; providing for the issuance, sale, and execution of bonds; providing for the disposition of proceeds from sale of bonds and refunding bonds; providing for the making of grants and the amendment of articles; providing for powers of an authority; providing for certain exemptions from taxation; providing for limited liability; providing a procedure for validating bond issues; authorizing other governmental bodies to appropriate funds and donate property to an authority; providing for the dissolution of authorities and transfer of funds and assets upon dissolution; allowing municipalities, counties, the state, the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama, the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama, the State Insurance Fund, and fiduciaries to invest in bonds issued by an authority; and authorizing bonds to be pledged as security.

HB463

Τ	BE II ENACIED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA;
2	Section 1. Definitions.
3	When used in this act, the following terms shall
4	have the following meanings:
5	(1) ARTICLES. The articles of incorporation or
6	articles of reincorporation of an authority.
7	(2) AUTHORITY. A public corporation incorporated or
8	reincorporated pursuant to the provisions of this act.
9	(3) BOARD of DIRECTORS. The board of directors of an
10	authority.
11	(4) BOND or BONDS. A bond or bonds issued under this
12	act.
13	(5) COUNTY OF INCORPORATION. The county in which an
14	authority has been or is proposed to be incorporated or
15	reincorporated.
16	(6) DIRECTORS. The members of the board of
17	directors.
18	(7) INCORPORATORS. The natural persons filing a
19	written application for the incorporation or reincorporation
20	of an authority pursuant to this act.
21	(8) MUNICIPALITY. Any municipal corporation wholly
22	or partially within the county of incorporation.
23	(9) PARTICIPATING MUNICIPALITY. Any municipality
24	named in the articles that elects to participate in the

incorporation or reincorporation of the authority.

1	(10) PERSON. Unless limited to a natural person by
2	the context in which it is used, any person, including,
3	without limitation, a private firm, a private association, a
4	corporation, and a public person.

2.4

- (11) PROBATE JUDGE. The judge of probate of the county of incorporation of an authority.
- (12) PROJECT. Any land and any buildings or other improvements thereon, and all real, personal, and mixed properties deemed by an authority to be necessary or appropriate in connection therewith, whether or not now in existence, which shall be suitable for road improvement purposes. The determination of an authority that a proposed use is within this definition shall be conclusive.
- (13) PUBLIC PERSON. The state and any county, municipal corporation, public corporation, agency, subdivision thereof, instrumentality thereof, or similar person.

Section 2. Legislative findings of fact and declaration of intent; construction of article.

The Legislature hereby makes the following findings of fact and declares its intent to be as follows:

(1) The Legislature acknowledges the key role of public corporations in the state in promoting public interest through acquiring, enlarging, improving, expanding, owning, operating, leasing, and disposing of road improvement related properties. It has come to the attention of the Legislature

1	that questions have been raised as to the status of certain
2	road improvement commissions located in certain counties. It
3	is the intent of the Legislature to promote the public health
4	and general welfare by exercising its police power to
5	authorize the formation of independent public corporations
6	created jointly by counties and municipalities, and the
7	reincorporation of existing road improvement commissions
8	located in counties containing a Class 4 municipality, as
9	defined by Section 11-40-12, Code of Alabama 1975,
10	incorporated under Chapter 44B of Title 11, Code of Alabama
11	1975, having as their general purposes the promotion of road
12	improvement purposes, facilities and activities and having the
13	power to issue bonds, among certain other powers.

(2) This act shall be liberally construed in accordance with the findings of fact and declaration of intent in this section.

Section 3. Authorization and procedure for incorporation generally.

Any number of natural persons, not less than three, residing in the county of incorporation may incorporate an authority as provided in this act. The incorporators shall file a written application in accordance with Section 4.

Section 4. Filing of application for incorporation with probate judge; contents thereof; recordation of application by probate judge; approval or disapproval by

HB463

L	governing	body	of	county	of	incorporation	and	each
2	participat	cing r	nuni	icipalit				

2.4

- 3 (a) The written application of the incorporators
 4 shall be filed with the probate judge, which application
 5 shall:
 - (1) Contain a statement that the incorporators propose to incorporate an authority pursuant to this act.
 - (2) State that each of the incorporators is a resident of the county of incorporation.
 - (3) Request that the governing body of the county of incorporation and each participating municipality adopt a resolution declaring that it is expedient that the proposed authority be formed, approving the written application, and authorizing the incorporators to proceed to form the proposed authority by filing for record articles in accordance with this act.
 - (b) The application shall include the form of articles of the proposed authority.
 - (c) The governing body of the county of incorporation and of each participating municipality shall review the contents of the application and the accompanying form of articles and shall adopt a resolution to deny the application or to declare that it is expedient that the proposed authority be formed, approving the form of the articles, and authorizing the incorporators to proceed to form

Τ	the proposed authority by fiffing for record pursuant to
2	subsection (c) of Section 5.
3	(d) It shall not be necessary that a resolution be
4	published in any newspaper or posted or be offered for more
5	than one reading.
6	(e) No authority may be formed until the application
7	and the resolution have been adopted.
8	Section 5. Contents, signing, and filing of
9	articles.
10	(a) The articles of an authority shall state all of
11	the following:
12	(1) The names of the incorporators and that each is
13	a resident of the county of incorporation.
14	(2) The name of the authority, which may be a name
15	indicating in a general way the geographic area proposed to be
16	served by the authority and include the words "Road
17	Improvement Authority" (e.g., "The Road
18	Improvement Authority" or "The Road Improvement Authority of
19	," the blank space to be filled in with a
20	geographically descriptive word or words, but the descriptive
21	word or words shall not preclude the authority from exercising
22	its powers in other geographic areas).
23	(3) The period of the authority, which may be

perpetual.

1	(4) The location of the principal office of the
2	authority, located within the boundaries of the county of
3	incorporation.
4	(5) That the authority is organized pursuant to this
5	act.
6	(6) The prohibitions, limitations, or conditions of
7	the authority.
8	(7) A minimum of three directors and the duration of
9	their respective terms of office which may not be in excess of
10	six years.
11	(8) The manner of appointing directors. Except as
12	provided in Section 6, the articles may specify that the
13	directors are to be appointed by any of the following:
14	a. The governing body of the county of
15	incorporation.
16	b. The governing bodies of the participating
17	municipalities.
18	c. The individual members of the governing bodies,
19	based upon districts, precincts, place numbers, or another
20	method.
21	d. The legislative delegation of the county of
22	incorporation.
23	e. Any combination of paragraphs a. to d. as the
24	articles prescribe.

1	(8)a. The manner of appointing directors. Except as
2	provided in Section 6, the articles may specify that the
3	directors are to be appointed by any of the following:
4	1. The governing body of the county of
5	incorporation.
6	2. The governing bodies of the participating
7	municipalities.
8	3. The individual members of the governing bodies,
9	based upon districts, precincts, place numbers, or another
10	method.
11	4. The legislative delegation of the county of
12	incorporation.
13	5. Any combination of subparagraphs 1. to 4. as the
14	articles prescribe.
15	b. All persons making appointments to a board of
16	directors of a joint road improvement authority shall
17	coordinate their appointments so that diversity of gender,
18	race, and geographical areas is reflective of the makeup of
19	the county of incorporation.
20	(9) Any provisions not inconsistent with this act
21	relating to the dissolution of the authority and the vesting
22	of title to its assets and properties upon dissolution.
23	(10) Any other matters relating to the authority
24	that the incorporators may choose to insert and that are not
25	inconsistent with this act or with the laws of the state.

L	(b)	The	articles	shall	be	signed	bу	each	of	the
2	incorporators									

2.4

(c) The authority shall constitute a public corporation under the name set forth in its articles upon the filing of record of the article with the probate judge. The recording of the articles by the probate judge shall be conclusive evidence of the due, legal, and valid incorporation of the authority. The probate judge shall record the articles in an appropriate book in his or her office. There shall be no filing fees or recording taxes due or payable on account of the filing for record of the articles.

Section 6. Authorization and procedure for reincorporation of existing road improvement commissions; continuation in office of directors; effect of reincorporation.

(a) In any county containing a Class 4 municipality incorporated under Chapter 44B of Title 11, Code of Alabama 1975, where there has been an attempt to create a road improvement commission by general or local legislation, but the attempted creation or incorporation is or may be invalid because of an irregularity in the procedure followed or invalidity of or defect in the statute under which the attempted creation or incorporation of the authority or board was made, a minimum of four natural persons who reside in the county in which the authority is to be incorporated and who

are members of the road improvement commission may file a

written application with the probate judge of the county in

which the road improvement commission has been attempted to be

created. The application shall:

(1) Contain a statement that the incorporators propose to reincorporate the commission into an authority pursuant to this act.

- (2) State that each of the applicants is a resident of the county of incorporation and a member of the commission.
- (3) Request that the county commission of the county of incorporation and of each participating municipality adopt a resolution declaring that it is expedient that the road improvement commission be reincorporated as a road improvement authority, approving the written application, and authorizing the incorporators to proceed to reincorporate the road improvement commission by filing for record articles in accordance with this act.
- (b)(1) An application shall be accompanied by the form of articles of the road improvement commission proposed to be reincorporated.
- (2) The articles shall specify that the manner of appointment of the board of directors shall be the same as provided for in the general or local legislation creating or attempting to create the road improvement commission.

1	(c) The governing body of the county of
2	incorporation and of each participating municipality shall
3	review the contents of the application and the accompanying
4	form of articles and shall adopt a resolution either to deny
5	the application or declare that it is expedient that the
6	proposed reincorporation occur, approving the form of
7	articles, and authorizing the incorporators to proceed to
8	reincorporate the road improvement commission by filing for
9	record the articles in accordance with the provisions of
10	Section 5, except that the articles shall specify the name of
11	the road improvement commission being reincorporated.

- (d) It shall not be necessary that any resolution be published in any newspaper or posted or be offered for more than one reading.
- (e) (1) Upon the filing for record of the articles of the authority with the probate judge, the commission shall be reincorporated and the existence and validity of the authority validated and ratified retroactive to the initial creation or attempted creation of the commission, with all authorities and powers granted to an authority under this act. All actions taken, policies observed, contracts, obligations, agreements and understandings entered, property owned, acquired, received, or conveyed, any civil actions pending or concluded, any employee rights or benefits granted, and all other matters with respect to the road improvement commission occurring or

1 existing prior to the date of reincorporation shall be deemed transferred, assigned, and conveyed to, and received, accepted, and adopted by, the authority as of the date of 3 reincorporation, and shall be deemed valid, binding, effective, legal, and constitutional with respect to the authority after the date of reincorporation if those matters would have been valid, binding, legal, effective, or 7 constitutional if occurring after the date of reincorporation under the terms of this act.

2

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- (2) Upon the filing for record of the articles of the authority with the probate judge, the proceeds of any taxes that are directed by law to be paid to the road improvement commission, including, but not limited to, those taxes directed to be paid to the road improvement commission under Act 56 of the 1953 Regular Session, as amended, shall thereafter be paid to the reincorporated road improvement authority.
- (f) Upon reincorporation, the directors of the authority shall consist of those natural persons who were members of the road improvement commission prior to reincorporation, until new appointments are made under the articles of the authority.
- Section 7. Further authorization and procedure for reincorporation of existing road improvement commissions.

1	A road improvement commission created or attempted
2	to be created prior to the effective date of this act in a
3	county containing a Class 4 municipality incorporated under
4	Chapter 44B of Title 11, Code of Alabama 1975, may seek
5	authority to reincorporate pursuant to the procedure
6	established in Section 6 if a majority of the commission
7	adopts a resolution determining that it would be expedient for
8	the commission to reincorporate and a group of at least four
9	members of the commission files an application in accordance
10	with Section 6.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Section 8. Recordation of articles by probate judge; probate judge to receive no fees in connection with incorporation, reincorporation, dissolution, etc., of authority.

- (a) The articles shall be filed with the probate judge. The proposed authority shall constitute a de jure corporation upon acceptance of filing. The acceptance of the articles for filing by the probate judge shall be conclusive of the valid incorporation of a proposed authority or reincorporation of a road improvement commission.
- (b) There shall be no fees or taxes paid to or collected by the probate judge for any service rendered or work performed in connection with an authority, its incorporation, reincorporation, amendment, dissolution, or records.

Section 9. Powers of authority vested in board of directors; officers and directors of authority; proceedings of board of directors to be reduced to writing and signed by two directors; admissibility of evidence of proceedings of board of directors; adoption of bylaws; notice of meetings; attendance at meetings; qualifications.

(a) All powers of an authority shall be vested in its board of directors.

2.4

- (b) The initial board of directors of an authority shall be specified in the articles, or as provided in Section 6.
- (c) The board shall elect from its own membership a chair, vice-chair, and secretary. A majority of the directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The officers and directors shall serve for the terms provided for in the articles. A director may not receive any salary for service rendered or for any duty performed as a director. The chair, vice-chair, and secretary shall perform the duties customarily performed by the officers and as may be prescribed by the board of directors.
- (d) All proceedings by the board of directors shall be in writing by the secretary of the authority and signed by at least two directors of the authority present at the proceedings. Copies of the proceedings, when certified by the secretary of the authority under the seal of the authority,

shall be received in all courts as prima facie evidence of the matters and things therein certified.

(e) A board of directors may adopt bylaws not inconsistent with this act.

2.4

- (f) Notice of any meeting of the members of the board of directors shall be as provided in the bylaws or as determined by the chair of the board of directors. Notice of any meeting may be waived by any director before, at, or after the meeting and may be communicated by letter, telegraph, telex, telecopy, internet posting, or similar means.

 Attendance at any meeting for any purpose other than to protest the holding of the meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice. The board of directors may conduct a meeting by teleconference; provided, the authority otherwise complies with the notice requirements of this act, and provides public access by allowing access to the teleconferencing technology.
- (g) The board of directors may act by a written consent, signed by all directors, which consent shall have the same effect as unanimous action taken at a duly held meeting of the board of directors, a quorum being present.
- (h) The board of directors shall create a Finance Committee and a Contract Review Committee, and may create one or more additional committees, and may appoint members of the board of directors to serve on each. Each committee shall have one or more members, who serve at the pleasure of the board of

directors. A committee may exercise the authority of the board of directors as specified by the board of directors, or in the articles or bylaws, but may not amend the articles or adopt, amend, or repeal bylaws. Notice of any committee meeting shall be given in the same manner as provided for meetings of the board of directors. A committee may conduct a meeting by teleconference; provided, the committee provides public access by allowing access to the teleconferencing technology.

2.4

(i) A director shall be a resident of the county of incorporation. If a director ceases to be a resident of the county of incorporation, he or she shall cease to be a director, and the position shall remain vacant until a successor is appointed in accordance with the articles and this act.

Section 10. Members of the board of directors; terms; meetings; removal from office.

- (a) Except as provided in Section 6, the board of directors shall be composed of the number of directors provided for in the articles, appointed as provided in the articles for the terms designated therein.
- (b) All directors shall serve until their successors are appointed or until they cease to be qualified. Vacancies on the board of directors shall be filled as provided for in the articles, but any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired portion of the term. In the event

any uncertainty arises as to the terms of office of a director, the governing body or person authorized to appoint a director to the board of directors may clarify the term by adoption of an appropriate resolution or by execution of an appropriate certificate.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

(c) A majority of the directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but any meeting of the board of directors may be adjourned by a majority of the directors present, or may be adjourned by a single director if the director is the only director present at the meeting. A vacancy in the membership of the board of directors may not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of the board. The board shall hold regular meetings at such times as may be provided in the bylaws of the authority and may hold other meetings at any time upon notice as may be required by the bylaws of the authority or if the bylaws make no provision for notice as determined by the chair of the board of directors. The board of directors may hold a special meeting upon call of the chair or by a majority of the directors. Any matter on which the board of directors is authorized to act may be acted upon at any regular, special, or called meeting. At the request of a director, the vote on any question before the board of directors may be taken by yeas and nays and entered upon the

record. All resolutions adopted by the board of directors
shall constitute actions of the authority.

(d) A director may be impeached and removed from office only in the same manner and on the same grounds provided in Section 175 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, and the general laws of the state for impeachment and removal of the officers mentioned in Section 175.

Section 11. Amendment of articles.

- (a) The articles of a authority may be amended in the manner provided in this section. The board of directors shall adopt a resolution proposing an amendment to the articles. The amendment shall be fully set forth in the resolution and may include any matters that might have been included in the original articles.
- (b) After the adoption by the board of directors of a resolution proposing an amendment to the articles, the chair and the secretary of the authority shall sign and file with the governing body of the county of incorporation and of each participating municipality a written application in the name and on behalf of the authority, under its seal, requesting the county and each participating municipality to adopt a resolution approving the proposed amendment, and accompanied by a copy of the resolution adopted by the board of directors proposing the amendment to the articles. The county and each participating municipality shall therein review the

1	application and adopt a resolution either denying the
2	application or approving and authorizing the proposed
3	amendment. A resolution need not be published or posted or
4	offered for more than one reading.

2.4

(c) Following the adoption of a resolution approving the proposed amendment by the county commission of the county of incorporation and of each participating municipality, the chair and the secretary of the authority shall sign and file in the office of the probate judge a certificate in the name and on behalf of the authority, under its seal, reciting the adoption of resolutions by the board and by the governing body of the county of incorporation and of each participating municipality and setting forth the proposed amendment. The probate judge shall record the certificate. The amendment shall become effective upon recordation.

Section 12. Powers of authority generally.

An authority shall have the following powers:

- (1) To have succession by its corporate name until dissolved as provided in this act.
- (2) To institute and defend legal proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction and proper venue; provided, however, that an authority may not be sued in any court other than the courts of the county of incorporation; provided, further, that the officers, directors, agents, and employees of an authority may not be sued for their actions on behalf of

1	the authority except for actions that are known by a person to
2	be unlawful or are performed with reckless disregard for the
3	lawfulness of the actions.

2.4

- (2) To institute and defend legal proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction and proper venue; provided further, that the officers and directors of an authority may not be sued except for acts that are willful, malicious, fraudulent, in bad faith, beyond his or her authority, or under a mistaken interpretation of law.
- (3) To have and to use a corporate seal and to alter the seal at its pleasure.
 - (4) To establish a fiscal year.
- (5) To anticipate by the issuance of its bonds the receipt of any revenues that may be appropriated by or to the authority and to pledge the proceeds of the appropriations as security for the payment of the principal of and interest on its bonds.
- (6) To mortgage and pledge any or all of its property or facilities or any part or parts thereof, whether then owned or thereafter acquired, and to pledge the revenues and receipts therefrom or from any thereof as security for the payment of the principal of and interest on its bonds.
- (7) To make surveys and other analyses to determine suitable locations for road improvement projects and necessary facilities.

1	(8) To make grants of money for road improvement
2	purposes to other public persons and to any organization which
3	is described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
4	of 1986, as in effect from time to time, or as recodified, or
5	any corresponding provision of any future revenue law.

- (9) To accept gifts, grants, bequests, or devises.
- (10) To accept grants of money from public persons and to enter into binding agreements with those entities, with or without consideration.
- (11) To accept donations of money or real or personal or mixed property.
- (12) To invest in bank deposits, United States
 Treasury obligations, instruments, real, personal, or mixed
 property, and other investments as the board of directors may
 determine to be appropriate and convenient to accomplish any
 purpose for which an authority is organized, including works
 of internal improvement.
- (13) To appoint, contract with, and employ officers, employees, and agents including, but not limited to, engineers, accountants, attorneys, architects, construction contractors, consultants, fiscal agents, underwriters, issuers of letters of credit, depositories, banks, trustees, paying agents, transfer agents, remarketing agents, marketing agents, rating agencies, insurers of its securities, guarantors of its securities, or providers of other forms of credit enhancement

L	for its securities as an authority may require or deem
2	appropriate for the carrying out of its corporate purposes and
3	the exercise of its powers.

- (14) To acquire, whether by purchase, exchange, gift, lease, or otherwise, all real and personal property that the board of directors deems necessary for the purpose of the authority; to improve roads and road maintenance facilities, including the improvement of roads by the construction of buildings, facilities, roads, curbing, gutters, drainage, sewerage, utilities, or grading.
- (15) To maintain, equip, furnish, own, and operate one or more than one road improvement facility.
- (16) To fix, prescribe, and collect rates, fees, tolls, charges, lease payments, or rentals for the use or lease of any of its facilities for services, facilities, and accommodations furnished by it or any of its facilities.
- (17) To adopt and enforce rules and regulations relative to the use or occupancy of any of its facilities or services.
- (18) To sell, exchange, and convey, to contract, to sell, exchange, and convey and to grant options to acquire any or all of its properties whenever its board of directors find any action to be in furtherance of the purposes for which the authority was organized.

Τ	(13) (13) To enter thico leases of feat of personal				
2	property with a person.				
3	$\frac{(20)}{(16)}$ To provide for insurance as the board of				
4	directors may deem advisable.				
5	$\frac{(21)}{(17)}$ To enter into a management agreement or				
6	agreements with a person for the management of any road				
7	improvement facilities.				
8	$\frac{(22)}{(18)}$ To grant privileges, licenses, or permits				
9	for the operation of any public accommodation facilities.				
10	$\frac{(23)}{(19)}$ To assume obligations secured by a lien				
11	on, or payable out of, or secured by a pledge of, the revenues				
12	and receipts from projects, or any part thereof that may be				
13	acquired, and obligation assumed to be payable solely out of				
14	the revenues and receipts from any projects, or part thereof.				
15	(24) (20) To enter into contracts, agreements,				
16	options, leases, deeds, mortgages, and other instruments, and				
17	to take other actions as may be necessary or convenient to				
18	accomplish any purpose for which an authority is organized or				
19	to exercise any power expressly granted under this act.				
20	Section 13. Issuance and sale of bonds.				
21	An authority may sell at public or private sale and				
22	issue bonds as provided in Section 14 for the purposes				

authorized in Section 12.

Section 14. Execution of bonds and interest coupons;

form, terms, denominations, etc., of bonds; validation of bonds; sale; refunding bonds.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

- (a) Bonds of an authority shall be signed by the chair and attested by the secretary, the seal of the authority shall be affixed thereto, and any interest coupons applicable to the bonds shall be signed by the chair; provided that a facsimile of the signature of the officers may be printed or otherwise reproduced on any bonds in lieu of being manually subscribed. A facsimile of the seal of the authority may be printed or otherwise produced on any bonds in lieu of being manually affixed thereto, and a facsimile of the chair's signature may be printed or otherwise reproduced on any interest coupons in lieu of being manually subscribed, provided, that the bonds have been manually authenticated by a transfer agent of the bond issue. Delivery of the bonds executed shall be valid notwithstanding any changes in officers or in the seal of the authority after the signing and sealing of the bonds.
- (b) Any bonds may be executed and delivered by the authority and may be in such form and denominations, of the tenor and maturities, bear rate or rates of interest, be payable at the times and evidenced in a manner, and may contain other provisions not inconsistent with this act as may be provided by the resolution or resolutions of the board of

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

25

directors under which the bonds are authorized to be issued. A bond may not have a specified maturity date later than 40 years after its date of execution. A bond may be made subject to redemption at the option of an authority at such times and after notice and on conditions and at redemption price or prices as may be provided in the resolution or resolutions under which it is authorized to be issued. The bonds may bear interest at a fixed rate, at a rate that adjusts in accordance with an independent standard, such as the prime or base lending rate of a bank or published rates for other securities, or may bear interest at rates which may be adjusted to a rate sufficient, in the opinion of any remarketing agent appointed by the authority, to make the bonds have a fair market value or funding value not less than the principal amount of the bonds or other amount as may be specified in the proceedings authorizing the issuance of bonds. The authority may issue "tender" bonds or similar bonds and may enter into appropriate remarketing agreements with respect to any bonds and the determination of the rate of interest borne by the bonds.

(c) Upon the adoption by the board of directors of a resolution providing for the issuance of bonds, an authority may publish once a week for two consecutive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county of incorporation a notice in substantially the following form

1	(the blanks being properly filled in) at the end of which			
2	shall be printed the name and title of either the chair or			
3	secretary of the authority: ", a public			
4	corporation organized under the laws of the State of Alabama,			
5	on the day of, authorized the issuance of			
6	not more than \$ principal amount of [revenue],			
7	[general obligation], or [other appropriate designation] bonds			
8	of the authority for purposes authorized in the act of the			
9	Legislature of Alabama under which the authority was			
10	organized. Any action or proceeding questioning the validity			
11	of the bonds, any pledge or mortgage to secure, any lease or			
12	sale of any project to be financed by the bonds, or the			
13	proceedings authorizing the bonds shall be commenced within 20			
14	days after the first publication of this notice." Any action			
15	or proceeding in any court to set aside or question the			
16	proceedings for the issuance of the bonds referred to in the			
17	notice or to contest the validity of the bonds or the validity			
18	of any pledge or mortgage made therefor shall be commenced			
19	within 20 days after the first publication of the notice.			
20	After the expiration of the period, no action, counterclaim,			
21	setoff, or defense questioning or attacking the validity of			
22	the proceeding or of the bonds shall be asserted, nor shall			
23	the validity of the proceedings of the bonds be open to			
24	question in any court on any ground whatsoever, except in an			
25	action or proceeding commenced within the period.			

(d) Subject to the provisions and limitations contained in this act, an authority may sell and issue refunding bonds for the purpose of refunding any outstanding matured or unmatured bonds. Refunding bonds may be subrogated and entitled to all priorities, rights, and pledges to which the bonds refunded were entitled.

2.4

(e) An authority may pay out of the proceeds of the sale of its bonds attorneys' fees and the other expenses of issuance which a board of directors may deem necessary and advantageous in connection with the issuance of bonds.

Section 15. Security for bonds.

(a) In the discretion of the board of directors of an authority, any bonds may be secured by an indenture between an authority and a trustee, which may be a trust company or bank having trust powers, whether the trust company or bank is located within or outside of the state. In any indenture or resolution providing for the issuance of bonds, an authority may pledge, for payment of the principal of and the interest on such bonds, any of its revenues to which its rights exist or may thereafter come into existence, and may assign, as security for payment, any of its leases, franchises, permits, and contracts. In any indenture, an authority may mortgage any properties, including any that may be thereafter acquired by it, and may provide that in the event of a default in payment of the bonds secured thereby or in the event of default with

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

respect to any agreement contained therein, the mortgage may be foreclosed either by sale at public outcry or by judicial proceedings. Any pledge of revenues shall be valid and binding from the time it is made, and the revenues pledged and thereafter received by the authority shall immediately become subject to the lien of the pledge without any physical delivery thereof or further act. The lien of such a pledge shall be valid and binding against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the authority, irrespective of whether the parties have actual notice thereof, provided any indenture has been recorded in the office of the probate judge, regardless of compliance with the Alabama Uniform Commercial Code. In any indenture or resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds and pledging for the benefit thereof revenues from any one or more projects, the authority may include provisions customarily contained in instruments securing evidences of indebtedness, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, provisions respecting the collection, segregation, and application of any rental or other revenue due or to become due to the authority, the terms to be incorporated in any lease agreement respecting any property of the authority, the maintenance and insurance of any building, structure, or other property owned by the authority, the creation and maintenance of special funds from any revenue of the authority, and the rights and remedies

available in the event of default to the holder of the bonds or the trustee under the indenture, all as the board of directors deem advisable and which are not in conflict with this section.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

25

(b) If an authority defaults in payment of the principal of or the interest on the bonds or in any of the agreements on the part of an authority that may properly be included in any indenture securing the bonds or in any resolution authorizing their issuance, a holder of the bonds or any of the coupons, or the trustee under any indenture if authorized in indenture, may, in addition to any other remedies herein provided or otherwise available, by suit, action, mandamus, or other proceedings, enforce payment of the principal or interest and compel performance of all duties of the authority, and shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver possessing all the powers of a receiver necessary or appropriate for the operation and maintenance of the property of the authority covered by the indenture or resolution, and the collection, segregation, and application of revenues therefrom. The indenture or any resolution may contain provisions restricting the individual rights of action of the holders of the bonds and coupons.

Section 16. Application of proceeds from the sale of bonds; source of payment; pledge of county's or municipality's credit; negotiability; exemption from taxation; pledge as

security for funds belonging to a public person; investment in bonds by fiduciaries; no public hearing required; investment in bonds by Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama, the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama, and the State Insurance Fund; investment in bonds by public persons.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (a) The proceeds from the sale of any bonds shall be applied as provided in the proceedings in which the bonds are authorized to be issued, including, without limitation, the payment of all legal, fiscal, and recording fees and expenses incurred in connection with the authorization, sale, and issuance of the bonds and, if provided in the proceedings authorizing their issuance, interest on the bonds; or, if only a part of any issue of bonds is issued for acquisition purposes, interest on that portion of the bonds of that issue that is issued to pay acquisition costs, for a reasonable period prior to and during the time required for the acquisition, construction, and equipping of road improvement facilities. An authority may provide in the proceedings authorizing the issuance of bonds for the funding of a debt service reserve or a replacement and extension reserve from the proceeds of its bonds.
- (b) All contracts made by an authority and all bonds shall be solely and exclusively obligations of an authority and shall not constitute or create an obligation or debt of any other public person except as provided in subsection (c).

L	(c) A county or municipality may pledge its full
2	faith and credit toward the retirement of any bonds or other
3	evidences of indebtedness issued by an authority under this
1	act.

- (d) Bonds shall be construed to be negotiable instruments even if payable solely from only a specified source.
- (e) Bonds issued by an authority and the income therefrom shall be exempt from all taxation in the state.
- (f) Bonds issued by an authority may be used by the holder thereof as security for any funds belonging to any public person in any instance where security for such deposits may be required by law.
- (g) Unless otherwise directed by a court having jurisdiction thereof or the document that is the source of its authority, a trustee, executor, administrator, custodian, guardian, or one acting in any other fiduciary capacity may, in addition to any other investment powers now or hereafter conferred by law and with the exercise of reasonable business prudence, invest trust or fiduciary funds in bonds.
- (h) Neither a public hearing nor consent of any other public person may be a prerequisite to the issuance of bonds by an authority.

L	(i) The bonds shall be legal investments for funds
2	of the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama, the Employees'
3	Retirement System of Alabama, and the State Insurance Fund.

2.4

(j) Public persons may invest in any bond issued by an authority.

Section 17. Exemption from usury and interest laws.

An authority shall be exempt from all laws of the state now or hereafter governing usury or prescribing or limiting interest rates, including without limitation the provisions of Chapter 8 of Title 8, Code of Alabama 1975.

Section 18. Exemptions from taxation.

All properties of an authority, whether real, personal or mixed, and the income therefrom, all bonds and other securities issued by an authority and the coupons applicable thereto and the income therefrom, and all indentures and other instruments executed as security therefor, all leases made pursuant to this act and all revenues derived from any such leases, and all deeds and other documents executed by or delivered to an authority shall be exempt from any and all taxation by any public person, including, without limitation, license and excise taxes imposed in respect of the privilege of engaging in any of the activities in which an authority may engage. An authority shall not be obligated to pay or allow any fees, taxes, or costs to the probate judge in connection with the amendment of

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

its articles or the recording of any document. The gross proceeds of the sale of any property used in a road improvement project or the construction and equipping of any road improvement facility for an authority, regardless of whether or not the sale is to an authority or any contractor or agent thereof, shall be exempt from the sales tax imposed by Article 1 of Chapter 23 of Title 40, Code of Alabama 1975, and from all other sales and similar excise taxes now or hereafter levied on or with respect to the gross proceeds of any such sale by a public person; and any property used in a road improvement project or the construction and equipping of any road improvement facility for an authority, regardless of whether the property has been purchased by an authority or any contractor or agent thereof, shall be exempt from the use tax imposed by Article 2 of Chapter 23 of Title 40, Code of Alabama 1975, and all other use and similar excise taxes now or hereafter levied on or with respect to property by a public person.

Section 19. Limited liability.

The recovery of damages under any judgment against an authority or an officer, agent, or employee acting within the line and scope of his or her duties with the authority shall be limited to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for bodily injury or death for one person in any single occurrence. Recovery of damages under any judgment against an

2.4

authority shall be limited to three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) in the aggregate where more than two persons have claims or judgments on account of bodily injury or death arising out of any single occurrence. Recovery of damages under any judgment against an authority shall be limited to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for damage or loss of property arising out of any single occurrence. No authority shall settle or compromise any claim for bodily injury, death, or property damage for an amount in excess of the amounts hereinabove set forth.

Section 20. Transfer of funds and assets to authority.

Any public person may transfer and convey to an authority, with or without consideration any properties, real, personal, or mixed, and all funds and assets, tangible or intangible, that may be owned by a public person or that may be jointly owned by any two or more thereof, and any funds owned or controlled by a public person or jointly by any two or more thereof, whether or not the property or funds are considered necessary for the conduct of the governmental or public functions, if any, of a public person. The transfer or conveyance shall be authorized by an ordinance or resolution duly adopted by the governing body of a public person. Any such ordinance or resolution need not be published or posted and need not be offered for more than one reading.

1	Section 21. Dissolution of authority; title to
2	property of authority to vest in county of incorporation upon
3	dissolution of authority unless otherwise provided.

- (a) At any time when no bonds of an authority are outstanding, the authority may be dissolved by the adoption of a resolution by the board of directors recommending dissolution and by the approval of the dissolution by the governing body of the county of incorporation and each participating municipality and the adoption of a resolution to the effect that the county and each participating municipality concur. The resolution need not be published or posted and need not be offered for more than one reading. Upon the dissolution the chair and secretary of the dissolved authority shall execute articles of dissolution reciting that the resolutions have been adopted and that the authority has been dissolved. The articles of dissolution shall be filed with the probate judge, who shall record the dissolution.
- (b) Upon dissolution of an authority, title to all its property shall be vested in the public persons in its articles, or if no specification exists, in the county of incorporation.

Section 22. The provisions of this act are severable. If any part of this act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect the part which remains.

HB463

1	Section 23. All laws or parts of laws which conflict
2	with this act are hereby repealed.
3	Section 24. This act shall become effective June 1,
4	2021, upon its passage and approval by the Governor, or upon
5	its otherwise becoming a law.

1			
2			
3			<u> </u>
4		Speaker of the House of Representatives	
5			
6		President and Presiding Officer of the Se	nate
7		House of Representatives	
8 9		hereby certify that the within Act origined by the House 11-MAR-21, as amended.	ated in
10 11 12 13		Jeff Woodard Clerk	
14			
15			
16	Senate	29-APR-21	Passed