- 1 SB316
- 2 209530-1
- 3 By Senator Gudger
- 4 RFD: Fiscal Responsibility and Economic Development
- 5 First Read: 09-MAR-21

1	209530-1:n:02/25/2021:PMG/bm LSA2021-330
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8	SYNOPSIS: Merchants and sellers may be charged a
9	credit card swipe fee when a customer uses a credit
10	or debit card to make a payment.
11	This bill would require a credit or debit
12	card processor to deduct from the calculation of
13	the credit card swipe fee the amount of state and
14	local taxes and certain fees charged to the
15	customer at the time of making a payment by credit
16	or debit card.
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18	A BILL
19	TO BE ENTITLED
20	AN ACT
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22	Relating to credit and debit card fees; to provide
23	that the calculation of any credit card swipe fee may not
24	include taxes and fees added on to the price of the goods or
25	services purchased by credit or debit card.
2.6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. As used in this act, the following words
have the following meanings:

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- (1) CREDIT CARD. Any card, plate, coupon book, or other credit device existing for the purpose of obtaining money, property, labor, or services on credit.
  - (2) DEBIT CARD. Any card or other payment code or device issued or approved for use through a payment card network to debit an asset account, regardless of the purpose for which the account is established, whether authorization is based on signature, personal identification number, or other means. The term includes a general-use prepaid card, as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 16931-1(a)(2)(A). The term does not include paper checks.
  - (3) ELECTRONIC PAYMENT TRANSACTION. A transaction in which a person uses a debit card, credit card, or other payment code or device issued or approved through a payment card network to debit a deposit account or use a line of credit, whether authorization is based on a signature, personal identification number, or other means.
  - (4) INTERCHANGE FEE. A fee established, charged, or received by a payment card network for the purpose of compensating the issuer for its involvement in an electronic payment transaction.
  - (5) ISSUER. A person issuing a debit card or credit card, or the issuer's agent.
    - (6) PAYMENT CARD NETWORK. Either of the following:

a. An entity that directly, or through licensed
members, processors, or agents, provides the proprietary
services, infrastructure, and software that routes information
and data to conduct debit card or credit card transaction
authorization, clearance, and settlement.

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- b. An entity that a merchant or seller uses in order to accept as a form of payment a brand of debit card, credit card, or other device that may be used to carry out debit or credit transactions.
- (7) SETTLEMENT. The transfer of funds from a customer's account to a seller or merchant upon electronic submission of finalized sales transactions to the payment card network.
- (8) TAX OR FEE. A state or local tax or fee levied or imposed pursuant to state or local law, rule, ordinance, resolution, or regulation, which is calculated at the time a customer makes a payment to a merchant or seller.
- Section 2. The amount of any tax or fee on an electronic payment transaction shall be excluded from the amount on which basis an interchange fee is charged for that electronic payment transaction.
- Section 3. (a) A payment card network shall do one of the following:
- (1) Deduct the amount of any tax or fee imposed from the calculation of interchange fees specific to each form or type of electronic payment transaction at the time of settlement.

1 (2) Rebate an amount of interchange fee 2 proportionate to the amount attributable to the tax or fee.

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- (b) Any deduction or rebate must occur at the time of settlement when the merchant or seller is able to capture and transmit tax or fee amounts relevant to the sale at the time of sales as part of the transaction finalization.
- (c) If a merchant or seller is unable to capture and transmit tax or fee amounts relevant to the sale at the time of sale, the payment card network shall accept proof of tax or fee amounts collected on sales subject to an interchange fee upon the submission of sales data by the merchant or seller and shall promptly credit the merchant's or seller's settlement account.

Section 4. A payment card network that violates this act shall be liable to the plaintiff for all of the following:

- (1) The amount of interchange fees paid to the payment card network in violation of Section 2.
- (2) Punitive damages not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per violation.
  - (3) Court costs.
  - (4) Reasonable attorney's fees.

Section 5. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.