- 1 HB74
- 2 181372-1
- 3 By Representative England
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 07-FEB-17
- 6 PFD: 02/01/2017

1	181372-1:n:01/17/2017:KMS/tj LRS2017-220
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would provide that the right of a
9	person to be free from discrimination because of
10	race, color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual
11	orientation, gender identity, disability, or
12	familial status is a civil right and would provide
13	remedies for violations.
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15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
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19	Relating to civil rights; to provide that the right
20	of a person to be free from discrimination because of race,
21	color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation,
22	gender identity, disability, or familial status is a civil
23	right; and to provide remedies for violations.
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
25	Section 1. For the purposes of this act, the
26	following terms shall have the following meanings:

- 1 (1) BECAUSE OF SEX. Includes, but is not limited to,
 2 on account of pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical
 3 conditions.
 - (2) COMPENSATORY DAMAGES. Damages for mental anguish, loss of dignity, and other intangible injuries. The term does not include punitive damages.
 - (3) DISABILITY. A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits a major life function. The term does not include any of the following:
 - a. Compulsive gambling, kleptomania, or pyromania.
 - b. Current use of illegal drugs or psychoactive substance use disorders resulting from illegal use of drugs.
 - c. Alcoholism.

- (4) EMPLOYEE. Does not include any of the following:
- a. Any individual employed by his or her parents, spouse, or child.
 - b. An individual participating in a specialized employment training program conducted by a nonprofit sheltered workshop or rehabilitation facility.
 - c. An individual employed outside of this state.
 - (5) EMPLOYER. A person who employs nine or more employees in the state each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, or any agent of such person.
 - (6) GENDER IDENTITY. The actual or perceived gender related identity, expression, appearance, or mannerisms or

- other gender related characteristics of an individual,
- 2 regardless of the designated sex at birth of the individual.
- 3 (7) NATIONAL ORIGIN. An individual's or his or her ancestor's place of origin.
- (8) PLACE OF PUBLIC RESORT, ACCOMMODATION, 5 ASSEMBLAGE, OR AMUSEMENT. Any place, store, or other 6 7 establishment, either licensed or unlicensed, that supplies accommodations, goods, or services to the general public, or 8 that solicits or accepts the patronage or trade of the general 9 10 public, or that is supported directly or indirectly by 11 government funds. The term does not include any of the 12 following:
 - a. Any lodging establishment which contains not more than five rooms for rent and which is actually occupied by the proprietor of such establishment as a residence.
 - b. Any private club or other establishment not in fact open to the public.
 - c. House of worship.

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- (9) RELIGION. All aspects of religious belief, observance, and practice.
- (10) SEXUAL ORIENTATION. Actual or perceived homosexuality, heterosexuality, or bisexuality.

Section 2. (a) The right of an otherwise qualified person to be free from discrimination because of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, or familial status is recognized as and

- declared to be a civil right. This right shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:
- 3 (1) The right to obtain and hold employment without discrimination.

- (2) The right to the full enjoyment of any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of any place of public resort, accommodation, assemblage, or amusement.
- (3) The right to engage in property transactions, including to obtain housing, without discrimination.
- (4) The right to engage in credit and other contractual transactions without discrimination.
- (5) The right to vote and participate fully in the political process.
- (b) Any person who is injured by an intentional act of discrimination in violation of subdivisions (2) to (5), inclusive, of subsection (a) may file a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin further violations, to recover compensatory and punitive damages, and, in the discretion of the court, to recover the cost of litigation and reasonable attorneys fees.
- (c) (1) a. Any individual who is injured by employment discrimination by an employer in violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) may file a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction, which may issue an order prohibiting the discriminatory practices and provide affirmative relief from the effects of the practices, and award back pay,

- interest on back pay, and, in the discretion of the court, the cost of litigation and reasonable attorneys fees.
- b. No liability for back pay shall accrue from adate more than two years before the filing of an action.

- (2) In addition to the remedies under paragraph a. of subdivision (1), any individual who is injured by intentional discrimination by an employer in violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) shall be entitled to recover compensatory damages and punitive damages.
 - (d) Subdivision (1) of subsection (a) does not apply to the employment of an individual of a particular religion by a religious corporation, association, or society to perform work connected with the performance of religious activities by the corporation, association, or society.
 - (e) This act may not be construed to limit any other remedies available under law.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.