- 1 SB35
- 2 181662-1
- 3 By Senator Scofield
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181662-1:n:01/31/2017:JET/th LRS2017-405

8 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, the commission of 9 domestic violence is a crime, and there are 10 provisions to protect domestic violence victims 11 from further acts of violence. Furthermore, during 12 the 2015 Regular Session, significant revisions 13 were made to existing provisions in law governing domestic violence offenses and domestic violence 14 15 protection orders (Act 2015-496).

16 This bill would clarify certain provisions 17 of Act 2015-496, including clarification of 18 definitions, including dating relationships and 19 household members, certain requirements for sworn 20 petitions for protection orders, notice of hearing 21 and service of process requirements, fines and penalties for violations of protection orders, 22 23 arrests without warrants for violation of 24 protection orders, release and bail of domestic 25 violence offenders, and provisions governing 26 domestic violence by strangulation or suffocation.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama 1 2 of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of 3 Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general 4 law whose purpose or effect would be to require a 5 new or increased expenditure of local funds from 6 7 becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote 8 unless: it comes within one of a number of 9 10 specified exceptions; it is approved by the 11 affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates 12 funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to 13 the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

 22
 A BILL

 23
 TO BE ENTITLED

 24
 AN ACT

 25
 Relating to domestic violence; to amend Sections

 26
 Relating to domestic violence; to amend Sections

 27
 13A-6-130, 13A-6-131, 13A-6-132, 13A-6-134, 13A-6-138,

13A-6-142, 15-10-3, 15-13-190, 15-23-68, 30-5-2, 30-5-3, 1 2 30-5-5, 30-5-8, Code of Alabama 1975, to clarify certain 3 definitions; to further provide for requirements for sworn 4 petitions for protection orders; to further provide for notice 5 of hearing and service of process requirements; to further provide for fines and penalties for violations of protection 6 7 orders and arrests without warrants for violations of protection orders; to clarify provisions relating to the 8 release and bail of domestic violence offenders; and to revise 9 10 provisions relating to domestic violence by strangulation or 11 suffocation; to repeal Section 13A-6-139.1, Code of Alabama 12 1975, relating to definitions for certain domestic violence offenses; and in connection therewith would have as its 13 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 14 expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 15 16 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as 17 Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the 18 Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 19 20 Section 1. Sections 13A-6-130, 13A-6-131, 13A-6-132, 13A-6-134, 13A-6-138, 13A-6-142, 15-10-3, 15-13-190, 15-23-68, 21 30-5-2, 30-5-3, 30-5-5, 30-5-8, Code of Alabama 1975, are 22 23 amended to read as follows: 24 "§13A-6-130. 25 "(a) A person commits the crime of domestic violence

in the first degree pursuant to Section 13A-6-20 or aggravated

stalking pursuant to Section 13A-6-91, and the victim is a current or former spouse, parent, child, any person with whom the defendant has a child in common, a present or former household member, or a person who has or had a dating relationship, as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, with the defendant.For the purposes of this section, a household member excludes non-romantic or non-intimate co-residents.

8 "(b) Domestic violence in the first degree is a 9 Class A felony, except that the defendant shall serve a 10 minimum term of imprisonment of one year without consideration 11 of probation, parole, good time credits, or any other 12 reduction in time for any second or subsequent conviction 13 under this subsection.

14 "(b) (c) The minimum term of imprisonment imposed 15 under subsection (a) (b) shall be double without consideration 16 of probation, parole, good time credits, or any reduction in 17 time if a defendant willfully violates a protection order 18 issued by a court of competent jurisdiction and in the process 19 of violating the order commits domestic violence in the first 20 degree.

21

"§13A-6-131.

"(a) A person commits the crime of domestic violence in the second degree if the person commits the crime of assault in the second degree pursuant to Section 13A-6-21; the crime of intimidating a witness pursuant to Section 13A-10-123; the crime of stalking pursuant to Section 13A-6-90; the crime of burglary in the second or third degree

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pursuant to Sections 13A-7-6 and 13A-7-7; or the crime of 1 2 criminal mischief in the first degree pursuant to Section 13A-7-21 and the victim is a current or former spouse, parent, 3 4 child, any person with whom the defendant has a child in 5 common, a present or former household member, or a person who 6 has or had a dating relationship, as defined in Section 7 13A-6-139.1, with the defendant. For the purpose of this section, a household member excludes non-romantic or 8 non-intimate co-residents. 9

10 "(b) Domestic violence in the second degree is a 11 Class B felony, except the defendant shall serve a minimum 12 term of imprisonment of six months without consideration of 13 probation, parole, good time credits, or any reduction in time 14 for any second or subsequent conviction under this subsection.

15 "(b)(c) The minimum term of imprisonment imposed 16 under subsection (a) (b) shall be double without consideration 17 of probation, parole, good time credits, or any reduction in 18 time if a defendant willfully violates a protection order 19 issued by a court of competent jurisdiction and in the process 20 of violating the order commits domestic violence in the second 21 degree.

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"§13A-6-132.

"(a) A person commits domestic violence in the third degree if the person commits the crime of assault in the third degree pursuant to Section 13A-6-22; the crime of menacing pursuant to Section 13A-6-23; the crime of reckless endangerment pursuant to Section 13A-6-24; the crime of

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criminal coercion pursuant to Section 13A-6-25; the crime of 1 2 harassment pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 13A-11-8; the crime of criminal surveillance pursuant to Section 13A-11-32; 3 4 the crime of harassing communications pursuant to subsection 5 (b) of Section 13A-11-8; the crime of criminal trespass in the third degree pursuant to Section 13A-7-4; the crime of 6 7 criminal mischief in the second or third degree pursuant to Sections 13A-7-22 and 13A-7-23; or the crime of arson in the 8 third degree pursuant to Section 13A-7-43; and the victim is a 9 10 current or former spouse, parent, child, any person with whom 11 the defendant has a child in common, a present or former household member, or a person who has or had a dating 12 13 relationship, as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, with the defendant. For the purpose of this section, a household member 14 15 excludes non-romantic or non-intimate co-residents.

16 "(b) Domestic violence in the third degree is a
17 Class A misdemeanor.(b) The minimum term of imprisonment
18 imposed under subsection (a) shall be 30 days without
19 consideration of reduction in time if a defendant willfully
20 violates a protection order issued by a court of competent
21 jurisdiction and in the process of violating the order commits
22 domestic violence in the third degree.

"(c) A second conviction under subsection (a) is a Class A misdemeanor, except the defendant shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 days in a city or county jail or detention facility without consideration for any reduction in time. "(d) A third or subsequent conviction under
 subsection (a) is a Class C felony.

3 "(e) For purposes of determining second, third, or
4 subsequent number of convictions, convictions in municipal
5 court shall be included.

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"§13A-6-134.

7 "(a) If a law enforcement officer receives complaints of domestic violence from two or more opposing 8 persons, or if both parties have injuries, the officer shall 9 10 evaluate each complaint separately to determine who was the 11 predominant aggressor. If the officer determines that one 12 person was the predominant physical aggressor, that person may 13 be arrested; however, a person who acts in a reasonable manner to protect himself or herself or another family or household 14 15 member from domestic violence, as defined in Section 16 13A-6-139.1, may not be arrested for a violation of Section 17 13A-6-130, 13A-6-131, or 13A-6-132. In determining whether a 18 person is the predominant aggressor the officer shall consider 19 all of the following:

20

"(1) Prior complaints of domestic violence.

"(2) The relative severity of the injuries inflicted on each person, including whether the injuries are offensive versus defensive in nature.

"(3) The likelihood of future injury to each person.
"(4) Whether the person had reasonable cause to
believe he or she was in imminent danger of becoming a victim

of any act of domestic violence, as the terms are defined in
 Section 13A-6-139.1.

3 "(5) Whether one of the persons acted in
4 self-defense.

5 "(b) A law enforcement officer shall not threaten, 6 suggest, or otherwise indicate the possible arrest of all 7 parties to discourage the request for intervention by law 8 enforcement by any party or base the decision to arrest or not 9 to arrest on either of the following:

10

"(1) The specific consent or request of the victim.

"(2) The officer's perception of the willingness of a victim of or witness to the domestic violence to testify or otherwise participate in a judicial proceeding.

14 "(c)(1) In addition to victim information services 15 required pursuant to Section 15-23-62, a law enforcement 16 officer, at the time of initial investigation, shall give a 17 victim of domestic violence, as those terms are defined in 18 Section 13A-6-139.1, notice of the legal rights and remedies 19 available on a standard form developed and distributed by the 20 Alabama Law Enforcement Agency pursuant to subdivision (2).

"(2) The agency shall develop a "Legal Rights and Remedies Notice to Victims" that includes a general summary of the provisions of the Protection From Domestic Violence Act using language a layperson may understand and the statewide domestic violence hotline number, and shall distribute the notice to be used by all law enforcement agencies throughout the state.

"(d) A law enforcement officer is not liable in any 1 2 civil action filed by any party for an arrest based on 3 probable cause, enforcement of a court order, or service of process arising from an alleged incident of domestic violence, 4 5 pursuant to Sections 36-1-12 and 6-5-338, as applicable. "\$13A-6-138. 6 7 "(a) For the purposes of this section, the following 8 terms have the following meanings: "(1) STRANGULATION. Intentionally causing asphyxia 9 10 by closure or compression of the blood vessels or air passages of the neck as a result of external pressure on the neck. 11 12 "(2) SUFFOCATION. Intentionally causing asphyxia by 13 depriving a person of air or by preventing a person from breathing through the inhalation of toxic gases or by blocking 14 15 or obstructing the airway of a person, by any means other than 16 by strangulation. 17 "(b) A person commits the crime of domestic violence 18 by strangulation or suffocation if he or she commits an 19 assault with intent to cause physical harm or commits the 20 crime of menacing pursuant to Section 13A-6-23, by strangulation or suffocation or attempted strangulation or 21 22 suffocation against a victim, as the term is defined in 23 Section 13A-6-139.1 and the victim is a current or former 24 spouse, parent, child, any person with whom the defendant has 25 a child in common, a present household member, or a person who has or had a dating relationship. For the purpose of this 26

- section, a household member excludes non-romantic or 1 2 non-intimate co-residents. "(c) Domestic violence by strangulation or 3 suffocation is a Class B felony punishable as provided by law. 4 5 "§13A-6-142. "(a) A violation of a domestic violence protection 6 order is a Class A misdemeanor which shall be punishable as 7 8 provided by law. "(b) A second conviction for violation of a domestic 9 10 violence protection order, in addition to any other penalty or 11 fine, shall be punishable by a minimum of 30 days imprisonment 12 which may not be suspended. A third or subsequent conviction shall, in addition to any other penalty or fine, be punishable 13 by a minimum sentence of 120 days imprisonment which may not 14 15 be suspended. 16 "(c) In addition to any other fine or penalty 17 provided by law, the court shall order the defendant to pay an 18 additional fine of fifty dollars (\$50) for a violation of 19 domestic violence protection order to be distributed to the
- 20 Domestic Violence Trust Fund, established by Section 30-6-11.
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"§15-10-3.

"(a) An officer may arrest a person without a warrant, on any day and at any time in any of the following instances:

"(1) If a public offense has been committed or a
breach of the peace threatened in the presence of the officer.

"(2) When a felony has been committed, though not in
 the presence of the officer, by the person arrested.

3 "(3) When a felony has been committed and the 4 officer has reasonable probable cause to believe that the 5 person arrested committed the felony.

6 "(4) When the officer has reasonable probable cause 7 to believe that the person arrested has committed a felony, 8 although it may afterwards appear that a felony had not in 9 fact been committed.

10 "(5) When a charge has been made, upon reasonable
11 probable cause, that the person arrested has committed a
12 felony.

13 "(6) When the officer has actual knowledge that a warrant for the person's arrest for the commission of a felony 14 15 or misdemeanor has been issued, provided the warrant was 16 issued in accordance with this chapter. However, upon request 17 the officer shall show the warrant to the arrested person as soon as possible. If the officer does not have the warrant in 18 19 his or her possession at the time of arrest the officer shall 20 inform the defendant of the offense charged and of the fact that a warrant has been issued. 21

"(7) When the officer has reasonable probable cause to believe that a felony or misdemeanor has been committed by the person arrested in violation of a protection order, including a domestic violence protection order, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.

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1	"(8) When an offense involves <u>a crime of</u> domestic
2	violence as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, including domestic
3	violence in the first degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-130,
4	domestic violence in the second degree, pursuant to Section
5	13A-6-131, domestic violence in the third degree, pursuant to
6	Section 13A-6-132, interference with a domestic violence
7	emergency call, in violation of Section 13A-6-137, or domestic
8	violence by strangulation or suffocation, pursuant to Section
9	<u>13A-6-138</u> , and the arrest is based on probable cause,
10	regardless of whether the offense is a felony or misdemeanor.
11	"(b) When a law enforcement officer investigates an
12	allegation of domestic violence, whether or not an arrest is
13	made, the officer shall make a written report of the alleged
14	incident, including a statement of the complaint, and the
15	disposition of the case.
16	"(c) If the defendant is arrested under this section
17	for committing an act of domestic violence in violation of
18	domestic violence in the first degree, pursuant to Section
19	13A-6-130, domestic violence in the second degree, pursuant to
20	Section 13A-6-131, domestic violence in the third degree,
21	pursuant to Section 13A-6-132, interference with a domestic
22	violence emergency call, in violation of Section 13A-6-137, or
23	domestic violence by strangulation or suffocation, pursuant to
24	Section 13A-6-138, and violates a protection order, the
25	defendant shall be held in custody until brought before the
26	court as expeditiously as possible <u>within 48 hours</u> for the
27	purpose of enforcing the protection order and for

consideration of bail in accordance with Section 15-13-190 and
 the applicable rules of criminal procedure, pending a hearing.
 If the defendant is not brought before the court within 48
 hours, the defendant shall be subject to bail according to the
 Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure.

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"§15-13-190.

7 "(a) A person arrested for an offense involving domestic violence as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, who 8 strikes, shoves, kicks, or otherwise touches a victim, as 9 10 defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, or subjects him or her to 11 physical contact, or is charged with domestic violence in the 12 first degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-130, domestic violence 13 in the second degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-131, domestic violence in the third degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-132, 14 interference with a domestic violence emergency call, in 15 violation of Section 13A-6-137, or domestic violence by 16 strangulation or suffocation, pursuant to Section 13A-6-138, 17 18 or a violation of a domestic violence protection order, may 19 not be admitted to bail until after an appearance before a 20 judge or magistrate within 24 hours of the arrest, and if the person is not taken before a judge or magistrate within 24 21 22 hours of the arrest, he or she shall be released on bail 23 afforded an opportunity to make bail in accordance with the 24 Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure. Prior to the release of 25 the person, the judge or magistrate shall review the facts of 26 the arrest to determine whether the person is a threat to the

alleged victim, is a threat to public safety, and is
 reasonably likely to appear in court.

"(b) The judge or magistrate shall make findings on 3 the record concerning those determinations and may impose 4 5 conditions of release or bail on the person to protect the alleged victim of domestic violence or the person protected by 6 7 a protection order, and to ensure the appearance of the person at a subsequent court proceeding. The conditions may include, 8 but need not be limited to, enjoining the person from 9 10 threatening to commit or committing acts of domestic violence 11 against the alleged victim; restraining and enjoining the 12 defendant from contacting the victim, as described in Section 13 30-5-7; prohibiting the person from possessing a firearm or other weapon specified by the court, except when such weapon 14 is necessary for employment as a peace officer or military 15 16 personnel; and issuing any other order or modification of 17 orders above required to protect the safety of the alleged 18 victim or to ensure the appearance of the person in court. For the purposes of this subsection, "contacting" includes, but is 19 20 not limited to, communicating with the victim verbally or in any written form, either in person, telephonically, 21 22 electronically, or in any other manner, either directly or

24 "(c) If conditions of release are imposed, the judge 25 or magistrate shall issue a written order for conditional 26 release, immediately distribute a copy of the order to the law 27 enforcement agency having custody of the arrested or charged

indirectly through a third person.

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person, place information pertaining to the order in the 1 2 domestic violence protection order registry, and provide the law enforcement agency with any available information 3 concerning the location of the alleged victim in a manner that 4 protects the safety of the victim. Law enforcement shall 5 provide a copy of the written order to the victim within 24 6 7 hours of receipt, provided that the victim provides law enforcement with current and accurate contact information, in 8 accordance with the process outlined in Section 30-5-8. 9

10 "(d) In cases in which the defendant has been placed 11 on conditional release or bail pursuant to this section or is 12 in violation of probation from an another case and is arrested on a probation violation warrant, a violation of written 13 condition of release pursuant to this section, or a violation 14 15 of a prior protection order, the court shall consider revocation of probation, conditional release, or bail. Should 16 17 the court order continue probation, conditional release, or 18 bail, the court shall order additional conditions imposed on 19 the defendant to provide protection to the victim of domestic 20 violence or the person protected by a protection order. Additional conditions shall be included in a written order. 21

"(e) A person who willfully violates a condition of pretrial release provided in this section, when the original arrest was for an act of domestic violence as defined in Section 13A-6-139.1, shall be subject to the penalties provided in Section 13A-6-142, and shall receive an enhanced

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penalty and additional sentence of imprisonment in accordance
 with Section 13A-6-142.

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"§15-23-68.

4 "The court shall provide a waiting area for the victim separate from the defendant, relatives of the 5 defendant, and defense witnesses, if an area is available and 6 7 the use of the area is practical. If a separate waiting area is not available, or its use impractical, the court shall 8 minimize contact of the victim with the defendant, relatives 9 10 of the defendant, and defense witnesses during court 11 proceedings. For victims of domestic violence, as the terms 12 are defined in Sections 13A-6-139.1 and 30-5-2, if a separate 13 waiting area is not available, the presiding circuit judge shall create procedures so that the defendant has no contact 14 with the victim. 15

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"§30-5-2.

17 "In this chapter, the following words shall have the 18 following meanings unless the context clearly indicates 19 otherwise:

20 "(1) ABUSE. An act of domestic violence committed
21 against a victim, which is any of the following:

"a. Arson. Arson as defined under Sections 13A-7-40
to 13A-7-43, inclusive.

24 "b. Assault. Assault as defined under Sections
25 13A-6-20 to 13A-6-22, inclusive.

26 "c. Attempt. With the intent to commit any crime
 27 under this section or any other criminal act under the laws of

this state, performing any overt act towards the commission of
 the offense Attempt as defined under Section 13A-4-2.

3 "d. Child Abuse. Torture or willful abuse of a
4 child, aggravated child abuse, or chemical endangerment of a
5 child as provided in Chapter 15, commencing with Section
6 26-15-1, of Title 26, known as the Alabama Child Abuse Act.

7 "e. Criminal Coercion. Criminal coercion as defined
8 under Section 13A-6-25.

9 "f. Criminal Trespass. Entering or remaining in the 10 dwelling or on the premises of another after having been 11 warned not to do so either orally or in writing by the owner 12 of the premises or other authorized person <u>Criminal Trespass</u> 13 as defined under Sections 13A-7-2 to 13A-7-4.1, inclusive.

14 "g. Harassment. Harassment as defined under Section15 13A-11-8.

16 "h. Kidnapping. Kidnapping as defined under Sections
17 13A-6-43 and 13A-6-44.

18 "i. Menacing. Menacing as defined under Section19 13A-6-23.

20 "j. Other Conduct. Any other conduct directed toward 21 a plaintiff covered by this chapter that could be punished as 22 a criminal act under the laws of this state.

23 "k. Reckless Endangerment. Reckless endangerment as24 defined under Section 13A-6-24.

"1. Sexual Abuse. Any sexual offenses included in
Article 4, commencing with Section 13A-6-60, of Chapter 6 of
Title 13A.

"m. Stalking. Stalking as defined under Sections
 13A-6-90 to 13A-6-94, inclusive.

"n. Theft. Knowingly obtaining or exerting
unauthorized control or obtaining control by deception over
property owned by or jointly owned by the plaintiff and
another. Theft includes theft <u>Theft</u> as defined under Sections
13A-8-1 to 13A-8-5, inclusive.

8 "o. Unlawful Imprisonment. Unlawful imprisonment as
9 defined under Sections 13A-6-41 and 13A-6-42.

"(2) COURT. A circuit court judge, a district court
 judge, or a special circuit court judge appointed pursuant to
 Section 12-1-14 or 12-1-14.1. A, or a district court judge may
 be designated by a written standing order from the presiding
 circuit court judge to handle protection from abuse cases.

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"(3) DATING RELATIONSHIP.

16 "a. A significant relationship of a romantic or
17 intimate nature characterized by the expectation of
18 affectionate or sexual involvement over a period of time and
19 on a continuing basis during the course of the relationship.
20 "b. A dating relationship includes the period of

21 engagement to be married.

"c. A dating relationship does not include a casual
or business relationship or a relationship that ended more
than 12 months prior to the filing of the petition for a
protection order.

26 "(4)(3) PLAINTIFF. An individual who has standing to 27 file a petition under Section 30-5-5.

"(5)(4) PROTECTION ORDER. Any order of protection 1 2 from abuse issued under this chapter for the purpose of preventing acts of abuse as defined in this chapter. 3 "(6)(5) THREAT. Any word or action, expressed or 4 implied, made to cause the plaintiff to fear for his or her 5 safety or for the safety of another person. 6 7 "(7)(6) VICTIM. An individual who is related to the person who commits an act of abuse in any of the following 8 9 ways: 10 "a. Is related by marriage to the defendant, including a common law marriage. 11 12 "b. Had a. Has a current or former marriage or, including common law marriage, with the defendant. 13 "c.b. Has a child in common with the defendant 14 regardless of whether the victim and defendant have ever been 15 16 married and regardless of whether they are currently residing 17 or have in the past resided together in the same household. 18 "d.c. Has or had a dating relationship with the 19 defendant. A dating relationship does not include a casual or 20 business relationship or a relationship that ended more than 12 months prior to the filing of the petition for a protection 21 22 order. 23 "e.d. Is a current or former household member. A 24 household member is a person maintaining or having maintained 25 a living arrangement with the defendant where he or she is in, 26 or was engaged in, a romantic or sexual relationship.

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"f.e. A relative of a current or former household 1 2 member as defined in paragraph e. d. who also lived with the 3 defendant. "g.f. An individual who is a parent, stepparent, 4 5 child, or stepchild and who is in or has maintained a living arrangement with the defendant. 6 7 "§30-5-3. "(a) The courts, as provided in this chapter, shall 8 have jurisdiction to issue protection orders. 9 10 "(b) A protection order may be requested in any 11 pending civil or domestic relations action, as an independent civil action, or in conjunction with the preliminary, final, 12 13 or post-judgment relief in a civil action. "(c) A petition for a protection order may be filed 14 in any of the following locations: 15 16 "(1) Where the plaintiff or defendant resides. 17 "(2) Where the plaintiff is temporarily located if 18 he or she has left his or her residence to avoid further 19 abuse. 20 "(3) Where the abuse occurred. 21 "(4) Where a civil matter is pending before the 22 court in which the plaintiff and the defendant are opposing 23 parties. 24 "(d) When custody, visitation, or support, or a 25 combination of them, of a child or children has been 26 established in a previous court order in this state, or an 27 action containing any of the issues above is pending in a

court in this state in which the plaintiff and the defendant are opposing parties, a copy of any temporary ex parte protection order issued pursuant to this chapter and the case giving rise thereto should be transferred to the court of original venue <u>of custody</u>, <u>visitation</u>, <u>or support</u> for further disposition as soon as practical taking into account the safety of the plaintiff and any children.

8 "(e) A minimum period of residency of a plaintiff is 9 not required to petition the court for an order of protection. 10 "\$30-5-5.

"(a) The following persons have standing to file a sworn petition for a protection order under this chapter as a plaintiff:

14 "(1) A person who is at least 18 years old or is 15 otherwise emancipated and is the victim of abuse, as defined 16 in Section 30-5-2, or has reasonable cause to believe he or 17 she is in imminent danger of becoming the victim of any act of 18 abuse.

"(2) A parent, legal guardian, next friend, or the
State Department of Human Resources may petition for relief on
behalf of the following:

22

"a. A minor child.

23 "b. Any person prevented by physical or mental24 incapacity from seeking a protection order.

"(b) Standardized petitions for actions pursuant to
this chapter shall be made available through the circuit
clerks' offices around the state. The circuit clerk shall not

be required to provide assistance to persons in completing the forms or in presenting their case to the court.

3 "(c) A sworn petition shall allege the incidents of 4 abuse, the specific facts and circumstances that form the 5 basis upon which relief is sought, and that the plaintiff 6 genuinely fears subsequent acts of abuse by the defendant. 7 With respect to a minor child who is living at home, the 8 parent, legal guardian, or next friend seeking the protective 9 order on behalf of the child shall:

10 "(1) Have been an eyewitness to, or have direct 11 evidence or affidavits from eyewitnesses of, the specific 12 facts and circumstances that form the basis upon which relief 13 is sought, if the party against whom the protection order is 14 sought is also a parent, stepparent, or legal guardian of the 15 minor child; or

16 "(2) Have a reasonable cause to believe that the 17 minor child is a victim of abuse to form the basis upon which 18 relief is sought, if the party against whom the protection 19 order is sought is a person other than a parent, stepparent, 20 or legal guardian of a minor child.

"(d) The court shall not enter mutual orders. The court shall issue separate orders that specifically and independently state the prohibited behavior and relief granted in order to protect the victim and the victim's immediate family and to clearly provide law enforcement with sufficient directives. "(e) Any plaintiff who files a petition under this chapter may do so through an attorney or may represent himself or herself pro se throughout the legal process outlined in this chapter, including, but not limited to, the filing of pleadings, motions, and any other legal documents with any court, and the appearance in ex parte and formal court proceedings on his or her behalf.

"(f) (1) The following information shall not be 8 contained on any court document made available to the public 9 10 and the defendant by the circuit clerk's office: The 11 plaintiff's home address and, if applicable, business address; 12 a plaintiff's home telephone number and, if applicable, business telephone number; the home or business address or 13 telephone number of any member of the plaintiff's family or 14 household; or an address that would reveal the confidential 15 location of a shelter for victims of domestic violence as 16 17 defined in Section 30-6-1.

"(2) If disclosure of the plaintiff's address, the address of any member of the plaintiff's family or household, or an address that would reveal the confidential location of a shelter for victims of domestic violence is necessary to determine jurisdiction or to consider a venue issue, it shall be made orally and in camera.

24 "(3) If the plaintiff has not disclosed an address 25 or telephone number under this section, the plaintiff shall 26 satisfy one of the following requirements: "a. Designate and provide to the court an
 alternative address.

3 "b. Elect to substitute the business address and 4 telephone number of his or her attorney of record in place of 5 the address of the plaintiff on any court document.

6 "(g) No court costs and fees shall be assessed for 7 the filing and service of a petition for a protection order, 8 for the issuance or registration of a protection order, or for 9 the issuance of a witness subpoena under this chapter. Costs 10 and fees may be assessed against the defendant at the 11 discretion of the court.

12

"§30-5-8.

13 "(a)(1) A copy of the notice of final hearing or any order under this chapter shall be sent to the plaintiff within 14 24 hours of issuance, provided the plaintiff provides the 15 court with current and accurate contact information, and to 16 17 the law enforcement officials with jurisdiction to enforce the 18 order over the residence of the plaintiff. The clerk of the 19 court may furnish a certified copy of the notice of final 20 hearing or final protection order, if any, electronically.

"(2) A copy of any the notice of final hearing or
and order under this chapter shall be issued to served upon
the defendant as soon as possible pursuant to Rule 4 of the
Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure.

"(3) Certain information in these orders <u>cases</u> shall
 be entered in the Protection Order Registry of the
 Administrative Office of Courts and shall be electronically

transmitted by the Administrative Office of Courts to the Alabama Law Enforcement Agency for entry into the National Crime Information Center, the National Law Enforcement Telecommunication System, and the Law Enforcement Tactical System. Such information shall include, but is not limited to, information as to the existence and status of any protection orders for verification purposes.

8 "(b) Ex parte and final protection orders shall be 9 in a format as provided by the Administrative Office of 10 Courts. If a court wishes to provide additional information in 11 these standardized court orders, the court may attach 12 additional pages containing this additional information.

13 "(c) Within 24 hours after issuance of a protection 14 order receiving proof of service of process, the clerk of 15 court shall forward a copy of the written proof of service of 16 process and a copy of the protection order to the law 17 enforcement agency agencies with jurisdiction over the 18 residence of the plaintiff. The information shall be entered 19 into the Protection Order Registry of the Administrative 20 Office of Courts and shall be electronically transmitted by the Administrative Office of Courts to the Alabama Law 21 22 Enforcement Agency for entry into the National Crime 23 Information Center, the National Law Enforcement 24 Telecommunication System, and the Law Enforcement Tactical 25 System.

26 "(d) If a court vacates or modifies a protection
 27 order, notice <u>the order</u> shall be sent within 24 hours to the

plaintiff, provided that the plaintiff provides the court with current and accurate contact information, to the defendant, and to the law enforcement officials with jurisdiction to enforce the order where the victim resides.

5 (e) (1) The Alabama Law Enforcement Agency shall develop an automated process by which a plaintiff may request 6 7 notification of service of the protection order and other court actions related to the protection order. The automated 8 notice shall be made within 12 hours after a law enforcement 9 10 officer serves a protection order upon the defendant. The 11 notification shall include, at a minimum, the date, time, and 12 where the protection order was served. The information 13 identifying the plaintiff referenced under subdivision (2) shall be exempt from public records requirements in Section 14 36-12-40. 15

16 "(2) Upon implementation of the automated process, 17 information held by the clerks and law enforcement agencies in 18 conjunction with this process that reveals a home or 19 employment telephone number, cellular telephone number, home 20 or employment address, electronic mail address, or other electronic means of identification of a plaintiff requesting 21 22 notification of service of a protection order or other court 23 actions is exempt from Section 36-12-40. Notwithstanding the 24 provisions of this subsection, any state or federal agency 25 that is authorized to have access to such information by any 26 provision of law shall be granted access in the furtherance of 27 the agency's statutory duties.

1 "(f) In addition to any other fine or penalty
2 provided by law, the defendant shall pay an additional fine of
3 fifty dollars (\$50) for a violation of a protection order. On
4 a monthly basis, the clerk of the court shall transfer the
5 additional fines collected pursuant to this subsection to the
6 State Treasury for deposit in the Domestic Violence Trust
7 Fund, established by Section 30-6-11."

8 Section 2. Section 13A-6-139.1, Code of Alabama 9 1975, relating to definitions for certain domestic violence 10 offenses, is repealed.

11 Section 3. Although this bill would have as its 12 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 13 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further 14 requirements and application under Amendment 621, now 15 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the 16 bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an 17 18 existing crime.

Section 4. This act shall become effective
 immediately following its passage and approval by the
 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.