- 1 SB224
- 2 182278-1
- 3 By Senator Allen
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 21-FEB-17

182278-1:n:02/13/2017:CMH/tqw LRS2017-702 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, a garnishee is not 9 compensated for retaining a portion of the funds 10 withheld from the wages, salaries, or other compensation of a defendant pursuant to a process 11 12 or writ of garnishment. 13 This bill would provide that a court may 14 allow a garnishee to receive, in the form of a tax 15 credit, up to twenty-five dollars (\$25) each time 16 the garnishee withholds funds from the wages, 17 salaries, or other compensation of a defendant 18 pursuant to a process or writ of garnishment. 19 20 A BILL 21 TO BE ENTITLED 22 AN ACT 23 24 To amend Section 6-10-7, Code of Alabama 1975, 25 relating to the garnishment of wages; to provide that a court 26 may allow a garnishee to receive a tax credit each time the 27 garnishee withholds funds from the wages, salaries, or other

compensation of a defendant pursuant to a process or writ of garnishment.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

4 Section 1. Section 6-10-7, Code of Alabama 1975, is 5 amended to read as follows:

6

"§6-10-7.

7 "(a) The wages, salaries, or other compensation of 8 laborers or employees, residents of this state, for personal services, shall be exempt from levy under writs of garnishment 9 10 or other process for the collection of debts contracted or 11 judgments entered in tort in an amount equal to 75 percent of 12 such wages, salaries, or other compensation due or to become 13 due to such laborers or employees, and the levy as to such percentage of their wages, salaries, or other compensation 14 15 shall be void. The court issuing the writ or levy shall show 16 thereon the amount of the claim of the plaintiff and the court 17 costs in the proceedings. If at any time during the pendency 18 of the proceedings in the court a judgment is entered for a 19 different amount, then the court shall notify the garnishee of 20 the correct amount due by the defendant under the writ or 21 levy. The garnishee shall retain 25 percent of the wages, 22 salaries, or other compensation of the laborer or employee 23 during the period of time as is necessary to accumulate a sum 24 equal to the amount shown as due by the court on the writ or 25 levy. Should the employment of the defendant for any reason be 26 terminated with the garnishee, then the garnishee shall not 27 later than 15 days after the termination of employment, report

the termination to the court and pay into court all sums 1 2 withheld from the defendant's wages, salaries, or other compensation. If the plaintiff in garnishment contests the 3 answer of the garnishee, as now provided by law in such cases, 4 5 and proves to the court the deficiency or untruth of the garnishee's answer, the court shall enter judgment against the 6 7 garnishee for such amount as would have been subject to the order of condemnation had the sum not been released to the 8 defendant. 9

10 "(b) The garnishee shall, after a period of 30 days 11 from the first retention of any sum from the defendant's 12 wages, salaries, or other compensation, commence paying the 13 funds into court, as they are deducted or withheld and continue to do so on a monthly or more frequent basis until 14 15 the full amount is withheld. Upon receipt by the court of a written request by the plaintiff, the court may enter an order 16 17 of condemnation of said the funds received and thereupon 18 disburse the same to the plaintiff.

19 "(c) The court may allow the garnishee to receive, 20 in the form of a tax credit, up to twenty-five dollars (\$25) 21 each time the garnishee withholds funds from the wages, 22 salaries, or other compensation of a defendant pursuant to a 23 process or writ of garnishment."

24 Section 2. This act shall become effective on the 25 first day of the third month following its passage and 26 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.