- 1 HB40
- 2 172716-7
- 3 By Representative Johnson (R)
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 02-FEB-16
- 6 PFD: 01/29/2016

1	ENGROSSED
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4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
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8	Relating to the Natural Death Act; to amend Sections
9	22-8A-2, 22-8A-3, 22-8A-7, and 22-8A-8, Code of Alabama 1975;
10	to add Section 22-8A-4.1 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to
11	authorize health care providers under certain conditions to
12	follow a physician's do not attempt resuscitation order duly
13	entered in the medical record anywhere in the state, even if
14	the person subject to the order has become incapacitated and
15	is unable to direct his or her medical treatment.
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
17	Section 1. Sections 22-8A-2, 22-8A-3, 22-8A-7, and
18	22-8A-8, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
19	"§22-8A-2.
20	"The Legislature finds that competent adult persons
21	have the right to control the decisions relating to the
22	rendering of their own medical care, including, without
23	limitation, the decision to have medical procedures,
24	life-sustaining treatment, and artificially provided nutrition
25	and hydration provided, withheld, or withdrawn in instances of
26	terminal conditions and permanent unconsciousness.

"In order that the rights of individuals may be 1 2 respected even after they are no longer able to participate 3 actively in decisions about themselves, the Legislature hereby declares that the laws of this state shall recognize 4 5 the right of a competent adult person to make a written declaration instructing his or her physician to provide, 6 7 withhold, or withdraw life-sustaining treatment and 8 artificially provided nutrition and hydration or designate by lawful written form a health care proxy to make decisions on 9 10 behalf of the adult person concerning the providing, 11 withholding, or withdrawing of life-sustaining treatment and 12 artificially provided nutrition and hydration in instances of 13 terminal conditions and permanent unconsciousness. The Legislature further desires to provide for the appointment of 14 15 surrogate decision-makers in instances where the individual 16 has not made such a designation and to allow a health care 17 provider to follow certain portable physician orders provided 18 for in this chapter.

19

"§22-8A-3.

20 "As used in this chapter, the following terms shall 21 have the following meanings, respectively, unless the context 22 clearly indicates otherwise:

"(1) ADULT. Any person 19 years of age or over.
"(2) ARTIFICIALLY PROVIDED NUTRITION AND HYDRATION.
A medical treatment consisting of the administration of food
and water through a tube or intravenous line, where the
recipient is not required to chew or swallow voluntarily.

Artificially provided nutrition and hydration does not include
 assisted feeding, such as spoon or bottle feeding.

3 "(3) ADVANCE DIRECTIVE FOR HEALTH CARE. A writing
4 executed in accordance with Section 22-8A-4 which may include
5 a living will, the appointment of a health care proxy, or both
6 such living will and appointment of a health care proxy.

"(4) ATTENDING PHYSICIAN. The physician selected by,
or assigned to, the patient who has primary responsibility for
the treatment and care of the patient.

10 "(5) CARDIOPULMONARY CESSATION. A lack of pulse or 11 respiration.

12 "(5) (6) COMPETENT ADULT. An adult who is alert, capable of understanding a lay description of medical 13 procedures and able to appreciate the consequences of 14 providing, withholding, or withdrawing medical procedures. 15 16 "(7) DO NOT ATTEMPT RESUSCITATION (DNAR) ORDER. A 17 physician's order that resuscitative measures not be provided 18 to a person under a physician's care in the event the person 19 is found with cardiopulmonary cessation. A do not attempt 20 resuscitation order would include, without limitation, physician orders written as "do not resuscitate," "do not 21 allow resuscitation," "do not allow resuscitative measures," 22 23 "DNAR," "DNR," "allow natural death," or "AND." A do not attempt resuscitation order must be entered with the consent 24 25 of the person, if the person is competent; or in accordance 26 with instructions in an advance directive if the person is not 27 competent or is no longer able to understand, appreciate, and

direct his or her medical treatment and has no hope of regaining that ability; or with the consent of a health care proxy or surrogate functioning under the provisions in this chapter; or instructions by an attorney in fact under a durable power of attorney that duly grants powers to the attorney in fact to make those decisions described in Section 22-8A-4(b)(1).

8 "(6)(8) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER. A person who is 9 licensed, certified, registered, or otherwise authorized by 10 the law of this state to administer or provide health care in 11 the ordinary course of business or in the practice of a 12 profession.

"(7)(9) HEALTH CARE PROXY. Any person designated to
 act on behalf of an individual pursuant to Section 22-8A-4.

15 "(8)(10) LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT. Any medical 16 treatment, procedure, or intervention that, in the judgment of 17 the attending physician, when applied to the patient, would 18 serve only to prolong the dying process where the patient has 19 a terminal illness or injury, or would serve only to maintain 20 the patient in a condition of permanent unconsciousness. These procedures shall include, but are not limited to, assisted 21 22 ventilation, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, renal dialysis, 23 surgical procedures, blood transfusions, and the 24 administration of drugs and antibiotics. Life-sustaining 25 treatment shall not include the administration of medication 26 or the performance of any medical treatment where, in the 27 opinion of the attending physician, the medication or

treatment is necessary to provide comfort or to alleviate pain.

"(9)(11) LIVING WILL. A witnessed document in 3 4 writing, voluntarily executed by the declarant, that gives 5 directions and may appoint a health care proxy, in accordance with the requirements of Section 22-8A-4. 6 7 "(10)(12) PERMANENT UNCONSCIOUSNESS. A condition that, to a reasonable degree of medical certainty: 8 "a. Will last permanently, without improvement; and 9 10 "b. In which cognitive thought, sensation, 11 purposeful action, social interaction, and awareness of self 12 and environment are absent; and "c. Which condition has existed for a period of time 13 sufficient, in accordance with applicable professional 14 standards, to make such a diagnosis; and 15 16 "d. Which condition is confirmed by a physician who 17 is qualified and experienced in making such a diagnosis. 18 "(11)(13) PERSON. An individual, corporation, 19 business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint 20 venture, government, governmental subdivision or agency, or 21 any other legal or commercial entity. 22 "(12)(14) PHYSICIAN. A person licensed to practice 23 medicine and osteopathy in the State of Alabama. 24 "(15) PORTABLE PHYSICIAN DNAR ORDER. A DNAR order 25 entered in the medical record by a physician using the 26 required form designated by the State Board of Health and 27 substantiated by completion of all sections of the form.

"(16) RESUSCITATIVE MEASURES. Those measures used to
 restore or support cardiac or respiratory function in the
 event of cardiopulmonary cessation.

4 "(13)(17) SURROGATE. Any person appointed to act on
5 behalf of an individual pursuant to Section 22-8A-11.

6 "(14)(18) TERMINALLY ILL OR INJURED PATIENT. A 7 patient whose death is imminent or whose condition, to a 8 reasonable degree of medical certainty, is hopeless unless he 9 or she is artificially supported through the use of 10 life-sustaining procedures and which condition is confirmed by 11 a physician who is qualified and experienced in making such a 12 diagnosis.

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"§22-8A-7.

14 "(a) A competent adult may make decisions regarding 15 life-sustaining treatment and artificially provided nutrition 16 and hydration so long as that individual is able to do so. The 17 desires of an individual shall at all times supersede the 18 effect of an advance directive for health care.

19 "(b) If the individual is not competent at the time 20 of the decision to provide, withhold, or withdraw 21 life-sustaining treatment or artificially provided nutrition 22 and hydration, a living will executed in accordance with 23 Section 22-8A-4(a) or a proxy designation executed in 24 accordance with Section 22-8A-4(b) is presumed to be valid. 25 For the purpose of this chapter, a health care provider may 26 presume in the absence of actual notice to the contrary that an individual who executed an advance directive for health 27

1 care was competent when it was executed. The fact of an
2 individual's having executed an advance directive for health
3 care shall not be considered as an indication of a declarant's
4 mental incompetency. Advanced age of itself shall not be a bar
5 to a determination of competency.

"(c) No physician, licensed health care 6 7 professional, medical care facility, other health care 8 provider, or any employee thereof who in good faith and pursuant to reasonable medical standards issues or follows a 9 10 portable physician DNAR order entered in the medical record 11 pursuant to this chapter or causes or participates in the 12 providing, withholding, or withdrawing of life-sustaining treatment or artificially provided nutrition and hydration 13 from a patient pursuant to a living will or designated proxy 14 15 made in accordance with this chapter or pursuant to the 16 directions of a duly designated surrogate appointed in 17 accordance with this chapter, in the absence of actual 18 knowledge of the revocation thereof, shall, as a result 19 thereof, be subject to criminal or civil liability, or be 20 found to have committed an act of unprofessional conduct.

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"§22-8A-8.

"(a) A health care provider who refuses to comply with a living will or the directions of a duly designated proxy or a duly appointed surrogate <u>or who refuses to honor a</u> <u>portable physician DNAR order executed in compliance with the</u> <u>directives of this chapter and using the form designated by</u> the State Board of Health pursuant to this chapter shall

promptly so advise the declarant and any individual designated 1 2 to act for the declarant, shall not be liable for such refusal, but shall permit the patient to be transferred to 3 4 another health care provider. Such health care provider shall 5 reasonably cooperate to assist the declarant, or any individual designated to act for the declarant, in the timely 6 7 transfer of the declarant to another health care provider that will follow the directions of the portable physician DNAR 8 order, living will, health care proxy, or surrogate. During 9 10 the time for the transfer, all life-sustaining treatments, 11 including resuscitation efforts in the event of 12 cardiopulmonary cessation and artificially provided nutrition 13 and hydration, shall be properly maintained.

"(b) No nurse, physician, or other health care 14 15 provider may be required by law or contract in any 16 circumstances to participate in the withholding or withdrawal 17 of resuscitative measures or of life-sustaining treatment if 18 such person objects to so doing. No person may be 19 discriminated against in employment or professional privileges 20 because of the person's participation or refusal to 21 participate in the withholding or withdrawal of resuscitative 22 measures or life-sustaining treatment.

"(c) Any person who willfully conceals, cancels,
 defaces, obliterates, or damages the <u>portable physician DNAR</u>
 <u>order or</u> advance directive for health care of another without
 the declarant's consent or who falsifies or forges a

revocation of the advance directive for health care of another
 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

"(d) Any person who falsifies or forges the portable 3 4 physician DNAR order or advance directive for health care of 5 another, or willfully conceals or withholds personal knowledge of the revocation of an a portable physician DNAR order or 6 7 advance directive for health care, with the intent to cause a withholding or withdrawal of resuscitative measures or 8 life-sustaining treatment or artificially provided nutrition 9 10 and hydration contrary to the wishes of the declarant, and 11 thereby, because of such act, directly causes life-sustaining 12 treatment or artificially provided nutrition and hydration to 13 be withheld or withdrawn and death to be hastened, shall be quilty of a Class C felony." 14

Section 2. Section 22-8A-4.1 is added to the Code of
Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

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§22-8A-4.1.

18 (a) A completed DNAR order that is properly entered19 and received is deemed a valid order.

(b) (1) The State Board of Health shall adopt by
rule the form to be used for a portable DNAR order.

22 (2) The State Board of Health and the Board of 23 Medical Examiners may adopt rules to implement this act. 24 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board of Medical Examiners 25 shall have exclusive authority to adopt rules relating to 26 physicians in implementing this act. Section 3. This act shall become effective on the
 first day of the third month following its passage and
 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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3	House of Representatives
4 5 6 7	Read for the first time and re- ferred to the House of Representa- tives committee on Health
8 9 10	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar 1 amendment
11 12 13	Read for the third time and passed as amended 23-FEB-16 Yeas 101, Nays 0, Abstains 0
14 15 16	Jeff Woodard Clerk

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