- 1 HB485
- 2 164998-3
- 3 By Representative Coleman
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 05-APR-16

1	164998-3:n:04/09/2015:JMH/th LRS2015-763R2	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would prohibit the use of
9	re	estraints such as handcuffs, chains, irons, or
10	st	raitjackets on a juvenile during a court
11	pı	coceeding unless the restraints are necessary to
12	pı	revent the juvenile from physically harming
13	hi	mself or herself or another person, are necessary
14	to	prevent disruptive behavior, or the juvenile
15	po	oses a substantial flight risk. This bill would
16	al	so specify the procedure for determining if one
17	of	these factors is present.
18		This bill would also require the court to
19	ha	ave a hearing and make findings of fact before
20	Ol	dering the use of restraints.
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22		A BILL
23		TO BE ENTITLED
24		AN ACT
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26	To provide guidelines for the use of restraints by	
27	corrections staff on a juvenile during a court proceeding	

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 2 Section 1. (a) For purposes of this section,
- juvenile means a child younger than 18 years of age.
- 4 (b) There is a presumption that no instruments of
- 5 restraint, such as handcuffs, chains, irons, or straitjackets
- 6 may by used on a juvenile during a court proceeding.
- Restraints shall be removed prior to the appearance of the
- 8 juvenile before the court unless the court first finds that:
- 9 (1) The use of restraints is necessary due to one of
- 10 the following factors:
- 11 a. The juvenile poses a threat of serious harm to
- 12 himself or herself or others.
- b. The juvenile has a demonstrable recent record of
- 14 disruptive courtroom behavior that has placed others in
- potentially harmful situations.
- 16 c. The juvenile has been charged with a Class A or
- 17 Class B felony.
- 18 d. There is reason to believe the juvenile is a
- 19 flight risk from or a security threat to the courtroom.
- 20 (2) There are no less restrictive alternatives to
- 21 restraints that will prevent flight or physical harm to the
- juvenile or another person, including, but not limited to, the
- 23 presence of court personnel, law enforcement officers, or
- 24 bailiffs.
- 25 (c) Absent a contempt during a proceeding, the court
- 26 shall provide the juvenile's attorney an opportunity to be
- heard before the court orders the use of restraints. If

- restraints are ordered, the court shall make findings of fact in support of the order.
- 3 (d) The judge, at any time, may reconsider his or 4 her ruling upon obtaining new information regarding the 5 factors enumerated in subsection (b).

Section 2. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.