- 1 SB55
- 2 172743-1
- 3 By Senator Allen
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 02-FEB-16
- 6 PFD: 01/20/2016

1	172743-1:n:01/14/2016:JMH/th LRS2015-3430	
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing statutory law, grandparents
9		may petition for visitation with their
10		grandchildren under certain circumstances. The
11		Alabama Supreme Court declared parts of Alabama's
12		existing grandparent visitation law
13		unconstitutional.
14		This bill would repeal the existing
15		grandparent visitation law and replace it with a
16		new grandparent visitation law that requires the
17		petitioning grandparent to prove, by clear and
18		convincing evidence, that the grandparent has an
19		existing relationship with the grandchild and
20		visitation is in the best interest of the child.
21		This bill would specify the factors that establish
22		a significant and viable relationship for the
23		purposes of establishing clear and convincing
24		evidence. This bill would also establish the
25		criteria and procedures for filing a petition.
26		
27		A BILL

1	TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT	
3		
4	Relating to grandparent visitation; to establish	
5	procedures by which certain grandparents may petition for	
6	visitation with their grandchildren; to provide for the burden	
7	of proof of the petitioner; and to repeal Section 30-3-4.1 of	
8	the Code of Alabama 1975.	
9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:	
10	Section 1. (a) For the purposes of this section, the	
11	following words have the following meanings:	
12	(1) GRANDPARENT. The parent of a parent, whether the	
13	relationship is created biologically or by adoption.	
14	(2) HARM. A finding by the court, by clear and	
15	convincing evidence, that without court-ordered visitation by	
16	the grandparent, the child's emotional, mental, or physical	
17	well-being has been, could reasonably be, or would be	
18	jeopardized.	
19	(b) A grandparent may file an original action in a	
20	circuit court where his or her grandchild resides or any other	
21	court exercising jurisdiction with respect to the	
22	grandchild or file a motion to intervene in any action when	
23	any court in this state has before it any issue concerning	
24	custody of the grandchild, including a domestic relations	
25	proceeding involving the parent or parents of the grandchild,	
26	for reasonable visitation rights with respect to the	

grandchild if any of the following circumstances exist:

- 1 (1) An action for a divorce or legal separation of
  2 the parents has been filed, or the marital relationship
  3 between the parents of the child has been severed by death or
  4 divorce.
  - (2) The child was born out of wedlock and the petitioner is a maternal grandparent of the child.

- (3) The child was born out of wedlock, the petitioner is a paternal grandparent of the child, and paternity has been legally established.
- (4) An action to terminate the parental rights of a parent or parents has been filed or the parental rights of a parent has been terminated by court order; provided, however, the right of the grandparent to seek visitation terminates if the court approves a petition for adoption by an adoptive parent, unless the visitation rights are allowed pursuant to Section 26-10A-30, Code of Alabama 1975.
- (c)(1) There is a rebuttable presumption that a fit parent's decision to deny or limit visitation to the petitioner is in the best interest of the child.
- (2) To rebut the presumption, the petitioner shall prove by clear and convincing evidence, both of the following:
- a. The petitioner has established a significant and viable relationship with the child for whom he or she is requesting visitation.
- b. Visitation with the petitioner is in the best interest of the child.

1 (d) To establish a significant and viable 2 relationship with the child, the petitioner shall prove by 3 clear and convincing evidence any of the following:

- (1) a. The child resided with the petitioner for at least six consecutive months with or without a parent present.
- b. The petitioner was the caregiver to the child on a regular basis for at least six consecutive months.
- c. The petitioner had frequent or regular contact with the child for at least 12 consecutive months that resulted in a strong and meaningful relationship with the child.
- (2) Any other facts that establish the loss of the relationship between the petitioner and the child is likely to harm the child.
- (e) To establish that visitation with the petitioner is in the best interest of the child, the petitioner shall prove by clear and convincing evidence all of the following:
- (1) The petitioner has the capacity to give the child love, affection, and guidance.
- (2) The loss of an opportunity to maintain a significant and viable relationship between the petitioner and the child has caused or is reasonably likely to cause harm to the child.
- (3) The petitioner is willing to cooperate with the parent or parents if visitation with the child is allowed.
- (f) The court shall make specific written findings of fact in support of its rulings.

(g) (1) A grandparent or grandparents who are married to each other may not file a petition seeking an order for visitation more than once every 24 months absent a showing of good cause. The fact that a grandparent or grandparents who are married to each other have petitioned for visitation shall not preclude another grandparent from subsequently petitioning for visitation within the 24-month period. After an order for grandparent visitation has been granted, the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child may file a petition requesting the court to modify or terminate a grandparent's visitation time with a grandchild.

- (2) The court may modify or terminate visitation upon proof that a material change in circumstances has occurred since the award of grandparent visitation was made and a finding by the court that the modification or termination of the grandparent visitation rights is in the best interest of the child.
- (h) The court may award any party reasonable expenses incurred by or on behalf of the party, including costs, communication expenses, attorney's fees, guardian ad litem fees, investigative fees, expenses for court-appointed witnesses, travel expenses, and child care during the course of the proceedings.
- (i) (1) Notwithstanding any provisions of this act to the contrary, a petition filed by a grandparent having standing under Chapter 10A of Title 26 of the Code of Alabama 1975, seeking visitation shall be filed in probate court and

- is governed by Section 26-10A-30, Code of Alabama 1975, rather than by this act if either of the following circumstances exists:
  - a. The grandchild has been the subject of an adoption proceeding other than the one creating the grandparent relationship.

- b. The grandchild is the subject of a pending or finalized adoption proceeding.
  - (2) Notwithstanding any provisions of this act to the contrary, a grandparent seeking visitation pursuant to Section 12-15-314, Code of Alabama 1975, shall be governed by that section rather than by this act.
  - (3) Notwithstanding any provisions of this act to the contrary, a parent of a parent whose parental rights have been terminated by a court order in which the petitioner was the Department of Human Resources, shall not be awarded any visitation rights pursuant to this act.
  - (j) The right of a grandparent to maintain visitation rights pursuant to this section terminates upon the adoption of the child except as provided by Section 26-10A-30 of the Code of Alabama 1975.
  - (k) All of the following are necessary parties to any action filed under this act:
  - (1) Unless parental rights have been terminated, the parent or parents of the child.
    - (2) Every other person who has been awarded custody or visitation with the child pursuant to court order.

1 (3) Any agency having custody of the child pursuant to court order.

- (1) In addition, upon filing of the action, notice shall be given to all other grandparents of the child. The petition shall affirmatively state the name and address upon whom notice has been given.
- (m) Service and notice shall be made in the
  following manner:
- (1) Service of process on necessary parties shall be made in accordance with the Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (2) As to any other person to whom notice is required to be given under subsection (1), notice shall be given by first class mail to the last known address of the person or persons entitled to notice. Notice shall be effective on the third day following mailing.
- (n) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the notice requirements provided by this act may be limited or waived by the court to the extent necessary to protect the confidentiality and the health, safety, or liberty of a person or a child.
- (o) Upon filing an action under this section, after giving special weight to the fundamental right of a fit parent to decide which associations are in the best interest of his or her child, the court may enter a pendente lite order granting temporary visitation rights to a grandparent, pending a final order, if the court determines from the evidence that

- visitation would be in the best interest of the child and any of the following circumstances exist:
- 3 (1) The child resided with the grandparent for at least six consecutive months.

- (2) The grandparent was the caregiver of the child on a regular basis for at least six consecutive months.
- (3) The grandparent provided significant financial support for the child for at least six consecutive months.
- (4) The grandparent had frequent or regular contact with the child for at least 12 consecutive months.

Section 2. As a matter of public policy, this act recognizes the importance of family and the fundamental rights of parents and children. In the context of grandparent visitation under this act, a fit parent's decision regarding whether to permit grandparent visitation is entitled to special weight due to a parent's fundamental right to make decisions concerning the rearing of his or her child.

Nonetheless, a parent's interest in a child must be balanced against the long-recognized interests of the state as parens patriae. Thus, as applied to grandparent visitation under this act, this act balances the constitutional rights of parents and children by imposing an enhanced standard of review and consideration of the harm to a child caused by the parent's limitation or termination of a prior relationship of a child to his or her grandparent.

Section 3. Section 30-3-4.1, Code of Alabama 1975, is repealed.

Section 4. The provisions of this act are severable.

If any part of this act is declared invalid or

unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part

which remains.

Section 5. This act shall become effective on the

first day of the third month following its passage and

approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.