- 1 SB296
- 2 173577-1
- 3 By Senators Melson and McClendon
- 4 RFD: Health and Human Services
- 5 First Read: 24-FEB-16

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8	SYNOPSIS:	Existing law does not provide for the
9		prescribing of epinephrine auto-injectors to
10		entities such as summer camps, day care centers,
11		restaurants, places of employment, and other
12		entities for administration to an individual
13		experiencing a severe allergic reaction capable of
14		causing anaphylaxis.
15		This bill would create a program for the
16		prescribing of single dose epinephrine
17		auto-injectors to authorized entities for
18		administration to an individual experiencing a
19		severe allergic reaction.
20		This bill would provide immunity from
21		actions resulting from the dispensing of or
22		administration of epinephrine auto-injectors in
23		certain circumstances.
24		This bill would also authorize the State
25		Board of Health to promulgate rules.
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27		A BILL

1	TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT	
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4	Relating to auto-injectible epinephrine; to create a	
5	program for the prescribing of single dose epinephrine	
6	auto-injectors to authorized entities for use by laypersons to	
7	administer to an individual experiencing a severe allergic	
8	reaction; to provide immunity from actions resulting from the	
9	dispensing of or administration of epinephrine auto-injectors	
10	in certain circumstances; and to authorize the State Board of	
11	Health to adopt rules.	
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:	
13	Section 1. (a) As used in this section, the	
14	following words shall have the following meanings:	
15	(1) ADMINISTER. The direct application of an	
16	epinephrine auto-injector to the body of an individual.	
17	(2) AUTHORIZED ENTITY. Any entity or organization	
18	other than a K-12 public school subject to Section 16-1-48,	
19	Code of Alabama 1975, in connection with or at which allergens	
20	capable of causing anaphylaxis may be present, including, but	
21	not limited to, recreation camps, colleges and universities,	
22	day care facilities, youth sport leagues, amusement parks,	
23	restaurants, places of employment, and sports arenas.	
24	(3) EPINEPHRINE AUTO-INJECTOR. A single-use device	
25	used for the automatic injection of a premeasured dose of	
26	epinephrine into the human body.	

(4) MEDICAL PRACTITIONER. A physician or other individual licensed under Title 34, Code of Alabama 1975, authorized to treat, use, or prescribe medicine and drugs for sick and injured humans in this state.

- (5) PROVIDE. The supply of one or more epinephrine auto-injectors to an individual. As used in this section, the term should not be construed to include any managerial authority on behalf of the medical practitioner.
- (b) A medical practitioner may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of an authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists and medical providers may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in the name of any authorized entity. A prescription issued pursuant to this section shall be valid for two years.
- supply of epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section.

 Epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the epinephrine auto-injector's instructions for use and any additional requirements that may be established by the State Board of Health. An authorized entity shall designate employees or agents who have completed training required by this section to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.

(d) An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other individual who has completed the training required by this section, may use epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this section to do either of the following:

- (1) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to an individual who the employee, agent, or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, or the parent, guardian, or caregiver of the individual, for immediate administration, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- (2) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee, agent, or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- (e) An employee, agent, or other individual described in subsection (c) or (d) shall complete an initial anaphylaxis training program and shall complete subsequent training programs at least every two years thereafter.

 Training shall be conducted by a nationally recognized organization experienced in training laypersons in emergency health treatment or an entity or individual approved by the Department of Public Health. The Department of Public Health may approve specific entities or individuals or may approve classes of entities or individuals to conduct training. The

entity that conducts the training shall issue a certificate,
on a form developed by the Department of Public Health, to
each individual who successfully completes the anaphylaxis
training program. Training may be conducted online or in
person and, at a minimum, shall cover all of the following:

- (1) How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis.
- (2) Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine auto-injector.
 - (3) Emergency follow-up procedures.
- (f) The following persons shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any act or omissions taken pursuant to this section, provided, however, this immunity does not apply to acts or omissions constituting willful or wanton conduct:
- (1) An authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other individuals.
- (2) An individual or entity that conducts the training described in this section.
- (g) All of the following individuals are immune from any civil or criminal liability for actions authorized under this section:
- (1) A physician who prescribes or dispenses an epinephrine auto-injector pursuant to this section, or who is consulted pursuant to this section, and who has no managerial

authority over the individual administering the epinephrine auto-injector.

- (2) A pharmacist who dispenses an epinephrine auto-injector pursuant to this section and who has no managerial authority over the individual administering the epinephrine auto-injector.
- (h) The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section is not the practice of medicine, except for licensed health care professionals, nor is it the practice of another profession that otherwise requires licensure. This section does not alter or replace any other immunity or defense that may be available under state law.
- (i) (1) An authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors shall submit to the Department of Public Health, on a form developed by the Department of Public Health, a report of each incident on the authorized entity's premises that involves the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector pursuant to subsection (c). The Department of Public Health shall annually publish a report that summarizes and analyzes all reports submitted to it under this subsection.
- (2) The State Board of Health may adopt rules necessary to carry out the intent of this section.

Section 2. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.