- 1 SB238
- 2 165391-1
- 3 By Senator Dial
- 4 RFD: Health and Human Services
- 5 First Read: 17-MAR-15

1	165391-1:n:03/10/2015:PMG/cj LRS2015-945
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would require hospitals to provide
9	a designated caregiver of a patient, prior to
10	discharge from the hospital, with a discharge plan
11	describing the patient's aftercare needs.
12	This bill would authorize the Alabama
13	Department of Public Health to promulgate rules.
14	This bill would also clarify that this act
15	would not interfere with the rights of an agent
16	operating under a valid advance directive for
17	health care.
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19	A BILL
20	TO BE ENTITLED
21	AN ACT
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23	Relating to caregivers; to require hospitals to
24	provide a designated caregiver of a patient, prior to
25	discharge from the hospital, with a discharge plan describing
26	the patient's aftercare needs; to authorize the Alabama
27	Department of Public Health to promulgate rules; and to

clarify that this act would not interfere with the rights of an agent operating under a valid advance directive for health care.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Caregiver Advise, Record, and Enable Act" or "CARE Act."

Section 2. As used in this act, the following words have the following meanings:

- (1) AFTERCARE. Any assistance provided by a designated caregiver to an individual under this act after the patient's discharge from a hospital. Such assistance may include, but shall not be limited to, assistance with basic activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, carrying out medical/nursing tasks, such as managing wound care, assisting in administering medications, and operation of medical equipment.
- (2) CAREGIVER. Any individual 18 years of age or older, including next of kin, duly designated as a caregiver pursuant to the provisions of this act who provides aftercare assistance to a patient residing in the patient's own home.
- (3) DISCHARGE. A patient's exit or release from a hospital to the patient's residence following any medical care, treatment, or observation.
- (4) ENTRY. A patient's entrance into a hospital for the purposes of medical care, treatment, or observation. A patient need not be formally admitted to a hospital to meet

- the provisions of this definition for the purposes of this act.
- 3 (5) HOSPITAL. A facility licensed pursuant to the 4 provisions of Chapter 21, Title 22, Code of Alabama 1975.

(6) RESIDENCE. A dwelling considered by a patient to be his or her home, not including any hospital, nursing home or group home, or assisted living facility.

Section 3. (a) Hospitals shall provide each patient or the patient's legal guardian with an opportunity to designate at least one caregiver no later than 24 hours following the patient's entry into a hospital and prior to the patient's discharge or transfer to another facility in accordance with this subsection.

- (1) In the event the patient is unconscious or otherwise incapacitated upon entry to the hospital, the hospital shall provide the patient or the patient's legal guardian with an opportunity to designate a caregiver within 24 hours following the patient's recovery of consciousness or capacity.
- (2) In the event the patient or the patient's legal guardian declines to designate a caregiver under this act, the hospital shall promptly document such in the patient's medical record.
- (3) In the event that the patient or the patient's legal guardian designates an individual as a caregiver under this act, the hospital shall promptly request the written consent of the patient or the patient's legal guardian to

release medical information to the patient's designated

caregiver pursuant to the hospital's established procedures

for releasing personal health information and in compliance

with applicable state and federal law.

- (4) If the patient or the patient's legal guardian declines to consent to the release of medical information to the patient's designated caregiver, the hospital is not required to provide notice to the caregiver pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of Section 4.
- (5) The hospital shall record the patient's designation of a caregiver, the relationship of the caregiver to the patient, and the name, telephone number, and physical address of the patient's designated caregiver in the patient's medical record.
- (b) A patient may elect to change his or her designated caregiver at any time. Any requested change shall be recorded in the patient's medical record by the hospital within 24 hours.
- (c) Designation of a caregiver by a patient or a patient's legal guardian pursuant to the provisions of this act does not obligate any individual to perform any aftercare tasks for the patient.
- (d) This section shall not be construed so as to require a patient or a patient's legal guardian to designate any individual as a caregiver as defined by this act.
- Section 4. (a) A hospital shall notify the patient's designated caregiver of the patient's discharge or transfer to

another licensed facility as soon as practicable and prior to the patient's actual discharge or transfer to such facility.

- (b) Prior to a patient's discharge from a hospital, the hospital shall consult with the designated caregiver regarding the caregiver's capabilities and limitations and issue a discharge plan describing a patient's aftercare needs at the patient's residence. At a minimum, the discharge plan shall include all of the following:
- (1) The name and contact information of the designated caregiver.
- (2) A description of all aftercare tasks necessary to maintain the patient's ability to reside at the patient's residence, taking into account the capabilities and limitations of the caregiver.
- (3) Contact information for any health care provider or other community resources necessary to successfully administer the patient's discharge plan.
- (c) (1) The facility issuing the discharge plan shall provide the caregiver with an opportunity to receive instruction in all aftercare tasks described in the discharge plan. At a minimum, such instruction shall include a live demonstration of the tasks to be performed by a hospital employee authorized to perform the aftercare task, and an opportunity for the caregiver to inquire about aftercare tasks and answers to questions posed by the caregiver.
- (2) Any instruction required under this act shall be documented in the patient's medical record, including the date

and time instruction was offered to the caregiver and notation of whether the caregiver accepted, refused, or failed to respond to the offer of instruction.

(d) The Alabama Department of Public Health may promulgate and adopt rules necessary to implement the provisions of this act pursuant to the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act.

Section 5. Nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the rights of an agent operating under a valid advance directive for health care as provided for in Chapter 8A, Title 22, Code of Alabama 1975, provided that any advance directive for health care claimed to be in conflict with the provisions of this act must be operative prior to the patient's entry into the hospital.

Section 6. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.