- 1 SB33
- 2 170836-1
- 3 By Senator Orr
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation General Fund
- 5 First Read: 03-AUG-15

1	170836-1:n:07/10/2015:LFO-LC/bdl
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would establish the Judicial
9	Resources Allocation Commission, establish the
10	criteria for determining the need for increasing or
11	decreasing the number of judgeships in each
12	district court and circuit court, and authorize the
13	Judicial Resources Allocation Commission to
14	reallocate judgeships based on such criteria.
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16	A BILL
17	TO BE ENTITLED
18	AN ACT
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20	Relating to courts; to establish the Judicial
21	Resources Allocation Commission; to establish the criteria for
22	determining the need for increasing or decreasing the number
23	of judgeships in district courts and circuit courts; and to
24	authorize the Judicial Resources Allocation Commission to
25	reallocate judgeships based on such criteria.
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

- Section 1. (a) A permanent study commission on the
 judicial resources in Alabama is hereby created and shall be
 known as the Judicial Resources Allocation Commission. The
 Judicial Resources Allocation Commission shall be composed of
 the following members:
 - (1) The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Alabama, who shall serve as chair.

- (2) The legal advisor to the Governor of Alabama.
- 9 (3) Three incumbent circuit judges appointed by the 10 President of the Circuit Judges Association.
 - (4) Three incumbent district judges appointed by the President of the District Judges Association.
 - (5) Three licensed attorneys appointed by the President of the Alabama State Bar.
 - (b) The membership of the Judicial Resources
 Allocation Commission shall be inclusive and reflect the
 racial, gender, geographic, urban/rural, and economic
 diversity of the state.
 - (c) The Judicial Resources Allocation Commission shall annually review the need for increasing or decreasing the number of judgeships in each district court and circuit court using the following criteria:
 - (1) Judicial Weighted Caseload Study, as adopted by the Alabama Supreme Court;
 - (2) Population of the district or circuit as determined on the basis of the most recent decennial census of

the United States or annual population estimates prepared by
the United States Bureau of the Census;

- (3) Judicial duties in the district or circuit; and
- (4) Any other information deemed relevant by the Judicial Resources Allocation Commission.
- (d) Based on the criteria in subsection (c), the Judicial Resources Allocation Commission shall annually determine the need for increasing or decreasing judgeships in the district and circuit courts and rank each court accordingly. The Judicial Resources Allocation Commission shall provide this list to the Governor and the Legislature no later than 30 days after it is completed.

Section 2. (a) Only in the event of a vacancy due to death, retirement, resignation, or removal from office of a district or circuit judge, the Judicial Resources Allocation Commission shall have 30 days to determine whether to reallocate such judgeship to another district or circuit. The Judicial Resources Allocation Commission may also choose to reallocate a judgeship if the incumbent judge shall not be eligible to run for reelection as a result of the age limitation provided for in Section 155 of the Constitution of Alabama 1901, as amended, by notifying the Secretary of State no later than 90 days prior to the close of qualifying for candidates to run for such judgeship. In determining whether to reallocate such judgeship, the Judicial Resources Allocation Commission shall consider the need based on the district and court rankings as determined pursuant to Section

1. However, in no event shall the Judicial Resources
Allocation Commission reallocate a judgeship to another
district or circuit if doing so would cause the district or
circuit from which the judgeship was being removed to move
into the ten counties in most need of a district judge or the
ten circuits in most need of a circuit judge based on the
rankings provided pursuant to Section 1. Additionally, each
county shall continue to have at least one district judge.

- (b) In the event the Judicial Resources Allocation Commission chooses not to reallocate the vacant judgeship within the 30 days prescribed in subsection (a), the vacancy shall be filled according to law in the district or circuit in which the judgeship is located.
- (c) In the event the Judicial Resources Allocation Commission chooses to reallocate the vacant judgeship within the 30 days prescribed in subsection (a), the vacancy shall be filled according to law for the district or circuit to which the judgeship is reallocated. The person appointed to fill the judgeship shall serve the required time period pursuant to law before running for election, at which time the reallocated judgeship shall be subject to election in the district or circuit to which the judgeship was reallocated.
- (d) Upon the reallocation of the judgeship, all remaining judgeships in the district or circuit from which the judgeship was reallocated shall be renumbered appropriately.

 Additionally, the state resources allocated to fund such

judgeship shall continue to fund the judgeship in the district or circuit to which it was reallocated.

Section 3. A district or circuit judge appointed to a reallocated judgeship pursuant to this act shall have and exercise all jurisdiction, power, rights, and authority and shall possess all of the qualifications, perform all of the duties, and shall be subject to all of the responsibilities and duties of the office to which other district or circuit judges are subject.

Section 4. The annual compensation of the circuit or district judges appointed pursuant to this act shall be in accordance with Chapter 10A of Title 12, Code of Alabama 1975.

Section 5. (a) No later than January 1, 2016, the Alabama Supreme Court shall revise the factors considered in the Judicial Weighted Caseload Study to uniformly, fairly, and accurately account for criminal cases by counts brought against a defendant.

(b) No judgeship shall be reallocated until three years of data is available after the revision of the factors considered in the Judicial Weighted Caseload Study as provided in this section.

Section 6. All laws or parts of laws which conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Section 7. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.