- 1 HB40
- 2 171597-1
- 3 By Representative Patterson
- 4 RFD: Ways and Means Education
- 5 First Read: 10-SEP-15

1	171597-1:n:09/01/2015:LFO-RR/bdl
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8	SYNOPSIS: Currently, taxpayers are allowed to claim a
9	deduction for capital losses that may be in excess
10	of the amounts allowable for federal tax purposes.
11	This bill would make Alabama's capital loss
12	limitations consistent with its federal
13	counterparts.
14	
15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
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19	To amend Section 40-18-8, Code of Alabama 1975, to
20	provide for a limit on the amount of capital losses claimed to
21	be the lesser of any excess losses over capital gains or the
22	federal limit.
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
24	Section 1. Section 40-18-8, Code of Alabama 1975, is
25	hereby amended to read as follows:
26	"\$40-18-8.

"(a) General rule. Except as provided in this 1 2 section, upon the sale or exchange of property, the entire 3 amount of the gain or loss determined under Section 40-18-7 shall be recognized. The losses determined under Section 4 5 40-18-7 may be utilized to affect gains determined under Section 40-18-7. Any such losses in excess of such gain shall 6 7 be allowed as a deduction only to the extent permitted under 26 U.S.C. § 1211. Unutilized net losses may be carried forward 8 to subsequent years until exhausted. 9

10 "(b) Exchange of stock for stock of same 11 corporation. No gain or loss shall be recognized if common 12 stock in a corporation is exchanged solely for common stock in 13 the same corporation, or if preferred stock in a corporation 14 is exchanged solely for preferred stock in the same 15 corporation.

16 "(c) Like-kind exchanges. If an exchange of property 17 satisfies the requirements of 26 U.S.C. § 1031, relating to 18 like-kind exchanges, then the amount of gain or loss 19 recognized in the exchange shall be determined in accordance 20 with 26 U.S.C. § 1031.

"(d) Involuntary conversions. If a taxpayer validly elects to determine the amount of gain recognized for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C. § 1033, relating to involuntary conversions, the amount of gain recognized shall be determined in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 1033.

"(e) Transfer of property to corporation controlledby transferor. If property is transferred to a corporation in

a transaction which satisfies the requirements of 26 U.S.C. §
351, relating to transfers to corporations controlled by the
transferor, the amount of gain or loss recognized shall be
determined in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 351, as modified by
26 U.S.C. § 357, relating to the recognition of gain as a
result of the transferee corporation's assumption of
liabilities.

"(f) Reorganizations. In the case of a
reorganization defined in 26 U.S.C. § 368, relating to
definitions applicable to corporate reorganizations, or a
distribution, other than a reorganization, subject to 26
U.S.C. § 355, the amount of gain or loss recognized shall be
determined in accordance with 26 U.S.C. §§ 354, 355, 356, 361,
371, and 374.

"(g) Exchange of stock for property. No gain or loss shall be recognized by a corporation on the receipt of money or other property in exchange for stock, including treasury stock, of the corporation or with respect to the acquisition or lapse of an option to buy or sell its stock.

"(h) Complete liquidation of subsidiaries. No gain or loss shall be recognized on the receipt by a corporation of property on the complete liquidation of a subsidiary corporation when the requirements of 26 U.S.C. § 332, relating to complete liquidation of subsidiaries, are satisfied.

"(i) Gain or loss on sales or exchanges in
connection with certain liquidations. The amount of gain or
loss recognized by a corporation on the sale or exchange of

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property shall be determined in accordance with 26 U.S.C. §
 337 if every requirement for the application of 26 U.S.C. §
 337 is satisfied.

4 "(j) Election under 26 U.S.C. § 338. If a valid
5 election under 26 U.S.C. § 338 is made, the amount of gain
6 recognized by the target corporation shall be determined in
7 accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 338.

8 "(k) Taxability of corporation on distribution. The 9 amount of gain recognized by a corporation on the distribution 10 of its stock, rights to acquire its stock, or property shall 11 be determined in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 311, relating to 12 taxability of corporations on distributions.

"(1) Gain recognized on liquidation. The amount of gain recognized by a liquidating corporation on the distribution of its property in complete liquidation shall be determined in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 336.

17 "(m) Gain or loss on property transferred to spouse 18 or former spouse. The amount of gain or loss on the transfer 19 of property to a spouse or former spouse shall be determined 20 in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 1041.

"(n) Sales of stock to employee stock ownership plans or certain cooperatives. The amount of gain recognized by a taxpayer who has validly elected to determine the amount of gain recognized for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C. § 1042, relating to sales of stock to employee stock ownership plans or certain cooperatives, shall be determined in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 1042. If a taxpayer disposes

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of any qualified replacement property and recognizes gain under 26 U.S.C. § 1042(e), then, notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, gain, if any, shall be recognized to the same extent and at the same time for purposes of this chapter as under 26 U.S.C. § 1042(e). The term "qualified replacement property" shall have the meaning set forth in 26 U.S.C. § 1042.

8 "(o) Contribution of property to subchapter K 9 entity. The amount of gain or loss recognized on the 10 contribution of property to a subchapter K entity in exchange 11 for an interest in the subchapter K entity shall be determined 12 in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 721.

"(p) Distribution of property by subchapter K entity. The amount of gain or loss recognized on the distribution of property by a subchapter K entity shall be determined in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 731.

"(q) Transfer of property to trust. Gain or loss
shall not be recognized on the transfer of property to a
trust.

"(r) Nonrecognition treatment for certain transfers from common trust funds to regulated investment companies. The tax consequences of the transfer of assets of a common trust fund in exchange for stock in one or more regulated investment companies and the tax consequences of the distribution of the stock to the participants of the common trust fund shall be determined in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 584."

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Section 2. This act shall become effective
 immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor, or
 its otherwise becoming law.