- 1 SB11
- 2 168718-4
- 3 By Senators Figures and Glover (N & P)
- 4 RFD: Local Legislation, Mobile County
- 5 First Read: 08-SEP-15

1	168718-4:n:08/24/2015:FC*/th LRS2015-1882R3
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would apply only to Class 2
9	municipalities and would authorize the
10	establishment of Redevelopment Authorities in the
11	municipalities to finance projects in development
12	areas to revitalize and redevelop blighted or
13	economically distressed areas of the
14	municipalities.
15	
16	A BILL
17	TO BE ENTITLED
18	AN ACT
19	
20	Relating to Class 2 municipalities; to authorize the
21	establishment of Redevelopment Authorities in the
22	municipalities to finance projects in development areas to
23	revitalize and redevelop blighted or economically distressed
24	areas of the municipalities.
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
26	Section 1. This act shall only apply in a Class 2
27	municipality.

Section 2. Chapter 54C is added to Title 11, Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

Chapter 54C. REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITIES IN CLASS 2

MUNICIPALITIES.

\$11-54C-1. Purposes; Legislative intent.

The revitalization and redevelopment of areas within Class 2 municipalities which are used predominantly for business, commercial, industrial, or residential purposes within the development area thereof, develop and promote the public good and general welfare of municipalities and the state by creating a climate favorable to the location of new industry, trade, commerce, and housing opportunities. The establishment and financing of projects under this chapter will be in furtherance of such purposes. It is therefore in the public interest and is vital to the public welfare of the people of Class 2 municipalities and it is hereby declared to be the public purpose of this chapter, to so revitalize and redevelop areas which are used predominately for business, commercial, industrial, and residential purposes within the development area.

\$11-54C-2. Definitions.

The following words and phrases used in this chapter, and others evidently intended as the equivalent thereof, in the absence of clear implication herein otherwise, shall be given the following respective interpretations herein:

- 1 (1) APPLICANT. A natural person who files a written 2 application with the governing body of any city in accordance 3 with Section 11-54C-4.
- 4 (2) AUTHORITY. Any redevelopment authority organized 5 pursuant to this chapter.

6

7

8

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- (3) AUTHORIZING RESOLUTION. A resolution adopted by the governing body of any city in accordance with Section 11-54C-4, that authorizes the incorporation of the authority.
- 9 (4) BLIGHTED OR ECONOMICALLY DISTRESSED AREA. A
  10 blighted or economically distressed area as defined in Section
  11 11-99-2(1), as that section may hereafter be modified or
  12 amended.
  - (5) BOARD. The board of directors of the authority.
  - (6) BONDS. Shall include bonds, notes, and certificates representing an obligation to pay money.
  - (7) CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT. The central business district of the municipality as defined and determined by the governing body of the municipality from time to time for purposes of this chapter.
  - (8) CITY. Any Class 2 municipality in the State of Alabama with respect to which a redevelopment authority may be organized.
  - (9) DIRECTOR. A member of the board of the authority.
- 25 (10) DEVELOPMENT AREA. The central business district 26 and any area or district within the municipality which is not

1 more than five miles from the perimeter of the central 2 business district.

- 3 (11) GOVERNING BODY. With respect to any Class 2 4 municipality, its city council, board of commissioners, or 5 other like governing body.
  - (12) INCORPORATORS. The persons forming a public corporation organized pursuant to this chapter.
  - (13) PERSON. Unless limited to a natural person by the context in which it is used, includes a public or private corporation, a municipality, a county, or an agency, department, or instrumentality of the state, or of a county or municipality.
    - (14) PRINCIPAL OFFICE. The place at which the certificate of incorporation and amendments thereto, the bylaws, and the minutes of the proceedings of the board of the authority are kept.
    - (15) PROJECT. Interests in land, buildings, structures, facilities, or other real property or improvements located or to be located within the development area, and any fixtures, machinery, equipment, furniture, or other property of any kind and nature whatsoever used on, in, or in connection with any such land, interest in land, building, structure, facility, or other improvements, all for the essential public purpose of the development of housing, trade, commerce, industry, and employment opportunities in the development area. A project may be for:

a. If located within the central business district,

any industrial, commercial, business, office, parking,

utility, residential, including, without limitation, homes,

apartments, townhouses, condominiums, hotels, and motels,

retail commercial or other use, provided that a majority of

the members of the authority determine, by a resolution duly

adopted, that the project and the use thereof would further

the public purpose of this chapter.

- b. If located outside the central business district and three miles or less from the perimeter of the central business district,
- 1. Any industrial, commercial, business, office, parking, utility, retail commercial or other use, provided that a majority of the members of the authority determine, by a resolution duly adopted, that the project and the use thereof would further the public purpose of this chapter; or
- 2. Any residential use, including, without limitation, homes, apartments, townhouses, condominiums, hotels, and motels, provided that a majority of the authority determine, by a resolution duly adopted, that the project is in a blighted or economically distressed area and that the project and the use thereof would further the public purpose of this chapter.
- c. If located more than three miles but less than five miles from the perimeter of the central business district; any industrial, commercial, business, office, parking, utility, residential, including, without limitation,

homes, apartments, townhouses, condominiums, hotels, and
motels, retail commercial or other use, provided that a
majority of the members of the authority determine, by a
resolution duly adopted, that the project is in a blighted or
economically distressed area and that the project and the use
thereof would further the public purpose of this chapter.

(16) STATE. The State of Alabama.

\$11-54C-3. Use of phrases.

The following provisions shall be applied wherever appropriate in this chapter:

"Herein," "hereby," "hereunder," "hereof," and other equivalent words refer to this chapter as an entirety and not solely to the particular section or portion thereof in which any such word is used.

The definitions set forth in Section 11-54C-2 shall be deemed to include both singular and plural and to cover all genders.

\$11-54C-4. Filing of application; authorization of incorporation by governing body of city.

An authority may be organized pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. In order to incorporate such a public corporation, any number of natural persons, not less than three, who are duly qualified electors of the city, shall first file a written application with the governing body of the city, which application shall:

1 (1) Contain a statement that the applicants propose 2 to incorporate the authority pursuant to the provisions of 3 this chapter;

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- (2) State the proposed location of the principal office of the authority, which shall be within the corporate limits of the city;
- (3) State that each of the applicants is a duly qualified elector of the city; and
- (4) Request that the governing body of the city adopt a resolution declaring that it is wise, expedient, and necessary that the proposed authority be formed and authorizing the applicants to proceed to form the proposed authority by the filing for record of a certificate of incorporation in accordance with the provisions of Section 11-54C-5. Every application shall be accompanied by such supporting documents or evidence as the applicants may consider appropriate. As promptly as may be practicable after the filing of the application with it in accordance with the provisions of this section, the governing body of the city shall review the contents of the application, and shall adopt a resolution either (1) denying the application or (2) declaring that it is wise, expedient, and necessary that the proposed authority be formed and authorizing the applicants to proceed to form the proposed authority by filing for record of a certificate of incorporation in accordance with the provisions of Section 11-54C-5. The governing body with which the application is filed shall also cause a copy of the

application to be spread upon or otherwise made a part of the minutes of the meeting of such governing body at which final action upon the application is taken.

§11-54C-5. Procedure to incorporate; contents and execution of certificate of incorporation.

Within 40 days following the adoption of the authorizing resolution, the applicants shall proceed to incorporate the authority by filing for record in the office of the judge of probate of the county wherein the city is located a certificate of incorporation which shall comply in form and substance with the requirements of this section and which shall be in the form and executed in the manner herein provided.

The certificate of incorporation of the authority shall state all of the following:

- (1) The names of the persons forming the authority, and that each of them is a duly qualified elector of the city.
- (2) The name of the authority, which shall include the name of the city in its title as follows:

The \_\_\_\_\_ Redevelopment Authority.

- (3) The period for the duration of the authority, if the duration is to be perpetual, subject to the provisions of Section 11-54C-20, that fact shall be stated.
- (4) The name of the city together with the date on which the governing body thereof adopted the authorizing resolution.

1 (5) The location of the principal office of the 2 authority, which shall be within the corporate limits of the 3 city.

5

25

26

27

- (6) That the authority is organized pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- 6 (7) Any other matters relating to the authority that 7 the incorporators may choose to insert and that are not inconsistent with this chapter or with the laws of the state. 8 9 The certificate of incorporation shall be signed and acknowledged by the incorporators before an officer authorized 10 by the laws of the state to take acknowledgments to deeds. 11 12 When the certificate of incorporation is filed for record, there shall be attached to it (1) a copy of the application as 13 14 filed with the governing body of the city in accordance with 15 Section 11-54C-4, and (2) a certified copy of the authorizing resolution adopted by the governing body of the city. Upon the 16 17 filing for record of the certificate of incorporation and the documents required by the preceding sentence to be attached 18 thereto, the authority shall come into existence and shall 19 20 constitute a public corporation under the name set forth in 21 the certificate of incorporation. The judge of probate shall 22 thereupon send notice to the Secretary of State that the 23 certificate of incorporation of the authority has been filed 24 for record.

\$11-54C-6. Amendment to certificate of incorporation of authority formed under this chapter or under Chapter 54A of this title.

Any authority incorporated by a Class 2 municipality and existing under this chapter, or existing under Chapter 54A of this title (Sections 11-54A-1 through 11-54A-25, inclusive), as amended, may at any time amend its certificate of incorporation under the provisions of this chapter so as to include in the certificate of incorporation any provision that may lawfully be included in an original certificate of incorporation made and filed under this chapter. Any such amendment shall be effected and made in the manner provided in this chapter. The board shall first adopt a resolution proposing an amendment to the certificate of incorporation which shall be set forth in full in the resolution and which amendment may include any matters which might have been included in an original certificate of incorporation made and filed under this chapter.

After the adoption by the board of a resolution proposing an amendment to the certificate of incorporation of the authority, the chair of the board and the secretary of the authority shall sign and file a written application in the name of and on behalf of the authority, under its seal, with the governing body of the city, requesting such governing body to adopt a resolution approving the proposed amendment, and accompanied by a certified copy of the resolution adopted by the board proposing the amendment to the certificate of incorporation, together with such documents in support of the application as the chair may consider appropriate. As promptly as may be practicable after the filing of the application with

the governing body of the city pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this section, that governing body shall review the application and shall adopt a resolution either denying the application or authorizing the proposed amendment. Such governing body shall also cause a copy of the application and all accompanying documents to be spread upon or otherwise made a part of the minutes of the meeting of the governing body at which final action upon the application is taken.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Within 40 days following the adoption by the governing body of the city of a resolution approving the proposed amendment the chair of the board of the authority and the secretary of the authority shall sign and file for record in the office of the judge of probate of the county of incorporation a certificate in the name of and in behalf of the authority under its seal reciting the adoption of the respective resolutions by the board and by the governing body and setting forth the proposed amendment. The judge of probate for such county shall thereupon record such certificate in an appropriate book in his or her office. When such certificate has been so filed and recorded, such amendment shall become effective and the certificate of incorporation shall thereupon be amended to the extent provided in the amendment. No certificate of incorporation of the authority shall be amended except in the manner provided in this section.

\$11-54C-7. Board of directors; election, terms, eligibility, etc.

Each authority shall be governed by a board of directors. All powers of the authority shall be exercised by the board or pursuant to its authorization. The board shall consist of 11 directors. Each director shall be a duly qualified elector of the city and shall demonstrate to the respective appointing authority training or professional qualifications in at least one of the following subjects: (1) community or economic development; (2) planning, architecture, or urban design; (3) engineering or construction management; (4) finance; (5) law; (6) public relations or marketing; or (7) public administration. The directors shall be selected as follows: eight appointed by the city council, of which one appointment shall be a member of the council appointed to serve as an ex officio member, and three appointed by the mayor of the city. The initial board of directors shall serve staggered terms as hereinafter provided: One mayoral appointee and two council appointees shall serve two years; one mayoral appointee and three council appointees shall serve three years; and one mayoral appointee and two council appointees shall serve four years. Thereafter, the term of office of each director shall be six years except that the term of the ex officio member shall be limited to two years or less. The ex officio member shall not serve consecutive terms. If at the expiration of any term of office of any director, a successor thereto shall not have been elected, then the director whose term of office shall have expired shall continue to hold office until his or her successor shall be so appointed. If at

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

any time there should be a vacancy on the board, a successor director to serve for the unexpired term applicable to such vacancy shall be appointed by the mayor, if the mayor appointed the director whose position has been vacated, or the city council, if the city council appointed the director whose position has been vacated. Directors shall be eligible for reappointment. Each director shall be reimbursed for expenses actually incurred by him or her in and about the performance of his or her duties. Any director of the authority may be impeached and removed from office in the same manner and on the same grounds provided in Section 175 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901 and the general laws of the state for impeachment and removal of the officers mentioned in Section 175.

§11-54C-8. Officers of authority.

The officers of the authority shall consist of a chair, vice chair, secretary, treasurer, and such other officers as its board shall deem necessary or appropriate. The offices of secretary and treasurer may, but need not, be held by the same person. The chair and vice chair of the authority shall be elected by the board from the membership thereof; the secretary, the treasurer, and any other officers of the authority may, but need not, be members of the board and shall also be elected by the board. The chair, vice chair, secretary, and treasurer of the authority shall also be the chair, vice chair, secretary, and treasurer of the board, respectively.

Prior to receipt by the authority of any tax revenues from the city, any county, state, or federal governments, the treasurer of the authority shall provide evidence to the governmental entity from which the funds are to be received of procurement of a fidelity bond in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of tax funds to be received and that the company issuing the bond is qualified to issue fidelity bonds in the State of Alabama.

§11-54C-9. Powers of authority; all projects to be in development area.

The authority shall have the following powers, together with all powers incidental thereto or necessary to the discharge thereof in corporate form:

- (1) To have succession by its corporate name for the duration of time, which may be perpetuity, subject to Section 11-54C-20, specified in its certificate of incorporation.
- (2) To sue and be sued in its own name and to prosecute and defend civil actions in any court having jurisdiction of the subject matter and of the parties.
- (3) To adopt and make use of a corporate seal and to alter the same at pleasure.
- (4) To adopt and alter bylaws for the regulation and conduct of its affairs and business.
- (5) To acquire, whether by purchase, construction, exchange, gift, lease, or otherwise and to refinance existing indebtedness on, improve, maintain, equip, and furnish one or more projects, including all real and personal properties

which the board of the authority may deem necessary in connection therewith, regardless of whether or not any such projects shall then be in existence.

- (6) To lease to others any or all of its projects and to charge and collect rent therefor, and to terminate any such lease upon the failure of the lessee to comply with any of the obligations thereof.
- (7) To sell, exchange, donate, or convey and to grant options to any lessee to acquire any of its projects and any or all of its properties whenever its board shall find any such action to be in furtherance of the purposes for which the authority was organized.
- (8) To issue its bonds for the purpose of carrying out any of its powers.
- (9) To mortgage and pledge any or all of its projects or any part or parts thereof, as security for the payment of the principal of and interest on any bonds so issued and any agreements made in connection therewith, whether then owned or thereafter acquired, and to pledge the revenues and receipts therefrom or from any thereof.
- (10) To execute and deliver, in accordance with this section and Section 11-54C-10, mortgages and deeds of trust and trust indentures, or either.
- (11) To finance, by loan, grant, lease, or otherwise, construct, erect, assemble, purchase, acquire, own, repair, remodel, renovate, rehabilitate, modify, maintain, extend, improve, install, sell, equip, expand, add to,

operate, or manage projects and to pay the cost of any project from the proceeds of bonds, or any other funds of the authority, or from any contributions or loans by persons, corporations, partnerships, limited or general, or other entities, all of which the authority is hereby authorized to receive and accept and use.

- (12) To issue and use the proceeds thereof for the purpose of paying, or loaning the proceeds thereof to pay all or any part of the cost of any project and otherwise to further or carry out the public purpose of the authority and to pay all costs of the authority incident to, or necessary and appropriate to, furthering or carrying out such purpose.
- any federal, state, county, or municipal government or agency or to any other source, public or private, for loans, grants, guarantees, or other financial assistance in furtherance of the authority's public purpose and to accept and use the same upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by such federal, state, county, or municipal government or agency or other source.
- (14) To enter into agreements with the federal government or any agency thereof to use facilities or the services of the federal government or any agency thereof in order to further or carry out the public purposes of the authority.
- (15) To contract for any period with the state, state institutions, or any city, town, municipality, or county

of the state for the use by the authority of any facilities or services of the state or any such state institution, city, town, municipality, or county, or for the use by any state institution or any city, town, municipality, or county of any facilities or services of the authority, provided such contracts shall deal with such activities and transactions as the authority and any such political subdivision with which the authority contracts are by law authorized to undertake.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

(16) To extend credit or make loans to any person, corporation, partnership, limited or general, or other entity for the costs of any project or any part of the costs of any project, which credit or loans may be evidenced or secured by loan agreements, notes, mortgages, deeds to secure debt, trust deeds, security agreements, assignments, or such other instruments, or by rentals, revenues, fees, or charges, upon such terms and conditions as the authority shall determine to be reasonable in connection with such extension of credit or loans, including provision for the establishment and maintenance of reserve funds, and, in the exercise of powers granted hereby in connection with any project, the authority may require the inclusion in any such loan agreement, note, mortgage, deed to secure debt, trust deed, security agreement, assignment, or other instrument of the provisions or requirements for guaranty of any obligations, insurance, construction, use, operation, maintenance, and financing of a project, and such other terms and conditions, as the authority may deem necessary or desirable.

interests, security interests, or other interests in any real property, personal property, or fixtures by loan agreement, note, mortgage, deed to secure debt, trust deed, security agreement, assignment, pledge, conveyance, contract, lien, loan agreement, or other consensual transfer in order to secure the repayment of any moneys loaned or credit extended by the authority.

- (18) To appoint, employ, contract with, and provide for the compensation of, such officers, employees, and agents, including without limitation, engineers, attorneys, contractors, consultants, and fiscal advisors, as the board shall deem necessary for the conduct of the business of the authority.
- (19) To provide the insurance as the board may deem advisable.
- (20) To make, enter into, and execute such contracts, agreements, leases, and other instruments and to take such other actions as may be necessary or convenient to accomplish any purpose for which the authority was organized or to exercise any power expressly granted hereunder.
- (21) To require payments in lieu of taxes, other than any sales or use taxes levied by the state or the local sales, use, or excise taxes required by state laws to be administered in a parallel manner to state sales or use taxes, to be made by the lessee of the project to either the authority or the city. The powers granted in this subdivision

must be specifically approved, in each instance, by formal

action of the governing body of the city at the time it grants

any tax waiver or tax exemption under this chapter.

- (22) To receive and use the proceeds of any tax levied by a municipal corporation to pay the costs of any project or for any other purpose for which the authority may use its own funds pursuant to this chapter.
- (23) To encourage and promote the improvement and revitalization of the development area and to make, contract for, or otherwise cause to be made long-range plans or proposals for the development area in cooperation with the city or the county.
- (24) To exercise any power granted by the laws of this state to public or private corporations which is not in conflict with the public purpose of the authority.
- (25) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry out the powers conferred by this chapter.

§11-54C-10. Bonds of authority.

- (a) Source of payment. All bonds issued by the authority shall be payable solely out of the revenues and receipts derived from the leasing or sale by the board of its projects or of any thereof as may be designated in the proceedings of the board under which the bonds shall be authorized to be issued.
- (b) Pledge of revenues, receipts, and other security. The principal of an interest on any bonds issued by the authority shall be secured by a pledge of the revenues and

receipts out of which the same may be payable and may be secured by a mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture conveying as security for such bonds all or any part of the property of the authority from which the revenues or receipts so pledged may be derived. The resolution under which the bonds are authorized to be issued and any such mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture may contain any agreements and provisions respecting the operation, maintenance, and insurance of the property covered by the mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture, the use of the revenues and receipts subject to such mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture, the creation and maintenance of special funds from such revenues and receipts, the rights, duties, and remedies of the parties to any such instrument and the parties for the benefit of whom such instrument is made and the rights and remedies available in the event of default as the board shall deem advisable and which are not in conflict with the provisions of this chapter. Each pledge, agreement, mortgage, and deed of trust or trust indenture made for the benefit or security of any of the bonds of the authority shall continue effective until the principal of and interest on the bonds for the benefit of which the same were made shall have been fully paid. In the event of default in such payment or in any agreements of the authority made as a part of the contract under which the bonds were issued, whether contained in the proceedings authorizing the bonds or in any mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture executed as security therefore,

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

the rights of any holder of the bonds may be enforced by mandamus, the appointment of a receiver, or either of these remedies, and foreclosure of such mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture may, if provided for in the instrument, be had.

- shall be signed by the chair of its board and attested by its secretary, and the seal of the authority shall be affixed thereto, and any interest coupons applicable to the bonds of the authority shall be signed by the chair of its board; provided, that as long as the registrar of the bonds has manually signed an authentication certificate for the bonds, facsimile signatures of both of the officers may be printed or otherwise reproduced on any such bonds in lieu of each manually signing the same, a facsimile of the seal of the authority may be printed or otherwise reproduced on any such bonds in lieu of being manually affixed thereto, and a facsimile of the signature of the chair of the board may be printed or otherwise reproduced on any interest coupons in lieu of the chair manually signing the same.
- (d) General provisions respecting form, interest rate, maturities, sale, and negotiability. Any bonds may be executed and delivered by the authority at any time and from time to time, shall be in the form and denominations and of the tenor and maturities, shall contain the provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, and shall bear the rate or rates of interest, payable and evidenced in

1 the manner, as may be provided by resolution of its board. 2 Bonds of the authority may be sold at either public or private sale in the manner and at the price or prices and at the time 3 or times as may be determined by the board to be most advantageous. The authority may pay all expenses, premiums, 6 and commissions in connection with any financing done by it. 7 All bonds, except bonds registered as to principal or as to both principal and interest, and any interest coupons applicable thereto issued by the authority shall be construed to be negotiable instruments although payable solely from a specified source. 11

5

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- (e) Nature of obligation and source of payment. All obligations created or assumed and all bonds issued or assumed by the authority shall be solely and exclusively an obligation of the authority and shall not create an obligation or debt of the state or of any county or of the city; provided that the provisions of this sentence shall not be construed to release the original obligor from liability on any bond or other obligation assumed by the authority. Any bonds issued by the authority shall be limited or special obligations of the authority payable solely out of its revenues and receipts of the authority specified in the proceedings authorizing those bonds.
- (f) Eligibility for investment. Bonds of the authority are hereby made legal investments for executors, administrators, trustees, and other fiduciaries, unless otherwise directed by the court having jurisdiction of the

fiduciary relation or by the document that is the source of the fiduciary's authority, and for savings banks and insurance companies organized under the laws of the state.

\$11-54C-11. Proceeds from sale of bonds.

All moneys derived from the sale of any bonds issued by the authority shall be used solely for the purpose or purposes for which the same are authorized, including, but without limitation to, the use of bond proceeds to establish reserve funds as security for the payment of the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on the bonds, and any costs and expenses incidental thereto. The costs and expenses may include but shall not be limited to (1) the fiscal, engineering, legal and other expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds, and (2) except in the case of refunding bonds, interest to accrue on such bonds for a period ending not later than two years from their date.

\$11-54C-12. Refunding bonds.

Any bonds issued by the authority may from time to time be refunded by the issuance, by sale or exchange, of refunding bonds payable from the same or different sources for the purpose of paying all or any part of the principal of the bonds to be refunded, any redemption premium required to be paid as a condition to the redemption prior to maturity of any such bonds that are to be so redeemed in connection with such refunding, any accrued and unpaid interest on the bonds to be refunded, any interest to accrue on each bond to be refunded to the date on which it is to be paid, whether at maturity or

by redemption prior to maturity, and the expenses incurred in connection with refunding; provided, that unless duly called for redemption pursuant to provisions contained therein; the holders of any such bonds then outstanding and proposed to be refunded shall not be compelled without their consent to surrender their outstanding bonds for such refunding. Any refunding bonds may be sold by the authority at public or private sale at such price or prices as may be determined by its board to be most advantageous, or may be exchanged for the bonds or other obligations to be refunded. Any such refunding bonds may be executed and delivered by the authority at any time and from time to time, shall be in such form and denominations and have such tenor and maturities, shall contain such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, and shall bear such rate or rates of interest, payable and evidenced in such manner, as may be provided by resolution of its board.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

Any refunding bonds issued by the authority shall be issued and may be secured in accordance with the provisions of Section 11-54C-10.

\$11-54C-13. Notice of bond resolution; 30 days to bring action to question bond validity.

Upon the adoption by the board of the authority of any resolution providing for the issuance of bonds, the authority may cause to be published once a week for two consecutive weeks, in a newspaper published or having general circulation in the city, a notice in substantially the

following form (the blanks being properly filled in) at the end of which shall be printed the name and title of either the chair or secretary of such authority.

"The \_\_\_\_\_\_ Redevelopment Authority, a public corporation under the laws of the State of Alabama, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ authorized the issuance of \$\_\_\_\_ principal amount of bonds of the public corporation for purposes authorized in the act of the Legislature of Alabama under which the public corporation was organized. Any action or proceeding questioning the validity of the bonds, or the pledge and the mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture to secure the same, or the proceedings authorizing the same, must be commenced within 30 days after the first publication of this notice."

A newspaper shall be deemed to be published in the city, within the meaning of this section, if its principal editorial office is located in the city.

Any action or proceeding in any court to set aside or question the proceedings for the issuance of the bonds referred to in the notice or to contest the validity of any such bonds, or the validity of any pledge and mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture made therefor, must be commenced within 30 days after the first publication of the notice. After the expiration of that period, no right of action or defense questioning or attacking the validity of the proceedings or of the bonds or the pledge or mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture shall be asserted, nor shall the

validity of the proceedings, bonds, pledge, mortgage, and deed of trust or trust indenture be open to question in any court on any ground whatsoever except in an action commenced within the period.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

§11-54C-14. Exemptions from taxation.

The authority formed under this chapter, the property and income of the authority, whether used by it or leased to others, all bonds issued by the authority, the income from such bonds or from other sources, the interest and other profits from such bonds enuring to and received by the holders thereof, conveyances by and to the authority, and leases, mortgages, and deed of trust by and to the authority, shall be exempt from all taxation in the state. The authority shall not be obligated to pay any fees, taxes, or costs to the judge of probate of any county in connection with its incorporation or with any amendment to its certificate of incorporation or otherwise or to any judge of probate of any county in connection with the recording by it of any document or otherwise, the authority being hereby exempted from the payment of any such fees, taxes, and costs. No license or excise tax may be imposed by any authority with respect to the privilege of engaging in any of the activities authorized by this chapter.

The provisions of Section 11-54A-9(c) and of Chapter 9B of Title 40, and of any other law, rule of law, or regulation of the state to the contrary notwithstanding, all property owned by the authority in the development area of the

authority shall be exempt from all taxation in the state,

except any property of the authority with respect to which any

individual, or entity organized for profit, is or will be

treated as the owner of such property for federal income tax

purposes.

§11-54C-15. Liability of city.

The city shall not in any event be liable for the payment of the principal of or interest on any bonds of the authority or for the performance of any pledge, mortgage, obligation, or agreement of any kind whatsoever which may be undertaken by the authority, and none of the bonds of the authority or any of its agreements or obligations shall be construed to constitute an indebtedness of the city within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision whatsoever.

§11-54C-16. Exemption from usury and interest laws.

The authority shall be exempt from the laws of the state governing usury or prescribing or limiting interest rates, including, but without limitation to, the provisions of Chapter 8 of Title 8, as it may at any time be amended.

§11-54C-17. Compliance with competitive bid laws.

An authority shall, solely with respect to any contract under which the obligations of the authority thereunder are to be paid, in whole or in part, with public funds, as defined herein, comply with the laws of the state requiring competitive bids for a contract to be entered into by municipalities or public corporations authorized by them.

For purposes hereof, public funds shall mean funds provided to or for the benefit of the authority which are derived from taxation and shall not include any funds from a private source.

\$11-54C-18. Freedom of authority from state supervision and control.

This chapter is intended to aid the state through the furtherance of the purposes of the chapter by providing an appropriate and independent instrumentality of the state with full and adequate powers to fulfill its functions. Except as expressly provided in this chapter, no proceeding, notice, or approval shall be required for the incorporation of the authority or the amendment of its certificate of incorporation, the issuance of any bonds, the execution of any mortgage and deed of trust or trust indenture, or the exercise of any other of its powers by the authority. Neither a public hearing nor the consent of the Department of Finance shall be prerequisite to the issuance of bonds by the authority.

The authority shall hold a public hearing before approving or obligating the expenditure of any tax revenues received by the authority from the city, any county, the state, or federal governments.

The notice shall be advertised in a newspaper of general circulation in the county of incorporation of the authority and the notice shall be published not less than seven days prior to the hearing.

\$11-54C-19. Earnings of authority.

The authority shall be a nonprofit corporation and no part of its net earnings remaining after payment of its expenses shall inure to the benefit of any individual, firm, or corporation, except that in the event a board shall determine that sufficient provision has been made for the full payment of the expenses, bonds, and other obligations of the authority, then any net earnings of the authority thereafter accruing shall be paid to the city.

\$11-54C-20. Dissolution of corporation and vesting of title to property in city.

At any time when the authority has no bonds or other obligations outstanding, its board may adopt a resolution, which shall be duly entered upon its minutes, declaring that the authority shall be dissolved. Upon filing for record of a certified copy of the resolution in the office of the judge of probate of the county, the authority shall thereupon stand dissolved and in the event it owned any property at the time of its dissolution, the title to all its properties shall thereupon pass to the city.

§11-54C-21. Existence of authority to prevent incorporation of another by city.

The existence of an authority incorporated under the provisions of this chapter shall prevent the subsequent incorporation hereunder of another authority pursuant to authority granted by this chapter.

\$11-54C-22. Loans, sales, grants, etc., of money, property, etc., to authority by the city.

For the purpose of effecting the revitalization and redevelopment of the development area, any county, city, or other political subdivision, public corporation, agency, or instrumentality of this state, upon such terms and with or without consideration, as it may determine:

- (1) Lend or donate money to or perform services for the benefit of the authority;
- (2) Donate, sell, convey, transfer, lease, or grant to the authority, without the necessity of authorization at any election of qualified voters, any property of any kind, any interest therein, and any franchise; and
- (3) Do any and all things, whether or not specifically authorized in this chapter and not otherwise prohibited by law, that are necessary or convenient in connection with aiding and cooperating with the authority in its efforts to revitalize and redevelop the development area of the city as provided in this chapter.

\$11-54C-23. Provisions cumulative.

The provisions of this chapter are cumulative and shall not be deemed to repeal existing laws, except to the extent such laws are clearly inconsistent with provisions of this chapter.

\$11-54C-24. Authorities organized under prior acts.

Any authority existing under Chapter 54A of this title may, by amending its certificate of incorporation as provided in this chapter, come under and be controlled and governed by the provisions of this chapter, and shall

thereupon have and may exercise all jurisdictions, powers, rights, benefits and interests in property provided to any authority under this chapter, as fully as if such authority

had been originally incorporated under this chapter.

- All bonds, leases, mortgages, indentures, inducement
  agreements, preliminary bond resolutions and other
  instruments, contracts, documents, and agreements issued,
  entered into, authorized, or approved by such authorities are
  hereby validated, ratified, and approved ab initio.
- 10 §11-54C-25. Locations of Projects; Determinations of 11 an Authority and the city conclusive.

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (a) All projects of the authority shall be located wholly within the corporate limits of the city and the development area thereof.
- (b) The determination of the central business district by the city council pursuant to this section shall be final and conclusive.
- (c) The determination of the development area by an authority and the city council pursuant to this section and this chapter shall be final and conclusive.
- (d) The determination by an authority that a project is located in a blighted or economically distressed area shall be final and conclusive.
- (e) The determination by an authority that a project furthers the public purpose of this chapter shall be final and conclusive.

Section 3. The provisions of this act are severable.

If any part of this act is declared invalid or

unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part

which remains.

Section 4. This act shall become effective

immediately following its passage and approval by the

Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.