- 1 HB110
- 2 156249-1
- 3 By Representative Beckman
- 4 RFD: County and Municipal Government
- 5 First Read: 14-JAN-14
- 6 PFD: 01/10/2014

Ι	156249-1:n:01/06/2014:FC/tan LRS2013-4611
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would relate to any Class 6
9	municipality and would provide an alternate
10	procedure for the abatement of grass and weeds
11	which become a nuisance.
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13	A BILL
14	TO BE ENTITLED
15	AN ACT
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17	Relating to any Class 6 municipality; to provide for
18	the abatement of grass and weeds which become a nuisance under
19	certain conditions; to provide for notice to the property
20	owners; to provide for the assessment of the costs for
21	abatement when the work is required to be performed by the
22	municipality; and to provide for liens on the property under
23	certain conditions.
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
25	Section 1. This act shall apply only to Class 6
26	municipalities.

1 Section 2. (a) An abundance of overgrown grass or 2 weeds within the municipality which is injurious to the general public health, safety, and general welfare by 3 providing breeding grounds and shelter for rats, mice, snakes, mosquitoes, and other vermin, insects, and pests; or attaining 5 6 heights and dryness so as to constitute a serious fire threat 7 and hazard; or bearing wingy or downy seeds, which when mature, cause the spread of weeds and, when breathed in, cause 8 irritation of the throat, lungs, and eyes of the public; or 9 10 hiding debris, such as broken glass or metal, which could 11 inflict injury on a person going upon the property; or being 12 unsightly; or growth of grass or weeds, other than ornamental 13 plant growth, which exceeds 12 inches in height, may be 14 declared to be a public nuisance and abated as provided in 15 this act.

- (b) This act shall not apply to any of the
 following:
- (1) Heavily wooded areas in their natural state which are undeveloped.
 - (2) Farm properties.

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(3) Properties under current construction.

Section 3. (a) Whenever, in the opinion of a city official designated by the chief executive officer, a nuisance exists, the city official shall order the owner of the property on which the nuisance is located to abate the condition.

(b) The city official shall give the owner written notice in person or by first class mail. The notice shall apprise the owner of the facts of the alleged nuisance and require the condition be abated within the time stated in the notice or to request a hearing before an administrative official of the city designated by the city council, to determine whether there has been a violation.

- (c) The notice shall be sent to that person shown by the records of the county to have been the last person assessed for payment of ad valorem tax on the property where the nuisance is situated. It shall be the responsibility of that person to promptly advise the city official of a change of ownership or interest in the property.
- (d) The notice shall also be posted in a conspicuous place on the property.
- (e) The notice shall require the owner to complete abatement of the nuisance within 14 days from the date of notice, provided the city official may stipulate additional time, but in no case more than 28 days.
- (f) A property owner shall have 10 days following issuance of notice to request a hearing before the administrative official to appeal the determination of the city official. The administrative official shall be appointed by the city council of the municipality. Requested hearings before the administrative official shall be held no more than 14 days following receipt of the appeal by the administrative official. After the hearing, the administrative official shall

notify the owner by personal service or by first class mail of his or her determination. If the administrative official determines that a nuisance exists, the owner shall comply with the initial order to abate issued by the city official, with modifications as may be made by the administrative official. Any person aggrieved by the decision of the administrative official at the hearing, within 10 days, may appeal to the circuit court upon filing with the clerk of the court notice of the appeal and bond for security of costs in the form and amount to be approved by the circuit clerk. Upon filing of the notice of appeal and approval of the bond, the clerk of the court shall serve a copy of the notice of appeal on the clerk of the municipality and the appeal shall be docketed in the court and shall be a preferred case therein. The clerk of the municipality, upon receiving the notice, shall file with the clerk of the court a copy of the findings and determination of the administrative official in its proceedings. Any trials shall be held without jury upon the determination of the administrative official that the weeds are a public nuisance.

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Section 4. (a) If the owner fails, neglects, or refuses to abate the condition after notice to do so, the city official shall cause the offending grass or weeds to be cut.

(b) Upon completion of the abatement work performed by the municipality, including work by contractors employed by the municipality, the city official shall compute the actual expenses, including, but not limited to, total wages paid, value of the use of equipment, advertising expenses, postage,

and materials purchased, which were incurred by the municipality as a result of the work. An itemized statement of the expenses shall be given by first class mail to the last known address of the owner of the property. This notice shall be sent at least five days in advance of the city council meeting in which the city council will consider the assessment of the cost against property.

- (c) At the time fixed for receiving and considering the statement, the council shall hear the same, together with any objections which may be raised by the owner whose property is liable to be assessed for the work and thereupon make modifications in the statement as the city council deems necessary, after which a resolution may assess the cost. The cost stated in the resolution shall constitute a lien on the property. The city clerk shall charge the assessments against the respective lots and parcels of land for municipal purposes. Thereafter, the amounts shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as ordinary municipal assessments are collected, and shall be subject to the same penalties and the same procedure under foreclosure and sale in case of delinquency as provided for ordinary municipal assessments.
- (d) The city clerk shall cause a certified copy of the resolution assessing the cost of abatement to be filed for recording in the office of the judge of probate and shall forward a copy to the county tax collector or county revenue commissioner. Upon a filing, the tax collector or county

revenue commissioner shall add the amount of the lien to the
ad valorem tax bill on the property and shall collect the
amount as if it were a tax, using all methods available for
collecting ad valorem tax, and remit the amount to the
municipality.

Section 5. Where an assessment is made against a lot or lots or parcel or parcels of land, a subsequent redemption by a person authorized to redeem, or sale by the state, shall not operate to discharge, or in any manner affect the lien of the municipality for the assessment, but a redemptioner or purchaser at a sale by the state of any lot or lots, parcel or parcels of land upon which an assessment has been levied, whether prior to or subsequent to a sale to the state for the nonpayment of taxes, shall take the same subject to the assessment.

Section 6. This act is cumulative in its nature and in addition to any and all power and authority which a municipality may have under any other law.

Section 7. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.