- 1 HB118
- 2 155811-1
- 3 By Representative Hubbard (J)
- 4 RFD: Ethics and Campaign Finance
- 5 First Read: 14-JAN-14
- 6 PFD: 01/10/2014

155811-1:n:12/10/2013:MCS/tan LRS2013-4225 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, a public official may 8 not lobby a board, agency, department, or 9 10 legislative body of which the official was a member 11 for two years after he or she leaves the board, 12 agency, department, or legislative body. 13 Legislative body is defined for those purposes to include the Senate and the House of 14 15 Representatives. Under this definition, a former 16 member of one house of the Legislature may lobby 17 the other house immediately after leaving office 18 but may not lobby the house of which he or she was 19 a member for two years. 20 The bill would revise the definition of 21 legislative body to include the Legislature of 22 Alabama so that a member of the Legislature would 23 be precluded from lobbying either the Senate or the 24 House of Representatives for two years after 25 leaving office. 26 This bill would also prohibit an elected 27 public official from lobbying the board, agency,

1 department, or legislative body to which he or she 2 is elected during the term for which he or she was elected; would exclude former members of the 3 4 Alabama Judiciary engaged in non-lobbying legal 5 services; and would provide for prospective application. 6 7 8

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A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

12 To amend Sections 36-25-1 and 36-25-23, Code of 13 Alabama 1975, relating to prohibited lobbying activities of 14 former public officials; to provide further for the definition 15 of "legislative body" and to prohibit an elected public official from lobbying the board, agency, department, or 16 17 legislative body to which he or she was elected during the term of office for which he or she was elected; to exclude 18 former members of the Alabama Judiciary for non-lobbying 19 20 activities; and to provide for prospective application. 21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 22 Section 1. Sections 36-25-1 and 36-25-23, Code of 23 Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows: "§36-25-1. 24

"Whenever used in this chapter, the following words 25 26 and terms shall have the following meanings:

"(1) BUSINESS. Any corporation, partnership,
 proprietorship, firm, enterprise, franchise, association,
 organization, self-employed individual, or any other legal
 entity.

"(2) BUSINESS WITH WHICH THE PERSON IS ASSOCIATED.
Any business of which the person or a member of his or her
family is an officer, owner, partner, board of director
member, employee, or holder of more than five percent of the
fair market value of the business.

10 "(3) CANDIDATE. This term as used in this chapter 11 shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in Section 12 17-22A-2.

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"(4) COMMISSION. The State Ethics Commission.

14 "(5) COMPLAINT. Written allegation or allegations15 that a violation of this chapter has occurred.

16 "(6) COMPLAINANT. A person who alleges a violation 17 or violations of this chapter by filing a complaint against a 18 respondent.

19 "(7) CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. A complaint filed 20 pursuant to this chapter, together with any statement, 21 conversations, knowledge of evidence, or information received 22 from the complainant, witness, or other person related to such 23 complaint.

"(8) CONFLICT OF INTEREST. A conflict on the part of
a public official or public employee between his or her
private interests and the official responsibilities inherent
in an office of public trust. A conflict of interest involves

1 any action, inaction, or decision by a public official or 2 public employee in the discharge of his or her official duties which would materially affect his or her financial interest or 3 4 those of his or her family members or any business with which the person is associated in a manner different from the manner 5 it affects the other members of the class to which he or she 6 7 belongs. A conflict of interest shall not include any of the 8 following:

9 "a. A loan or financial transaction made or10 conducted in the ordinary course of business.

11 "b. An occasional nonpecuniary award publicly 12 presented by an organization for performance of public 13 service.

"c. Payment of or reimbursement for actual and necessary expenditures for travel and subsistence for the personal attendance of a public official or public employee at a convention or other meeting at which he or she is scheduled to meaningfully participate in connection with his or her official duties and for which attendance no reimbursement is made by the state.

"d. Any campaign contribution, including the purchase of tickets to, or advertisements in journals, for political or testimonial dinners, if the contribution is actually used for political purposes and is not given under circumstances from which it could reasonably be inferred that the purpose of the contribution is to substantially influence a public official in the performance of his or her official
 duties.

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"(9) DAY. Calendar day.

"(10) DEPENDENT. Any person, regardless of his or
her legal residence or domicile, who receives 50 percent or
more of his or her support from the public official or public
employee or his or her spouse or who resided with the public
official or public employee for more than 180 days during the
reporting period.

10 "(11) DE MINIMIS. A value twenty-five dollars (\$25) or less per occasion and an aggregate of fifty dollars (\$50) 11 12 or less in a calendar year from any single provider, or such 13 other amounts as may be prescribed by the Ethics Commission 14 from time to time by rule pursuant to the Administrative 15 Procedure Act or adjusted each four years from August 1, 2012, to reflect any increase in the cost of living as indicated by 16 the United States Department of Labor Consumer Price Index or 17 any succeeding equivalent index. 18

19 "(12) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUNCTION. Any function 20 reasonably and directly related to the advancement of a 21 specific, good-faith economic development or trade promotion 22 project or objective.

"(13) EDUCATIONAL FUNCTION. A meeting, event, or
activity held within the State of Alabama, or if the function
is predominantly attended by participants from other states,
held within the continental United States, which is organized
around a formal program or agenda of educational or

informational speeches, debates, panel discussions, or other 1 2 presentations concerning matters within the scope of the participants' official duties or other matters of public 3 4 policy, including social services and community development 5 policies, economic development or trade, ethics, government 6 services or programs, or government operations, and which, 7 taking into account the totality of the program or agenda, could not reasonably be perceived as a subterfuge for a purely 8 social, recreational, or entertainment function. 9

10 "(14) FAMILY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE. The11 spouse or a dependent of the public employee.

12 "(15) FAMILY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC OFFICIAL. The 13 spouse, a dependent, an adult child and his or her spouse, a 14 parent, a spouse's parents, a sibling and his or her spouse, 15 of the public official.

"(16) GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND AUTHORITIES. 16 17 Public or private corporations and authorities, including but not limited to, hospitals or other health care corporations, 18 established pursuant to state law by state, county or 19 20 municipal governments for the purpose of carrying out a 21 specific governmental function. Notwithstanding the foregoing, 22 all employees, including contract employees, of hospitals or 23 other health care corporations and authorities are exempt from 24 the provisions of this chapter.

25 "(17) HOUSEHOLD. The public official, public
26 employee, and his or her spouse and dependents.

"(18) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER. A full-time employee
 of a governmental unit responsible for the prevention or
 investigation of crime who is authorized by law to carry
 firearms, execute search warrants, and make arrests.

5 "(19) LEGISLATIVE BODY. The Senate of Alabama, the 6 House of Representatives Legislature of Alabama, a county 7 commission, city council, city commission, town council, or 8 municipal council or commission, and any committee or 9 subcommittee thereof.

10 "(20) LOBBY or LOBBYING. The practice of promoting, opposing, or in any manner influencing or attempting to 11 12 influence the introduction, defeat, or enactment of 13 legislation before any legislative body; opposing or in any 14 manner influencing the executive approval, veto, or amendment of legislation; or the practice of promoting, opposing, or in 15 any manner influencing or attempting to influence the 16 17 enactment, promulgation, modification, or deletion of regulations before any regulatory body. The term does not 18 include providing public testimony before a legislative body 19 or regulatory body or any committee thereof. 20

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"(21) LOBBYIST.

"a. The term lobbyist includes any of the following:
"1. A person who receives compensation or
reimbursement from another person, group, or entity to lobby.

"2. A person who lobbies as a regular and usual part
of employment, whether or not any compensation in addition to
regular salary and benefits is received.

"3. A consultant to the state, county, or municipal
levels of government or their instrumentalities, in any manner
employed to influence legislation or regulation, regardless
whether the consultant is paid in whole or part from state,
county, municipal, or private funds.

6 "4. An employee, a paid consultant, or a member of 7 the staff of a lobbyist, whether or not he or she is paid, who 8 regularly communicates with members of a legislative body 9 regarding pending legislation and other matters while the 10 legislative body is in session.

11 "b. The term lobbyist does not include any of the 12 following:

13 "1. An elected official on a matter which involves14 that person's official duties.

15 "2. A person or attorney rendering professional 16 services in drafting bills or in advising clients and in 17 rendering opinions as to the construction and effect of 18 proposed or pending legislation, executive action, or rules or 19 regulations, where those professional services are not 20 otherwise connected with legislative, executive, or regulatory 21 action.

22 "3. Reporters and editors while pursuing normal23 reportorial and editorial duties.

24 "4. Any citizen not lobbying for compensation who
25 contacts a member of a legislative body, or gives public
26 testimony on a particular issue or on particular legislation,
27 or for the purpose of influencing legislation and who is

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merely exercising his or her constitutional right to
 communicate with members of a legislative body.

3 "5. A person who appears before a legislative body,
4 a regulatory body, or an executive agency to either sell or
5 purchase goods or services.

6 "6. A person whose primary duties or 7 responsibilities do not include lobbying, but who may, from 8 time to time, organize social events for members of a 9 legislative body to meet and confer with members of 10 professional organizations and who may have only irregular 11 contacts with members of a legislative body when the body is 12 not in session or when the body is in recess.

13 "7. A person who is a member of a business, 14 professional, or membership organization by virtue of the 15 person's contribution to or payment of dues to the 16 organization even though the organization engages in lobbying 17 activities.

18 "8. A state governmental agency head or his or her 19 designee who provides or communicates, or both, information 20 relating to policy or positions, or both, affecting the 21 governmental agencies which he or she represents.

"(22) MINOR VIOLATION. Any violation of this chapter in which the public official or public employee receives an economic gain in an amount less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) or the governmental entity has an economic loss of less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250). "(23) PERSON. A business, individual, corporation,
 partnership, union, association, firm, committee, club, or
 other organization or group of persons.

4 "(24) PRINCIPAL. A person or business which employs,
5 hires, or otherwise retains a lobbyist. A principal is not a
6 lobbyist but is not allowed to give a thing of value.

7 "(25) PROBABLE CAUSE. A finding that the allegations
8 are more likely than not to have occurred.

"(26) PUBLIC EMPLOYEE. Any person employed at the 9 10 state, county, or municipal level of government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations and 11 12 authorities, but excluding employees of hospitals or other 13 health care corporations including contract employees of those 14 hospitals or other health care corporations, who is paid in 15 whole or in part from state, county, or municipal funds. For purposes of this chapter, a public employee does not include a 16 17 person employed on a part-time basis whose employment is limited to providing professional services other than 18 19 lobbying, the compensation for which constitutes less than 50 percent of the part-time employee's income. 20

"(27) PUBLIC OFFICIAL. Any person elected to public office, whether or not that person has taken office, by the vote of the people at state, county, or municipal level of government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations, and any person appointed to a position at the state, county, or municipal level of government or their instrumentalities, including governmental corporations. For

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purposes of this chapter, a public official includes the chairs and vice-chairs or the equivalent offices of each state political party as defined in Section 17-13-40.

"(28) REGULATORY BODY. A state agency which issues
regulations in accordance with the Alabama Administrative
Procedure Act or a state, county, or municipal department,
agency, board, or commission which controls, according to rule
or regulation, the activities, business licensure, or
functions of any group, person, or persons.

10 "(29) REPORTING PERIOD. The reporting official's or 11 employee's fiscal tax year as it applies to his or her United 12 States personal income tax return.

13 "(30) REPORTING YEAR. The reporting official's or 14 employee's fiscal tax year as it applies to his or her United 15 States personal income tax return.

16 "(31) RESPONDENT. A person alleged to have violated 17 a provision of this chapter and against whom a complaint has 18 been filed with the commission.

19 "(32) STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS. A financial 20 disclosure form made available by the commission which shall 21 be completed and filed with the commission prior to April 30 22 of each year covering the preceding calendar year by certain 23 public officials and public employees.

"(33) SUPERVISOR. Any person having authority to
hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge,
assign, or discipline other public employees, or any person
responsible to direct them, or to adjust their grievances, or

to recommend personnel action, if, in connection with the foregoing, the exercise of the authority is not of a merely routine or clerical nature but requires the use of independent judgment.

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"(34) THING OF VALUE.

a. Any gift, benefit, favor, service, gratuity,
tickets or passes to an entertainment, social or sporting
event, unsecured loan, other than those loans and forbearances
made in the ordinary course of business, reward, promise of
future employment, or honoraria or other item of monetary
value.

12 "b. The term, thing of value, does not include any 13 of the following, provided that no particular course of action 14 is required as a condition to the receipt thereof:

15 "1. A contribution reported under Chapter 5 of Title
16 17 or a contribution to an inaugural or transition committee.

17 "2. Anything given by a family member of the
18 recipient under circumstances which make it clear that it is
19 motivated by a family relationship.

20 "3. Anything given by a friend of the recipient 21 under circumstances which make it clear that it is motivated 22 by a friendship and not given because of the recipient's 23 official position. Relevant factors include whether the 24 friendship preexisted the recipient's status as a public 25 employee, public official, or candidate and whether gifts have 26 been previously exchanged between them.

1 "4. Greeting cards, and other items, services with 2 little intrinsic value which are intended solely for presentation, such as plaques, certificates, and trophies, 3 4 promotional items commonly distributed to the general public, and items or services of de minimis value. 5 "5. Loans from banks and other financial 6 7 institutions on terms generally available to the public. "6. Opportunities and benefits, including favorable 8 rates and commercial discounts, available to the public or to 9 10 a class consisting of all government employees. 11 "7. Rewards and prizes given to competitors in 12 contests or events, including random drawings, which are open 13 to the public. "8. Anything that is paid for by a governmental 14 15 entity or an entity created by a governmental entity to support the governmental entity or secured by a governmental 16 17 entity under contract, except for tickets to a sporting event offered by an educational institution to anyone other than 18 faculty, staff, or administration of the institution. 19 "9. Anything for which the recipient pays full 20 21 value. 22 "10. Compensation and other benefits earned from a 23 non-government employer, vendor, client, prospective employer, 24 or other business relationship in the ordinary course of employment or non-governmental business activities under 25

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circumstances which make it clear that the thing is provided

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1 for reasons unrelated to the recipient's public service as a
2 public official or public employee.

3 "11. Any assistance provided or rendered in4 connection with a safety or a health emergency.

"12. Payment of or reimbursement for actual and 5 6 necessary transportation and lodging expenses, as well as 7 waiver of registration fees and similar costs, to facilitate the attendance of a public official or public employee, and 8 the spouse of the public official or public employee, at an 9 10 educational function or widely attended event of which the person is a primary sponsor. This exclusion applies only if 11 12 the public official or public employee meaningfully 13 participates in the event as a speaker or a panel participant, 14 by presenting information related to his or her agency or 15 matters pending before his or her agency, or by performing a ceremonial function appropriate to his or her official 16 17 position; or if the public official's or public employee's attendance at the event is appropriate to the performance of 18 his or her official duties or representative function. 19

20 "13. Payment of or reimbursement for actual and 21 necessary transportation and lodging expenses to facilitate a 22 public official's or public employee's participation in an 23 economic development function.

"14. Hospitality, meals, and other food and
beverages provided to a public official or public employee,
and the spouse of the public official or public employee, as
an integral part of an educational function, economic

development function, work session, or widely attended event,
 such as a luncheon, banquet, or reception hosted by a civic
 club, chamber of commerce, charitable or educational
 organization, or trade or professional association.

5 "15. Any function or activity pre-certified by the 6 Director of the Ethics Commission as a function that meets any 7 of the above criteria.

"16. Meals and other food and beverages provided to 8 a public official or public employee in a setting other than 9 10 any of the above functions not to exceed for a lobbyist twenty-five dollars (\$25) per meal with a limit of one hundred 11 12 fifty dollars (\$150) per year; and not to exceed for a 13 principal fifty dollars (\$50) per meal with a limit of two 14 hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the lobbyist's limits herein shall not count 15 against the principal's limits and likewise, the principal's 16 17 limits shall not count against the lobbyist's limits.

"17. Anything either (i) provided by an association 18 or organization to which the state or, in the case of a local 19 government official or employee, the local government pays 20 21 annual dues as a membership requirement or (ii) provided by an 22 association or organization to a public official who is a 23 member of the association or organization and, as a result of 24 his or her service to the association or organization, is 25 deemed to be a public official. Further included in this 26 exception is payment of reasonable compensation by a 27 professional or local government association or corporation to

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a public official who is also an elected officer or director
 of the professional or local government association or
 corporation for services actually provided to the association
 or corporation in his or her capacity as an officer or
 director.

6 "18. Any benefit received as a discount on 7 accommodations, when the discount is given to the public 8 official because the public official is a member of an 9 organization or association whose entire membership receives 10 the discount.

"c. Nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to limit, prohibit, or otherwise require the disclosure of gifts through inheritance received by a public employee or public official.

15 "(35) VALUE. The fair market price of a like item if 16 purchased by a private citizen. In the case of tickets to 17 social and sporting events and associated passes, the value is 18 the face value printed on the ticket.

19 "(36) WIDELY ATTENDED EVENT. A gathering, dinner, 20 reception, or other event of mutual interest to a number of 21 parties at which it is reasonably expected that more than 12 22 individuals will attend and that individuals with a diversity 23 of views or interest will be present.

"§36-25-23.

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25 "(a) No elected public official shall serve for a
 26 fee as a lobbyist or otherwise represent a client, including
 27 his or her employer, before the board, agency, commission,

department, or leqislative body to which the official was elected during the term for which the official was elected. For purposes of this subsection, such prohibition shall not include a former member of the Alabama Judiciary who as an attorney represents a client in a legal, non-lobbying capacity.

7 "(a)(b) No former member of the House of
8 Representatives or the Senate of the State of Alabama shall be
9 extended floor privileges of either body in a lobbying
10 capacity.

"(b)(c) No public official, public employee, or group of public officials or public employees shall solicit any lobbyist to give any thing whether or not the thing solicited is a thing of value to any person or entity for any purpose other than a campaign contribution.

16 "(c)(d) No principal or lobbyist shall accept 17 compensation for, or enter into a contract to provide lobbying 18 services which is contingent upon the passage or defeat of any 19 legislative action."

20 Section 2. This act shall become effective 21 immediately following its passage and approval by the 22 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law and shall apply to 23 public officials elected or re-elected on or after that date.