- 1 HB156
- 2 159526-2
- 3 By Representative Tuggle
- 4 RFD: Education Policy
- 5 First Read: 14-JAN-14

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2 ENROLLED, An Act,

3 Relating to public K-12 education; to require the State Department of Education to develop, and each local board 4 5 of education to adopt and implement, an anaphylaxis preparedness program commencing with the 2015-2016 scholastic 6 7 year; to authorize the local board of education to collaborate 8 with a physician to develop and maintain a protocol for 9 emergency response that includes a supply of premeasured, 10 autoinjectable epinephrine on each public school campus; and 11 in connection therewith to have as its purpose or effect the 12 requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds 13 within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of 14 Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the 15 Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, 16 as amended.

17 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

18 Section 1. (a) The State Department of Education 19 shall develop an anaphylaxis preparedness program to be 20 adopted by each local board of education and implemented in each K-12 public school commencing with the 2015-2016 21 22 scholastic year. The Alabama State Board of Pharmacy shall 23 provide guidance, direction, and advice to the State 24 Department of Education in developing and administering the 25 anaphylaxis preparedness program.

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(b) The anaphylaxis preparedness program shall 1 incorporate the following three levels of prevention initiated 2 3 by licensed public school nurses as a part of the health 4 services program: 5 (1) Level I, primary prevention: Education programs that address food allergies and anaphylaxis through both 6 classroom and individual instruction for staff and students. 7 8 (2) Level II, secondary prevention: Identification and management of chronic illness. 9 10 (3) Level III, tertiary prevention: The development of a planned response to anaphylaxis-related emergencies in 11 the school setting. 12 13 (c) Each local board of education may collaborate 14 with a physician to develop and maintain a protocol for emergency response that shall include a supply of premeasured, 15 16 autoinjectable epinephrine on each public school campus to 17 treat potentially life threatening allergic reactions. Single 18 dose autoinjectable epinephrine may be administered or 19 provided to school children by the school nurse, or unlicensed 20 school personnel who have completed an anaphylaxis training 21 program conducted by a nationally recognized organization 22 experienced in training laypersons in emergency health 23 treatment or other medication administration program approved 24 by the State Department of Education and State Board of

Nursing. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at
 a minimum, shall cover each of the following:

3 (1) Techniques on how to recognize symptoms of
4 severe allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis.

5 (2) Standards and procedures for the storage and
6 administration of an autoinjectable epinephrine.

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(3) Emergency follow-up procedures.

8 (d) A school that possesses and makes available 9 autoinjectable epinephrine and its employees, agents, and 10 other trained personnel, and any person who conducts the training described in subsection (c), shall be immune from 11 suit and not liable for any civil damages resulting from any 12 13 acts or omissions in the supervision or rendering of services, 14 care, or assistance to a student under this section, nor for 15 any civil damages resulting from any act, or failure to act, 16 to provide or arrange for further treatment, care, or 17 assistance. No information or protocols produced related to this section shall be construed to establish a standard of 18 19 care for physicians or otherwise modify, amend, or supersede 20 any provision of the Alabama Medical Liability Act of 1996, 21 commencing with Section 6-5-540, Code of Alabama 1975, or any 22 amendment thereto, or any judicial interpretation thereof. Any 23 provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, a physician 24 who is consulted or participates in regard to 25 anaphylaxis-related emergencies, or develops, maintains, or is

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otherwise associated with, a protocol under this section, or takes any other action associated with, or related to, this section, is immune from all civil and criminal liability for any such acts.

5 (e) The requirement that a supply of premeasured, 6 autoinjectable epinephrine be secured and maintained on each 7 public school campus shall only be enforced if funding is 8 provided by the state.

9 Section 2. Although this bill would have as its 10 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 11 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further 12 requirements and application under Amendment 621, now 13 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of 14 the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the 15 bill requires expenditures only by a school board.

16 Section 3. This act shall become effective on the 17 first day of the third month following its passage and 18 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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	Jeff Wooda Clerk	rd
Senate	03-APR-14	Amended and Passed
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House	03-APR-14	Concurred in Sen- ate Amendment
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