- 1 HB401
- 2 156329-1
- 3 By Representative Farley
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 04-FEB-14

1	156329-1:n	:01/14/2014:JMH/tan LRS2013-4571
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, in 2008, the Alabama
9		Juvenile Justice Act provided that a juvenile court
10		must adjudicate a child as delinquent or dependent
11		in a civil proceeding.
12		Under existing law, a parent or guardian who
13		fails to exercise reasonable diligence in the
14		control of a child in order to prevent the child
15		from becoming delinquent or dependent commits the
16		crime of endangering the welfare of a child;
17		however, the juvenile court must adjudicate the
18		child delinquent or dependent in a civil proceeding
19		before a criminal conviction may occur.
20		This bill would clarify the meaning of
21		dependent child for purposes of juvenile
22		proceedings by updating an internal citation.
23		This bill would remove the requirement that
24		a child be adjudicated delinquent or dependent in a
25		civil proceeding before a person may be convicted
26		of endangering the welfare of a child, and provide

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that a delinquent child and dependent child for

1	purposes of the crime of endangering the welfare of	
2	a child is defined using the same criteria that a	
3	juvenile court uses to make the determination in a	
4	civil proceeding.	
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6	A BILL	
7	TO BE ENTITLED	
8	AN ACT	
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10	Relating to delinquent children and children in need	
11	of supervision; to amend Sections 12-15-102 and 13A-13-6, Code	
12	of Alabama 1975, to provide correct and internal citation in	
13	the definition of "dependent child"; and to clarify what	
14	constitutes a dependent child and a delinquent child for	
15	purposes of the crime of endangering the welfare of a child.	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:	
17	Section 1. Sections 12-15-102 and 13A-13-6, Code of	
18	Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:	
19	"\$12-15-102.	
20	"When used in this chapter, the following words and	
21	phrases have the following meanings:	
22	"(1) ADULT. An individual 19 years of age or older.	
23	"(2) AFTERCARE. Conditions and supervision as the	
24	juvenile court orders after release from the Department of	
25	Youth Services.	
26	"(3) CHILD. An individual under the age of 18 years,	
27	or under 21 years of age and before the juvenile court for a	

delinquency matter arising before that individual's 18th
birthday. Where a delinquency petition alleges that an
individual, prior to the individual's 18th birthday, has
committed an offense for which there is no statute of
limitation pursuant to Section 15-3-5, the term child also
shall include the individual subject to the petition,
regardless of the age of the individual at the time of filing.

"(4) CHILD IN NEED OF SUPERVISION. A child who has been adjudicated by a juvenile court for doing any of the following and who is in need of care, rehabilitation, or supervision:

"a. Being subject to the requirement of compulsory school attendance, is habitually truant from school as defined by the State Board of Education in the Alabama Administrative Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a child shall not be found in need of supervision pursuant to this subdivision if the juvenile court determines that the parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian of the child was solely responsible for the nonattendance of the child.

"b. Disobeys the reasonable and lawful demands of his or her parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian and is beyond the control of the parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian.

"c. Leaves, or remains away from, the home without the permission of the parent, legal guardian, legal custodian, or person with whom he or she resides.

- 1 "d. Commits an offense established by law but not
- 2 classified as criminal.
- "(5) CHILD'S ATTORNEY. A licensed attorney who
- 4 provides legal services for a child, or for a minor in a
- 5 mental commitment proceeding, and who owes the same duties of
- 6 undivided loyalty, confidentiality, and competent
- 7 representation to the child or minor as is due an adult
- 8 client.
- 9 "(6) DELINQUENT ACT. An act committed by a child
- 10 that is designated a violation, misdemeanor, or felony offense
- 11 pursuant to the law of the municipality, county, or state in
- which the act was committed or pursuant to federal law. This
- term shall not apply to any of the following:
- "a. An offense when committed by a child 16 or 17
- 15 years of age as follows:
- 16 "1. A nonfelony traffic offense or water safety
- offense other than one charged pursuant to Section 32-5A-191
- or 32-5A-191.3 or a municipal ordinance prohibiting the same
- 19 conduct.
- 20 "2. A capital offense.
- 21 "3. A Class A felony.
- 22 "4. A felony which has as an element the use of a
- deadly weapon.
- 24 "5. A felony which has as an element the causing of
- death or serious physical injury.

"6. A felony which has as an element the use of a 1 2 dangerous instrument against any person who is one of the 3 following: "(i) A law enforcement officer or official. 4 "(ii) A correctional officer or official. 5 "(iii) A parole or probation officer or official. 6 7 "(iv) A juvenile court probation officer or official. 8 "(v) A district attorney or other prosecuting 9 10 officer or official. 11 "(vi) A judge or judicial official. 12 "(vii) A court officer or official. 13 "(viii) A person who is a grand juror, juror, or 14 witness in any legal proceeding of whatever nature when the 15 offense stems from, is caused by, or is related to the role of the person as a juror, grand juror, or witness. 16 17 "(ix) A teacher, principal, or employee of the public education system of Alabama. 18 19 "7. Trafficking in drugs in violation of Section 13A-12-231, or as the same may be amended. 20 21 "8. Any lesser included offense of the offenses in 22 subparagraphs 1 to 7, inclusive, charged or any lesser felony

offense charged arising from the same facts and circumstances

and committed at the same time as the offenses listed in

subparagraphs 1 to 7, inclusive.

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- "b. Any criminal act, offense, or violation

 committed by a child under the age of 18 years who has been

 previously convicted or adjudicated a youthful offender.
 - "(7) DELINQUENT CHILD. A child who has been adjudicated for a delinquent act and is in need of care or rehabilitation.

- "(8) DEPENDENT CHILD. a. A child who has been adjudicated dependent by a juvenile court and is in need of care or supervision and meets any of the following circumstances:
- "1. Whose parent, legal guardian, legal custodian, or other custodian subjects the child or any other child in the household to abuse, as defined in subdivision (2) of Section 12-15-301 or neglect as defined in subdivision (4) (7) of Section 12-15-301, or allows the child to be so subjected.
- "2. Who is without a parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian willing and able to provide for the care, support, or education of the child.
- "3. Whose parent, legal guardian, legal custodian, or other custodian neglects or refuses, when able to do so or when the service is offered without charge, to provide or allow medical, surgical, or other care necessary for the health or well-being of the child.
- "4. Whose parent, legal guardian, legal custodian, or other custodian fails, refuses, or neglects to send the child to school in accordance with the terms of the compulsory school attendance laws of this state.

- "5. Whose parent, legal guardian, legal custodian, or other custodian has abandoned the child, as defined in subdivision (1) of Section 12-15-301.
- "6. Whose parent, legal guardian, legal custodian, or other custodian is unable or unwilling to discharge his or her responsibilities to and for the child.
- 7 "7. Who has been placed for care or adoption in violation of the law.

- 9 "8. Who, for any other cause, is in need of the care 10 and protection of the state.
 - "b. The commission of one or more status offenses as defined in subdivision (4) of Section 12-15-201 is not a sufficient basis for an adjudication of dependency.
 - "(9) DETENTION. The temporary placement of children alleged or adjudicated to be delinquent in secure custody as defined herein pending juvenile court disposition or transfer to a residential facility for further care of a child adjudicated delinquent.
 - "(10) GUARDIAN AD LITEM. A licensed attorney appointed by a juvenile court to protect the best interests of an individual without being bound by the expressed wishes of that individual.
 - "(11) INTAKE OFFICER. A juvenile probation officer or an employee of the judicial branch of government, who is neutral and detached from executive and legislative branch activities, designated by the juvenile court judge to initiate original delinquency, dependency, and child in need of

supervision cases, as well as cases designated in Section

12-15-132 before the juvenile court. The juvenile court intake

officer shall be appointed a magistrate pursuant to Rule 18,

Alabama Rules of Judicial Administration, to issue warrants of

arrest for individuals 18 years of age or older committing

criminal offenses under the jurisdiction of the juvenile

- "(12) JUVENILE COURT. The juvenile or family court division of the circuit or district court having jurisdiction over matters as provided by this chapter.
 - "(13) JUVENILE DETENTION FACILITY. Any facility owned or operated by the state, any county, or other legal entity licensed by and contracted with the Department of Youth Services for the detention of children.
 - "(14) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER. Any person, however denominated, who is authorized by law to exercise the police powers of the state, a county, or local governments.
 - "(15) LEGAL CUSTODIAN. A parent, person, agency, or department to whom legal custody of a child under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court pursuant to this chapter has been awarded by order of the juvenile court or other court of competent jurisdiction.
 - "(16) LEGAL CUSTODY. A legal status created by order of the juvenile court which vests in a legal custodian the right to have physical custody of a child under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court pursuant to this chapter and the right and duty to protect, train, and discipline the

child and to provide the child with food, shelter, clothing,
education, and medical care, all subject to the powers,
rights, duties, and responsibilities of the legal guardian of
the person of the child and subject to any residual parental
rights and responsibilities. A parent, person, agency, or
department granted legal custody shall exercise the rights and
responsibilities personally, unless otherwise restricted by
the juvenile court.

"(17) LEGAL GUARDIAN. A person who has been appointed by a probate court pursuant to the Alabama Uniform Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Act, Chapter 2A (commencing with Section 26-2A-1) of Title 26 to be a guardian of a person under 19 years of age who has not otherwise had the disabilities of minority removed. This term does not include a guardian ad litem as defined in this section.

- "(18) MINOR. An individual who is under the age of 19 years and who is not a child within the meaning of this chapter.
- "(19) PARENT. The legal mother or the legal father of a child under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court pursuant to this chapter.
- "(20) PICK-UP ORDER. In any case before the juvenile court, an order directing any law enforcement officer or other person authorized by this chapter to take a child into custody and to deliver the child to a place of detention, shelter, or other care designated by the juvenile court.

"(21) PROBATION. The legal status created by order
of the juvenile court following an adjudication of delinquency
or in need of supervision whereby a child is permitted to
remain in a community subject to supervision and return to the
juvenile court for violation of probation at any time during
the period of probation.

"(22) RESIDENTIAL FACILITY. A dwelling, other than a detention or shelter care facility, providing living accommodations, care, treatment, and maintenance for children, including, but not limited to, institutions, foster family homes, group homes, half-way houses, and forestry camps operated, accredited, or licensed by a federal or state department or agency.

"(23) RESIDUAL PARENTAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES. Those rights and responsibilities remaining with a parent after a transfer of legal custody of a child under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court pursuant to this chapter, including, but not necessarily limited to, the right of visitation, the right to withhold consent to adoption, the right to determine religious affiliation, and the responsibility for support, unless determined by order of the juvenile court not to be in the best interests of the child.

"(24) SECURE CUSTODY. As used with regard to juvenile detention facilities and the Department of Youth Services, this term means residential facilities with construction features designed to physically restrict the movements and activities of persons in custody such as locked

rooms and buildings, including rooms and buildings that

contain alarm devices that prevent departure; fences; or other

physical structures. This term does not include facilities

where physical restriction of movement or activity is provided

solely through facility staff.

"(25) SHELTER CARE. The temporary care of children in group homes, foster care, relative placement, or other nonpenal facilities.

"\$13A-13-6.

- "(a) A man or woman commits the crime of endangering the welfare of a child when:
- "(1) He or she knowingly directs or authorizes a child less than 16 years of age to engage in an occupation involving a substantial risk of danger to his life or health; or
- "(2) He or she, as a parent, guardian or other person legally charged with the care or custody of a child less than 18 years of age, fails to exercise reasonable diligence in the control of such child to prevent him or her from becoming a "dependent child" or a "delinquent child," as defined in Section $\frac{12-15-1}{12-15-102}$.
- "(b) A person does not commit an offense under Section 13A-13-4 or this section for the sole reason he provides a child under the age of 19 years or a dependent spouse with remedial treatment by spiritual means alone in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized

1	church or religious denomination by a duly accredited
2	practitioner thereof in lieu of medical treatment.
3	"(c) For the purposes of this section, it is not a
4	requirement that a dependent child or a delinquent child be
5	adjudicated as such by a juvenile court.
6	" (c) (d) Endangering the welfare of a child is a
7	Class A misdemeanor."
8	Section 2. This act shall become effective on the
9	first day of the third month following its passage and
10	approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.