- 1 HB463
- 2 158282-2
- 3 By Representatives Ball, Wood, Johnson (W), Rich, Sanderford,
- Williams (D), Butler, Roberts and Farley
- 5 RFD: Judiciary
- 6 First Read: 12-FEB-14

| 1 | 158282-2:n:02/11/2014:KBH/th LRS2014-732R1 | |
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| 8 | SYNOPSIS: | Under existing law, criminally negligent |
| 9 | | homicide is a Class A misdemeanor, except it is a |
| 10 | | Class C felony in cases where the criminally |
| 11 | | negligent homicide is caused by the driver of a |
| 12 | | motor vehicle who is driving while under the |
| 13 | | influence of alcohol or other controlled |
| 14 | | substances. |
| 15 | | This bill would provide that criminally |
| 16 | | negligent homicide would be a Class C felony where |
| 17 | | the victim is a child under six years of age. |
| 18 | | Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama |
| 19 | | of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the |
| 20 | | Official Recompilation of the Constitution of |
| 21 | | Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general |
| 22 | | law whose purpose or effect would be to require a |
| 23 | | new or increased expenditure of local funds from |
| 24 | | becoming effective with regard to a local |
| 25 | | governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote |
| 26 | | unless: it comes within one of a number of |

specified exceptions; it is approved by the

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affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates
funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to
the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

To amend Section 13A-6-4 of the Code of Alabama 1975, relating to criminally negligent homicide; to provide that criminally negligent homicide would be a Class C felony where the victim is a child under six years of age; and in connection therewith to have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Section 13A-6-4, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended to read as follows:

3 "\$13A-6-4.

- "(a) A person commits the crime of criminally negligent homicide if he causes the death of another person by criminal negligence.
- "(b) The jury may consider statutes and ordinances regulating the actor's conduct in determining whether he is culpably negligent under subsection (a) of this section.
- "(c) Criminally negligent homicide is a Class A misdemeanor, except in cases in which said criminally negligent homicide is caused by the driver of a motor vehicle who is driving in violation of the provisions of Section 32-5A-191 or in cases where the victim is a child under six years of age; in such cases criminally negligent homicide is a Class C felony."

Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.