1 HB467

2 157509-3

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157509-3:n:02/04/2014:FC/mfc LRS2014-452R2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, the State Oil and Gas 8 Board regulates drilling units and drainage or 9 10 production units for oil and gas reservoirs and for 11 wells drilled in search of oil and gas. 12 This bill would define the term horizontal 13 well, would change the statutory acreage limitations for the units for horizontal wells, and 14 15 would move and reword a provision in the existing statute specifying that certain limitations on the 16 17 units would not apply to offshore wells. 18 19 A BILL 20 TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT 21 22 To amend Sections 9-17-1 and 9-17-12, Code of 23 24 Alabama 1975, relating to the State Oil and Gas Board; to further provide for the regulation by the board of drilling 25 26 units and drainage or production units for horizontal wells 27 and offshore wells.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 1 2 Section 1. Sections 9-17-1 and 9-17-12, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows: 3 "§9-17-1. 4 "Unless the context otherwise requires, the 5 6 following terms shall have the following meanings: 7 "(1) BOARD. The State Oil and Gas Board created by this article. 8 "(2) DEVELOPED AREA or DEVELOPED UNIT. A drainage 9 10 unit having a well completed thereon which is capable of producing oil or gas in paying quantities; however, in the 11 12 event it is shown and the board finds that a part of any unit 13 is nonproductive, then the developed part of the unit shall 14 include only that part found to be productive. 15 "(3) DRAINAGE OR PRODUCTION UNIT. The area in a pool which may be drained efficiently and economically by one well. 16 17 "(4) DRILLING UNIT. An administrative unit established by the board to provide and allow for the drilling 18 of a well. Prior to establishment of a field and drainage or 19 production unit within the field, the board may establish a 20 21 drilling unit to allow for the drilling of a well in search of 22 oil and gas. 23 "(5) FIELD. The general area which is underlain or 24 appears to be underlain by at least one pool, and such term 25 shall include the underground reservoir or reservoirs 26 containing crude oil or natural gas or both. The words "field" 27 and "pool" have the same meaning when only one underground

1 reservoir is involved; however, the word "field," unlike
2 "pool," may relate to two or more pools.

3 "(6) GAS. All natural gas, including casinghead gas, 4 and all other hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subdivision 5 (10).

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## "<u>(7) HORIZONTAL WELL. A well initially drilled</u> vertically and then turned and drilled at an angle of 75 degrees or greater from vertical.

9 "(7)(8) ILLEGAL GAS. Gas which has been produced 10 within the State of Alabama from any well or wells in excess 11 of the amount allowed by any rule, regulation, or order of the 12 board, as distinguished from gas produced within the State of 13 Alabama not in excess of the amount so allowed, which is 14 "legal gas."

15 "(8)(9) ILLEGAL OIL. Oil which has been produced 16 within the State of Alabama from any well or wells in excess 17 of the amount allowed by any rule, regulation, or order of the 18 board, as distinguished from oil produced within the State of 19 Alabama not in excess of the amount so allowed, which is 20 "legal oil."

21 "(9)(10) ILLEGAL PRODUCT. Any product of oil or gas, 22 any part of which was processed or derived in whole or in part 23 from illegal oil or illegal gas or from any product thereof, 24 as distinguished from "legal product," which is a product 25 processed or derived to no extent from illegal oil or illegal 26 gas. 1 "(10)(11) OIL. Crude petroleum oil and other 2 hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the 3 well in liquid form by ordinary production methods and which 4 are not the result of a condensation of gas after it leaves 5 the pool.

6 "(11)(12) OPERATOR. The person who is authorized by 7 the board to operate an oil, gas, or Class II injection well, 8 or production facility, or processing facility, or engages in 9 the transportation of hydrocarbons by pipeline, including the 10 handling and disposal of wastes that may be generated during 11 operation of a well, or production facility, or processing 12 facility.

13 "(12)(13) OWNER. The person who has the right to 14 drill into and to produce from any pool and to appropriate the 15 production either for himself or herself or for himself or 16 herself and another or others.

17 "(13)(14) PERSONS. Any natural person, firm, 18 corporation, association, partnership, joint venture, 19 receiver, trustee, guardian, executor, administrator, 20 fiduciary, representative of any kind, or any other group 21 acting as a unit.

22 "(14)(15) POOL. An underground reservoir containing 23 a common accumulation of crude petroleum oil or natural gas or 24 both and each zone of a general structure which is completely 25 separated from any other zone in the structure.

26 "(15)(16) PRODUCER. The owner of a well or wells
 27 capable of producing oil or gas or both; provided, however,

that the word "producer" as used in Section 9-17-25 shall also 1 2 include any person receiving money or other valuable consideration as royalty or rental for oil or gas produced or 3 4 because of oil or gas produced, whether produced by him or her or by some other person on his or her behalf, either by lease, 5 6 contract, or otherwise, and whether the royalty consists of a 7 portion of the oil or gas produced being run to his or her account or a payment in money or other valuable consideration. 8

"(16)(17) PRODUCT. Any commodity made from oil or 9 gas and shall include refined crude oil, crude tops, topped 10 crude, processed crude petroleum, residue from crude 11 12 petroleum, cracking stock, uncracked fuel oil, fuel oil, treated crude oil, residuum, gas oil, casinghead gasoline, 13 14 natural gas gasoline, naphtha, distillate, gasoline, kerosene, 15 benzine, wash oil, waste oil, blended gasoline, lubricating oil, blends or mixtures of oil with one or more liquid 16 17 products or byproducts derived from oil or gas and blends or mixtures of two or more liquid products or byproducts derived 18 from oil or gas, whether hereinabove enumerated or not. 19

"(17)(18) REASONABLE MARKET DEMAND. As to oil, the amount of oil reasonably needed for current consumption and use, together with a reasonable amount of oil for storage and working stock and, as to gas, the amount of gas of any type reasonably needed to supply the current consumption and use of such type of gas.

26 "(18)(19) TENDER. A permit or certificate of
 27 clearance, approved and issued or registered under the

1 authority of the board, for the transportation of oil, gas, or 2 products.

3 "(19)(20) WASTE. In addition to its ordinary 4 meaning, such term shall mean "physical waste" as that term is 5 generally understood in the oil and gas industry. It shall 6 include any of the following:

7 "a. The inefficient, excessive, or improper use or 8 dissipation of reservoir energy and the locating, spacing, 9 drilling, equipping, operating, or producing of any oil or gas 10 well or wells in a manner which results or tends to result in 11 reducing the quantity of oil or gas ultimately to be recovered 12 from any pool in this state.

13 "b. The inefficient storing of oil and the locating, 14 spacing, drilling, equipping, operating, or producing of any 15 oil or gas well or wells in a manner causing or tending to 16 cause unnecessary or excessive surface loss or destruction of 17 oil or gas.

18 "c. Abuse of the correlative rights and 19 opportunities of each owner of oil and gas in a common 20 reservoir due to nonuniform, disproportionate, and unratable 21 withdrawals causing undue drainage between tracts of land.

"d. Producing oil or gas in such manner as to causeunnecessary water channeling or coning.

24 "e. The operation of any oil well or wells with an25 inefficient gas-oil ratio.

26 "f. The drowning with water of any stratum or part27 thereof capable of producing oil or gas.

1 "g. Underground waste however caused and whether or 2 not defined.

3 "h. The creation of unnecessary fire hazards.
4 "i. The escape into the open air, from a well
5 producing both oil and gas, of gas in excess of the amount
6 which is necessary in the efficient drilling or operation of
7 the well.

8 "j. The use of gas, except sour gas, for the 9 manufacture of carbon black.

10 "k. The escape of gas into the open air, from a well 11 producing gas, in excess of the amount which is necessary for 12 safety reasons or for the efficient drilling, testing, and 13 operation of the well.

14 "1. Production of oil and gas in excess of15 reasonable market demand.

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"§9-17-12.

17 "(a) Whether or not the total production from a pool 18 is limited or prorated, no rule, regulation, or order of the 19 board shall be such in terms or effect that it will do the 20 following:

"(1) That it shall be necessary at any time for the producer from or the owner of, a tract of land in the pool, or an interest associated therewith or derived therefrom, in order that he or she may obtain the tract's just and equitable share or the just and equitable share of the interest of the production of such pool, as the share is set forth in this section, to drill and operate any well or wells on such tract

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in addition to the well or wells as can without waste produce the share.

"(2) As to occasion net drainage from a tract or any interest associated therewith or derived therefrom, unless there is drilled and operated upon the tract a well or wells in addition to such well or wells thereon as can without waste produce the tract's just and equitable share or the just and equitable share of interest, as set forth in this section, of the production of the pool.

10 "(b)(1) In order to prevent the waste of oil and gas resources, to protect and enforce the correlative rights of 11 12 the owners and producers in a pool and to avoid the drilling 13 of an excessive and unnecessary number of wells, the board 14 shall, after notice and hearing, establish drainage or 15 production units for each pool. Furthermore, the board shall, after notice and hearing, establish special field rules for 16 17 each pool, and the special field rules established by the board shall designate, among other things, the drainage or 18 production units for the field and production allowables for 19 each drainage or production unit. A drainage or production 20 21 unit, means the maximum area which may be efficiently and 22 economically drained by one well. With respect to wells 23 drilled and completed in shale natural gas reservoirs as 24 defined by the board, when a party affirmatively demonstrates to the board after notice and hearing, with substantial 25 26 evidence based on geologic and engineering evidence and 27 production information derived from wells in an established

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1 field, that one well will not efficiently and economically 2 drain the entire drainage or production units provided for in the special field rules, then the board may amend the special 3 4 field rules to allow more than one well to be drilled and produced within the drainage or production units in the field. 5 6 In no case, however, may the board establish a spacing unit in 7 a shale natural gas reservoir larger than 320 acres for a vertical well or wells and 640 acres for a horizontal well or 8 wells. With respect to wells drilled and completed in coalbed 9 10 methane reservoirs as defined by the board, when a party affirmatively demonstrates to the board after notice and 11 12 hearing with substantial evidence based on geologic and 13 engineering evidence and production information derived from 14 wells in an established field providing for 80-acre drainage and production units, that one well will not efficiently and 15 16 economically drain the entire 80-acre drainage and production 17 units provided for in the special field rules, then the board may amend the special field rules to allow a second well to be 18 drilled and produced within the 80-acre drainage or production 19 units in the field. In determining whether a well will 20 21 efficiently and economically drain the 80-acre drainage or 22 production unit, the board shall consider, among other things, 23 whether the well will significantly increase production from 24 the unit, will extend the duration of production from the 25 unit, and whether the second well is an unnecessary well. Any 26 drainage or production unit established by the board shall 27 constitute a developed unit as long as a well is located

thereon, which is capable of producing oil or gas in paying 1 2 quantities, or until the board shall determine and order otherwise after notice and hearing. It is provided, however, 3 4 that the board shall have no authority to establish a drainage or production unit in excess of either 160 acres or one 5 6 governmental guarter section plus 10 percent tolerance for any 7 pool deemed by the board to be an oil reservoir or in excess of either 640 acres or one governmental section plus 10 8 percent tolerance, for any pool, deemed by the board to be a 9 10 gas reservoir, the 10 percent tolerance provided for so as to allow for irregular sections; provided, however, that the 11 board may, after notice and hearing, establish drainage or 12 13 production units for oil and gas in excess of the aforesaid 14 limitations when it is affirmatively demonstrated that one 15 well can efficiently and economically drain the proposed area and that a larger unit is justified because of technical, 16 17 economic, environmental or safety considerations, or other reasons deemed valid by the board. To insure protection of 18 coequal and correlative rights, the board may, after notice 19 and hearing, establish drainage or production units for oil 20 21 and gas pools by a quantum not to exceed 50 percent greater 22 than the aforesaid limitation provided such action is 23 justified by sufficient technical evidence, indicating that 24 the acreage or land in excess of the aforesaid maximum 25 limitations is being drained or is in imminent danger of being 26 drained and that the owners of the excess acreage or lands 27 that the persons owning any interest or combination of

1 interests in the excess acreage or lands cannot otherwise 2 receive their just and equitable share of production from the pool being so drained; provided, however, in the event the 3 4 excess lands or interests are integrated or pooled by order of the board, then the provisions of Section 9-17-13 shall be 5 applicable to the owners of tracts or interests in the acreage 6 7 or land in excess of the aforesaid maximum limitations so that the operator of the drainage or production unit in which the 8 tracts or interests are included shall have the right to 9 10 charge against the interest of each other owner in the production from the wells drilled by the designated operator 11 12 the actual expenditures required for that purpose, not in 13 excess of what are reasonable, including a reasonable charge 14 for supervision; and the operator shall have the right to 15 receive the first production from the wells drilled thereon which otherwise would be delivered or paid to the other 16 17 parties jointly interested in the drilling of the well so that the amount due by each of them for his or her share of the 18 expense of drilling, equipping, and operating the well may be 19 paid to the operator of the well out of production, with the 20 21 value of production calculated at the market price in the 22 field at the time production is received by the operator or 23 placed to his or her credit.

24 "Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, all 25 persons entitled to share in the production of oil or gas from 26 a tract or interest or tracts or interests in land may 27 voluntarily agree to the creation or establishment of a

1 drainage or production unit, or may authorize one or more of 2 the persons entitled to share in such production to create or establish a drainage or production unit, containing as much or 3 4 more acreage or land than drainage or production units established by the board for the same pool, but not in excess 5 of 160 acres or one governmental guarter section, plus 10 6 7 percent tolerance, in the case of oil and 640 acres or one governmental section, plus 10 percent tolerance, in the case 8 9 of gas; subject to the aforementioned qualifications in this section and up to 50 percent greater, as provided hereinabove; 10 a drainage or production unit so created or established shall, 11 12 subject to the approval of the board, be valid and binding for 13 all purposes even though the drainage or production unit 14 contains more acreage or land than the board has included, or 15 is authorized by this section to include in a drainage or production unit established by it for the same pool; provided, 16 17 however, the spacing limitations set forth herein shall not apply to offshore wells and the size and configuration of 18 19 drilling units and drainage or production units of offshore 20 wells shall be as is determined proper by the board. "(2) The acreage <u>limitations set forth in this</u> 21 22 section for drainage or production units for oil reservoirs 23 shall not apply to horizontal wells drilled into oil 24 reservoirs. The board shall determine the size and 25 configuration of drilling units and drainage or production

26 <u>units for horizontal oil wells. Notwithstanding the foregoing</u>,

27 the board shall not have authority to establish a drilling

1 unit or a drainage or production unit in excess of either 640 2 acres or one governmental section or two contiguous half sections, plus 10 percent tolerance for any horizontal well 3 drilled in any oil reservoirs, the 10 percent tolerance 4 provided to allow for irregular sections. 5 6 "(3) The acreage limitations set forth in this 7 section for drainage or production units for oil reservoirs and for gas reservoirs shall not apply to offshore wells, and 8 the board shall determine the size and configuration of 9 drilling units and drainage or production units of offshore 10 11 wells. 12 "(c) Each well permitted to be drilled upon any 13 drilling or production unit to a pool in a field with respect 14 to which the board has promulgated special rules shall be 15 drilled at a location on the unit authorized by the special rules, and each well permitted to be drilled upon any drilling 16

or production unit where the location thereof is not 17 prescribed by special rules shall be drilled at a location on 18 the unit authorized by rules of statewide application 19 promulgated by the board, with the exceptions as may be 20 21 reasonably necessary, where it is shown, after notice and 22 hearing, and the board finds, that the unit is partly outside 23 the pool, or, for some other reason, that a well located in 24 accordance with applicable rules would be nonproductive, would 25 not be at the optimum position in the drilling or production 26 unit for the most efficient and economic drainage of the unit, 27 or where topographical conditions are such as to make the

1 drilling at an authorized location on the unit unduly 2 burdensome or where an exception is necessary to prevent the confiscation of property. Whenever an exception is granted, 3 4 the board shall take such action as will offset any advantage which the person securing the exception may have over other 5 6 producers by reason of the drilling of the well as an 7 exception, and so that drainage from developed units to the tract with respect to which the exception is granted will be 8 prevented or minimized and the producer of the well drilled as 9 10 an exception will be allowed to produce no more than his or 11 her just and equitable share of the oil and gas in the pool, 12 as such share is set forth in this section.

13 "(d) Subject to the reasonable requirements for 14 prevention of waste and to the reasonable adjustment because of structural position, a producer's just and equitable share 15 of the oil and gas in the pool (also sometimes referred to as 16 17 a tract's just and equitable share) is that part of the authorized production for the pool (whether it be the total 18 which could be produced without any restriction on the amount 19 of production or whether it be an amount less than that which 20 21 the pool could produce if no restriction on amount were 22 imposed) which is substantially in the proportion that the 23 quantity of recoverable oil and gas in the developed area of 24 his or her tract or interest or tracts or interests in the 25 pool bear or bears to the recoverable oil and gas in the total developed area of the pool, insofar as these amounts can be 26 27 practically ascertained; and to that end, the rules,

regulations, permits, and orders of the board shall be such as 1 2 will prevent or minimize reasonably avoidable net drainage from each developed unit (that is, drainage which is not 3 4 equalized by counterdrainage), and will give to each producer the opportunity to use his or her just and equitable share of 5 6 the reservoir energy. In determining each producer's just and 7 equitable share of the authorized production for the pool, the board is authorized to give due consideration to the 8 productivity of the well or wells located thereon, as 9 10 determined by flow tests, bottom hole pressure tests, or any 11 other practical method of testing wells and producing 12 structures, and to consider such other factors and geological 13 or engineering tests and data as may be determined by the 14 supervisor to be pertinent or relevant to ascertaining each 15 producer's just and equitable share of the production and reservoir energy of the field or pool." 16

Section 2. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.