- 1 HB485
- 2 156965-1
- 3 By Representative Todd
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 13-FEB-14

156965-1:n:01/21/2014:PMG/tan LRS2014-302 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, the possession and use 8 of cannabis is a criminal act. 9 10 This bill would allow the possession, use, and cultivation of limited amounts of cannabis for 11 12 personal use by persons 21 years of age or older. 13 This bill would authorize the Department of 14 Revenue to regulate the cultivation, processing, packaging, testing, transportation, display, and 15 sale of cannabis and cannabis accessories. 16 17 This bill would prohibit the sale of 18 cannabis except by regulated retail cannabis 19 stores. 20 This bill would also provide for a tax on the sale of cannabis. 21 22 23 A BILL 24 TO BE ENTITLED 25 AN ACT 26

1 Relating to the possession and use of cannabis; to 2 allow the possession, use, and cultivation of limited amounts of cannabis for personal use by adults; to authorize the 3 4 Department of Revenue to regulate the cultivation, processing, 5 packaging, testing, transportation, display, and sale of 6 cannabis and cannabis accessories; to prohibit the sale of 7 cannabis except by regulated retail cannabis stores; and to provide for a tax on the sale of cannabis. 8

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited
 as the Alabama Marijuana Freedom Act.

Section 2. As used in this act, the following words shall have the following meanings:

14 (1) CANNABIS. All parts of the plant of the genus 15 cannabis whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant, and every compound, 16 17 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or its resin. Cannabis is also referred to 18 as marijuana or marihuana. Cannabis does not include 19 20 industrial hemp, nor does it include fiber produced from the 21 stalks, oil, or cake made from the seeds of the plant, 22 sterilized seeds of the plant, which are incapable of 23 germination, or the weight of any other ingredient combined 24 with cannabis to prepare topical or oral administrations, 25 food, drink, or other product.

(2) CANNABIS ACCESSORY. Any equipment, product, or
 material of any kind which is used, intended for use, or

designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating,
growing, harvesting, composting, manufacturing, compounding,
converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing,
analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, vaporizing, or
containing cannabis, or for ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise
introducing cannabis into the human body.

7 (3) CANNABIS CULTIVATION FACILITY. An entity
8 licensed to cultivate, prepare, and package cannabis and sell
9 cannabis to a retail cannabis store, to a cannabis
10 manufacturing facility, or to another cannabis cultivation
11 facility, but not to consumers.

(4) CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT. A retail cannabis store,
 cannabis cultivation facility, cannabis product manufacturing
 facility, or a cannabis testing facility.

(5) CANNABIS PRODUCT MANUFACTURING FACILITY. An
entity licensed to purchase cannabis, manufacture, prepare,
and package cannabis products, and sell cannabis and cannabis
products to another cannabis product manufacturing facility or
to a retail cannabis store, but not to consumers.

20 (6) CANNABIS PRODUCTS. Concentrated cannabis
21 products and cannabis products that are comprised of cannabis
22 and other ingredients and are intended for use or consumption,
23 such as, but not limited to, edible products, ointments, and
24 tinctures.

(7) CANNABIS TESTING FACILITY. An entity licensed to
 analyze and certify the safety and potency of cannabis.

(8) CONSUMER. A person 21 years of age or older who
 purchases cannabis or cannabis products for personal use by
 persons 21 years of age or older, but not for resale to
 others.

5 (9) INDUSTRIAL HEMP. The plant of the genus cannabis 6 and any part of the plant, whether growing or not, with a 7 delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not 8 exceed three-tenths percent on a dry weight basis.

9 (10) LABELING. All labels and other written,
10 printed, or graphic matter upon any cannabis intended for
11 medical use, or accompanying the cannabis.

Section 3. Notwithstanding Sections 13A-12-213 and 13 13A-12-214, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the possession 14 of marijuana, and Section 13A-12-231, Code of Alabama 1975, 15 relating to the cultivation and trafficking of cannabis, the 16 following acts shall be lawful and may not be the basis for 17 seizure or forfeiture of assets for persons 21 years of age or 18 older:

19 (1) Possessing, displaying, purchasing, or20 transporting one ounce or less of cannabis.

(2) Transferring one ounce or less of cannabis
 without remuneration to a person who is 21 years of age or
 older.

(3) Using or consuming cannabis, provided the use or
 consumption is not conducted openly or publicly or in a manner
 that endangers others.

(4) Manufacturing, possessing, displaying,
 transporting, or purchasing cannabis accessories or selling
 cannabis accessories to a person who is 21 years of age or
 older.

5 (5) Assisting another person who is 21 years of age 6 or older in any of the acts described in this section.

7 Section 4. (a) Notwithstanding Sections 13A-12-213 and 13A-12-214, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the 8 possession of marijuana, and Section 13A-12-231, Code of 9 10 Alabama 1975, relating to the cultivation and trafficking of cannabis, a cannabis establishment described in this section, 11 12 and any person who is acting in his or her capacity as an 13 owner, employee, or agent of such cannabis establishment, may 14 operate and carry out the prescribed functions, provided the 15 establishment has been issued a valid license by the Department of Revenue and is in compliance with the provisions 16 17 of this act and any rules adopted thereto.

(b) A retail cannabis store may possess, display,
sell, or transport cannabis products; purchase cannabis or
cannabis products from a cannabis product manufacturing
facility; or possess or sell cannabis to consumers.

(c) A cannabis cultivation facility may cultivate,
harvest, process, package, display, or possess cannabis;
transport cannabis to a cannabis testing facility; transport
or sell cannabis to another cannabis cultivation facility, a
cannabis product manufacturing facility, or a retail cannabis

store; or purchase cannabis from another cannabis cultivation
 facility.

(d) A cannabis product manufacturing facility may 3 4 package, process, manufacture, display, or possess cannabis or cannabis products; transport cannabis or cannabis products to 5 a cannabis testing facility; sell or transport cannabis or 6 7 cannabis products to a retail cannabis store or another cannabis product manufacturing facility; purchase or transport 8 cannabis from a cannabis cultivation facility; or purchase or 9 10 transport cannabis or cannabis products from another cannabis 11 product manufacturing facility.

(e) A cannabis testing facility may possess,
cultivate, process, repackage, store, transport, or display
cannabis or cannabis products.

(f) A person, business, or other entity that
lawfully owns, occupies, or controls any property may lease or
otherwise allow the use of the property for a cannabis
establishment described in this section.

19 Section 5. (a) Not later than October 1, 2014, the 20 Department of Revenue shall adopt rules necessary for the 21 implementation of this act. Rules may not prohibit the 22 operation of cannabis establishments described in Section 4, 23 either expressly or through rules that make their operation 24 unreasonably impracticable. Rules shall include:

(1) Procedures for the issuance, renewal,
 suspension, and revocation of a license to operate a cannabis
 establishment.

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1 (2) A schedule of application, licensing, and 2 renewal fees, provided that application fees shall not exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), with this maximum amount 3 4 adjusted annually for inflation, unless the Department of Revenue determines a larger fee is necessary to carry out its 5 responsibilities under this section. 6 7 (3) Qualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably related to the operation of cannabis 8 establishments. 9 (4) Security requirements for cannabis 10 establishments. 11 12 (5) Requirements to prevent the sale or diversion of cannabis and cannabis products to persons under the age of 21. 13 14 (6) Labelling requirements for cannabis products 15 sold or distributed by a cannabis establishment. (7) Health and safety standards for the manufacture 16 17 of cannabis products and the cultivation of cannabis. (8) Restrictions on the advertising and display of 18 cannabis and cannabis products. 19 20 (9) Civil penalties for the failure to comply with 21 rules adopted pursuant to this section. 22 (b) To ensure that individual privacy is protected, 23 notwithstanding subsection (a), the Department of Revenue may not require a consumer to provide a retail cannabis store with 24 25 personal information other than government-issued 26 identification to determine the consumer's age, and a retail 27 cannabis store shall not be required to acquire and record

personal information about consumers other than information typically acquired in a financial transaction conducted at a retail store that sells alcoholic beverages.

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(c) A license shall be valid for one year.

Section 6. (a) An application for a license to 5 operate a cannabis establishment shall be submitted along with 6 7 the application fee to the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue, upon receipt of the application and 8 fee, shall immediately forward a copy of each application and 9 10 half of the license application fee to the local governing body that has jurisdiction, as provided in Section 7, over the 11 12 location in which the applicant desires to operate the cannabis establishment. 13

(b) If an applicant is seeking a license in a location where a municipality or county government has enacted a limit on the number of cannabis establishments, and the number of applications exceeds that number, the Department of Revenue shall solicit and consider input from the municipality or county government as to its preference or preferences for licensure.

(c) Not more than 90 days after receipt of a completed application, the Department of Revenue, upon receipt of a licensing fee, shall issue a license or, if the applicant does not meet the requirements for licensure under this act or the requirements for licensure by the municipality or county government, shall deny the issuance of a license, setting forth in writing the specific reasons for denial. Section 7. (a) A municipality or county government
 may enact ordinances or adopt rules relating to any of the
 following:

4 (1) The time, place, manner, and number of cannabis 5 facilities.

6 (2) Procedures for the issuance, suspension, and 7 revocation of a license issued by the municipality or county 8 government as provided in this section and in accordance with 9 the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act.

10 (3) A schedule of annual operating, licensing, and 11 application fees for cannabis establishments, provided the 12 application fee shall only be due if an application is 13 submitted to a municipality or county government as provided 14 in this section and a licensing fee shall only be due if a 15 license is issued by the municipality or county government.

16 (4) Civil penalties for violation of an ordinance or 17 rule.

(b) A municipality or county government may prohibit
the operation of retail cannabis stores, cannabis cultivation
facilities, cannabis product manufacturing facilities, or
cannabis testing facilities through the enactment of an
ordinance or through a referenda, provided any referenda shall
appear on a general election ballot during an even numbered
year.

(c) If the Department of Revenue fails to issue or
 deny a license to an applicant within 90 days of receipt of an
 application filed in accordance with Section 6, or if the

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Department of Revenue has adopted rules pursuant to Section 5 1 2 and has accepted applications but has not issued any licenses by January 1, 2015, an applicant may resubmit its application 3 4 directly to the municipality or county government. Not more than 90 days after receipt of a completed application, the 5 6 municipality or county government shall, upon receipt of a 7 licensing fee, issue a license or, if the applicant does not meet the requirements for licensure under this act or the 8 requirements for licensure by the municipality or county 9 10 government, shall deny the issuance of a license, setting 11 forth in writing the specific reasons for denial. If a license 12 is issued, the municipality or county government shall notify 13 the Department of Revenue, and the Department of Revenue shall 14 forward to the municipality or county government the 15 application fee paid by the applicant.

(d) A license issued by a municipality or county
government shall have the same force and effect as a license
issued by the Department of Revenue and shall be valid for one
year.

(e) A municipality or county government may issue
subsequent licenses or renew licenses if the Department of
Revenue has not adopted rules under Section 5 at least 90 days
prior to the date upon which a new or renewed license would be
effective or if the Department of Revenue has adopted rules
but has not, at least 90 days after the adoption of rules,
issued licenses.

1 Section 8. (a) The Legislature shall enact a sales 2 tax to be applied to all cannabis sales authorized under Sections 3 to 8, inclusive. The revenue generated by this tax 3 4 shall be distributed to the state's municipal police departments to be used to combat the illegal trafficking and 5 6 production of drugs contained in Schedules I and II of the 7 Alabama Controlled Substances Act. The rate shall not exceed the maximum total tax rate on the sale of alcoholic beverages, 8 as provided in Title 28, Code of Alabama, 1975. 9

(b) Not later than July 1, 2015, the Legislature
shall enact legislation governing the cultivation, processing,
and sale of industrial hemp.

Section 9. Nothing in Sections 3 to 8, inclusive, is intended do any of the following:

(1) Require an employer to allow or accommodate the
purchase, sale, possession, use, consumption, cultivation,
display, transfer, distribution, or transportation of cannabis
in the workplace or to affect the ability of employers to have
workplace policies restricting or prohibiting the use of
cannabis by employees.

(2) Allow driving under the influence of cannabis or
to supersede laws related to driving under the influence of
cannabis, nor shall this act prevent the state from enacting
or imposing penalties for driving under the influence of
cannabis.

26 (3) Allow the transfer of cannabis, with or without
 27 remuneration, to a person under the age of 21, or to allow a

person under the age of 21 to purchase, sell, possess, use,
 consume, cultivate, display, transfer, distribute, or
 transport cannabis.

4 (4) Affect the ability of a person, employer,
5 school, hospital, detention facility, corporation, or any
6 other entity that owns, occupies, or controls a property to
7 restrict, regulate, or prohibit the purchase, sale,
8 possession, use, consumption, cultivation, display, transfer,
9 distribution, or transportation of cannabis on or in that
10 property.

11 Section 10. The provisions of this act are 12 severable. If any part of this act is declared invalid or 13 unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part 14 which remains.

15 Section 11. This act shall become effective on the 16 first day of the third month following its passage and 17 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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