- 1 HB516
- 2 158762-1
- 3 By Representative Williams (P)
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 20-FEB-14

1	158762-1:n:02/19/2014:PMG/tj LRS2014-774	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, there is no specific
9		crime of mortgage fraud.
10		This bill would make mortgage fraud a crime.
11		Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama
12		of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the
13		Official Recompilation of the Constitution of
14		Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general
15		law whose purpose or effect would be to require a
16		new or increased expenditure of local funds from
17		becoming effective with regard to a local
18		governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote
19		unless: it comes within one of a number of
20		specified exceptions; it is approved by the
21		affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates
22		funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to
23		the entity for the purpose.
24		The purpose or effect of this bill would be
25		to require a new or increased expenditure of local
26		funds within the meaning of the amendment. However,
27		the bill does not require approval of a local

governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to
become effective because it comes within one of the
specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

5 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

7 AN ACT

To make mortgage fraud a crime; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. (a) For purposes of this section, the term "mortgage lending transaction" means any transaction between two or more persons for the purpose of making or obtaining, attempting to make or obtain, or assisting another person to make or obtain a residential mortgage loan or other lien on residential real property, including, but not limited to, the solicitation, application or origination, negotiation of terms, third party provider services, underwriting, signing and closing, and funding of the loan.

(b) A person commits the crime of mortgage fraud if, with the intent to defraud for his or her own benefit or the

- benefit of a third person, he or she knowingly does any of the
 following:
- (1) Makes any material misstatement,

 misrepresentation, or omission during the mortgage lending

 process with the intention that the misstatement,

 misrepresentation, or omission will be relied on by a mortgage

 lender, borrower, or any other person or entity involved in

the mortgage lending transaction.

- (2) Uses or facilitates the use of any material misstatement, misrepresentation, or omission during the mortgage lending process with the intention that the misstatement, misrepresentation, or omission will be relied on by a mortgage lender, borrower, or any other person or entity involved in the mortgage lending transaction.
- (3) Receives any proceeds or any other funds in connection with the mortgage lending process that the person knew resulted from a violation of subdivision (1) or (2).
- (4) Files or causes to be filed with any office of a judge of probate of this state a document involved in the mortgage lending process that contains a material misstatement, misrepresentation, or omission.
- (c) Mortgage fraud in which there is a financial loss of greater than five hundred dollars (\$500) or the defendant has previously been convicted of mortgage fraud constitutes mortgage fraud in the first degree. Mortgage fraud in the first degree is a Class C felony.

(d) Mortgage fraud in which the defendant has not previously been convicted of mortgage fraud and there is no financial loss or the financial loss is five hundred dollars (\$500) or less constitutes mortgage fraud in the second degree. Mortgage fraud in the second degree is a Class A misdemeanor.

Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.