- 1 SB349
- 2 157915-1
- 3 By Senator Pittman
- 4 RFD: Governmental Affairs
- 5 First Read: 12-FEB-14

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8	SYNOPSIS:	The Court of Civil Appeals, in Kilgore
9		Development, Inc. v. Woodland Place, LLC, has ruled
10		that a contract for the purchase and sale of lots
11		prior to a plat being approved is void because the
12		contract would violate existing subdivision laws.
13		This bill would provide that county and
14		municipal laws relating to the regulation of
15		subdivisions would not apply to contracts to
16		purchase or sell lots which are planned to be
17		developed. Approval of the subdivision plat and
18		recording of the plat would be required before a
19		lot could be conveyed to any third party.
20		This bill would also make certain provisions
21		consistent in county and municipal subdivision
22		laws.
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24		A BILL
25		TO BE ENTITLED
26		AN ACT
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To amend Sections 11-19-1, 11-19-15, 11-24-1, 1 2 11-24-2, 11-24-3, 11-52-1, and 11-52-33, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to certain laws authorizing counties and 3 municipalities to regulate subdivisions; to provide that laws would not apply to contracts to purchase lots prior to the 5 6 recording of an approved subdivision plat under certain 7 conditions and to modify certain definitional and procedural provisions consistent among the laws. 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 9 Section 1. Sections 11-19-1, 11-19-15, 11-24-1, 10 11-24-2, 11-24-3, 11-52-1, and 11-52-33, Code of Alabama 1975, 11 12 are amended to read as follows: "\$11-19-1. 13 14 "For the purposes of this chapter, the following 15 words and phrases unless otherwise clearly indicated shall 16 have the following meanings: 17 "(1) COUNTY GOVERNING BODY. The county commission of each county in this state. 18 "(2) FLOOD or FLOODING. The general and temporary 19 20 condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry 21 land areas: 22 "a. From the overflow of streams, rivers, and other 23 inland waters, or 24 "b. From tidal surges, abnormally high tidal waters, 25 tidal waves, or rising coastal waters resulting from tsunamis,

hurricanes, or other severe storms.

- "(3) FLOOD-PRONE AREA. Any area with a frequency of inundation of once in 100 years as defined by qualified hydrologists or engineers using methods that are generally accepted by persons engaged in the field of hydrology and engineering.
 - "(4) LAND-USE AND CONTROL MEASURES. Zoning ordinances, subdivision regulations, building codes, health regulations, and other applications and extensions of the normal police power to provide safe standards of occupancy for prudent use of flood-prone areas.
 - "(5) SUBDIVISION. The division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land into two or more lots, plats, sites, or other divisions of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, for sale or building development. It includes resubdivision and, when appropriate to the context, relates to the process of subdividing or to the land or territory subdivided. Development includes, but is not limited to, the design work of lot layout, the construction of drainage structures, the construction of buildings or public use areas, the planning and construction of public streets and public roads, and the placement of public utilities. A subdivision does not include the construction or development of roads or buildings on private property to be used for agricultural purposes.

25 "\$11-19-15.

"Whoever, being the owner or agent of the owner of any land located within a subdivision within the flood-prone

areas transfers or sells or agrees to sell or negotiates to 1 2 sell any land by reference to, or exhibition of or by other use of a plat of a subdivision before such plat has been 3 approved by the county planning commission and recorded or filed in the office of the judge of probate shall be quilty of 5 6 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished 7 as provided by law, and the description of such lot or parcel by metes and bounds in the instrument of transfer or 8 conveyance or other document used in the process of selling or 9 10 transferring shall not exempt the transaction from the penalties or remedies provided in this chapter. The county 11 12 commission may enjoin such transfer or sale or agreement by 13 action for injunction brought in any court of equity 14 jurisdiction or may recover the same penalty by a civil action 15 in any court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing in this article shall impair, impede, or prohibit any person or entity 16 17 from offering for reservation, sale, or lease, negotiating for sale or lease, leasing, entering into any otherwise valid and 18 enforceable contract for the reservation, purchase, lease, or 19 sale of any lot within any proposed subdivision prior to its 20 21 approval, and no county shall adopt or enforce any rule, 22 regulation, or ordinance, or take any other action that would 23 impair, impede, or prohibit any such action prior to the 24 approval of any proposed subdivision.

"\$11-24-1.

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"(a) When used in this chapter, the following words shall have the following meanings:

- "(1) COUNTY. A political subdivision of the state

 created by statute to aid in the administration of government.
- "(2) COUNTY COMMISSION. The chief administrative or
 legislative body of the county.

- "(3) STREETS. Streets, avenues, boulevards, roads, lanes, alleys, viaducts, and other roads.
- "(4) SUBDIVISION. The development and division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land into two or more lots, plats, sites, or otherwise other division of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of establishing or creating a subdivision through the sale, lease, or building development. The term includes resubdivision and, when appropriate to the context, relates to the process of subdividing or to the land or territory subdivided. Development includes, but is not limited to, the design work of lot layout, the construction of drainage structures, the construction of buildings or public use areas, the planning and construction of public streets and public roads, and the placement of public utilities. A subdivision does not include the construction or development of roads or buildings on private property to be used for agricultural purposes.
- "(b) The county commission or like governing body of each county in the state shall be authorized to regulate the minimum size of lots, the planning and construction of all public streets, public roads, and drainage structures and require proper placement of public utilities to be located in proposed subdivisions of land or in proposed additions to

subdivisions of land existing at the time of the enactment of this chapter where the subdivisions are situated outside the corporate limits of any municipality in the county. The placement of public utilities shall not be inconsistent with the requirements of the Southern Standard Building Code, state and federal laws, and regulations of state and federal regulatory agencies. If the county commission or like governing body of any county shall require the placement of public utility facilities in any subdivision or addition thereto in a manner which is other than the most economical method available from an engineering standpoint, then the developer of the subdivision or addition shall reimburse the utility for the difference in cost between the method so required by the county governing body and the most economical method available.

"(c) The county commission or like governing body of each county in the state may establish a board of developers to make suggestions to the commission regarding the development and division of subdivisions. The board may advise the commission on the contents of the regulations, revisions that need to be made to the regulations, and assist in resolving disputes between the commission and developers.

"§11-24-2.

"(a) It shall be the duty of the owner and developer of each subdivision to have all construction completed in conformity with this chapter and, prior to beginning any construction or development, to submit the proposed plat to

1 the county commission for approval, and obtain a permit to develop as required in this section, and file or record the 2 plat in the office of the judge of probate. The permit to 3 develop shall be obtained and the approved plat of the subdivision shall be recorded before the actual sale, offering 5 6 for sale, or transfer, or lease of any lots from the 7 subdivision or addition to the public, it must include a plan to deliver utilities including water, and shall only be issued 8 upon approval of the proposed plat by the county commission, 9 10 and the description of any lot or parcel by metes and bounds in the instrument of transfer or conveyance or other document 11 12 used in the process of selling or transferring shall not exempt the transaction from the penalties or remedies provided 13 14 in this chapter. Nothing in this article shall impair, impede, 15 or prohibit any person or entity from offering for reservation, sale, or lease, negotiating for sale or lease, 16 17 leasing, entering into any otherwise valid and enforceable contract for the reservation, purchase, lease, or sale of any 18 lot within any proposed subdivision prior to its approval, and 19 no county shall adopt or enforce any rule, regulation, or 20 21 ordinance, or take any other action that would impair, impede, 22 or prohibit any such action prior to the approval of any proposed subdivision. As a condition for the issuance of a 23 24 permit, the county commission may require any of the following 25 for approval of the proposed plat:

"(1) The filing and posting of a reasonable surety bond with the county commission by the developers of the

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- 1 proposed subdivisions or proposed additions to quarantee the 2 actual construction and installation are in accordance with approved plans for public streets, public roads, drainage 3 structures, and public utilities.
 - "(2) The names and addresses of each adjoining landowner and utility subject to the notice as provided in subsection (b).
- "(3) A permit fee, which shall not exceed 9 twenty-five dollars (\$25).

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"(b) No proposed plat shall be approved or disapproved by the county commission without first being reviewed by the county engineer or his or her designee. Following the review, the county engineer or his or her designee shall certify to the commission whether the proposed plat meets the county's regulations. If the proposed plat meets the regulations, it shall be approved by the commission. Should the proposed plat be determined by the county engineer to be deficient in any regard, the county engineer shall detail the deficiency to the county commission along with a recommendation that it be disapproved. Notice of the recommendation of the engineer shall be sent to the owner or developer whose name and address appears on the submitted proposed plat by registered or certified mail at least 10 days before the recommendation shall be presented to the county commission for action. A similar notice shall be mailed to the owners of land immediately adjoining the platted land as their names appear upon the plats in the office of the county tax

assessor and their addresses appear in the directory of the county or on the tax records of the county and to each utility affected thereby. Each utility notified in writing by the commission shall be given at least 10 days to review the proposed plat and submit a written report to the commission as to whether all provisions affecting the service to be provided by the utility are reasonable and adequate. If any utility affected by the proposed plat is not properly notified then the approval or disapproval by the county commission shall not be valid until the affected utility has been given at least 10 days' notice prior to such approval or disapproval as provided by this subsection.

"(c) In addition to the foregoing, once the owner or developer of all proposed subdivisions or proposed additions to existing subdivisions of land situated outside the corporate limits of any municipality in the county has met all requirements of the county's regulations, he or she shall submit the final plat of the developed subdivision or addition to existing subdivision to the county engineer for signature verifying that the subdivision or addition to existing subdivision meets the county's regulations. After the final plat has been signed by the county engineer, it shall be filed for record or received for filing in the office of the judge of probate. Subject to the penalties set out in Section 11-24-3, it shall be a violation of this chapter for the developer to file or to have filed any plat, deed, property

description, or document of property transfer without full compliance with this section.

"(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a), (b), and (c), this section shall not apply to the sale, deed, or transfer of land by the owner to an immediate family member, except that, in the event that there is any sale, deed, or transfer of land by the owner or an immediate family member to someone other than an immediate family member, this chapter shall then apply to any subdivision of property as defined in subdivision (4) of subsection (a) of Section 11-24-1.

"\$11-24-3.

"(a) Any owner or developer failing to comply with the permitting requirement or otherwise violating this chapter or any rule or regulation made pursuant to this chapter shall be fined one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per lot that has been sold, offered for sale, or transferred, or leased to the public.

"(b) In the event that the developer or owner fails to comply with this chapter, the county commission shall have the right to enjoin action of the developer or owner by a civil action for the injunction brought in any court of competent jurisdiction or, in the event that work on the subdivision has been completed, to bring action to compel the developer or owner to comply with this chapter. In addition to injunction, the county commission may recover the penalty as

provided by this section in any court of competent jurisdiction.

"(c) The county commission may employ inspectors and may request the county license inspector to see that its rules and regulations are not violated and that the plans and specifications for the minimum size of lots, the planning and construction of public streets, public roads, and drainage structures, and the placement of public utilities are not in conflict with the rules and regulations of the county. The county commission may charge inspection fees, not to exceed actual costs, to be paid by the owners of the property inspected.

"(d) This chapter may be enforced by the county license inspector under Section 40-12-10, including issuing citations as provided in subsection (j) of Section 40-12-10 for failure to properly obtain the permit to develop required pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 11-24-2. The license inspector may issue subsequent citations for failure to properly obtain a permit to develop if, after 30 days following the issuance of the previous citation for the same violation, the owner or developer of the subdivision has not made proper application for a permit pursuant to the requirements of this chapter. The applicable fines set out in subsection (a) shall be doubled and separately assessed against the owner or developer of the subdivision for each subsequent citation issued by the license inspector as provided herein.

1 "\$11-52-1.

"When used in this chapter, the following words or phrases shall have the following meanings, respectively, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- "(1) MUNICIPALITY or MUNICIPAL. Cities or towns.
- "(2) MAYOR. The chief executive of the municipality, whether the official designation of his office be mayor, city manager, or otherwise.
- 9 "(3) COUNCIL. The chief legislative body of the municipality.
- "(4) COUNTY COMMISSION. The chief administrative or legislative body of the county.
 - "(5) STREETS. Streets, avenues, boulevards, roads, lanes, alleys, viaducts, and other ways.
 - "(6) SUBDIVISION. The division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land into two or more lots, plats, sites, or other divisions of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of sale, of lease, or of building development. The term includes resubdivision and, when appropriate to the context, relates to the process of subdividing or to the land or territory subdivided. Development includes, but is not limited to, the design work of lot layout, the construction of drainage structures, the construction of buildings or public use areas, the planning and construction of public streets and public roads, and the placement of public utilities. A subdivision does not include the construction or development

of roads or buildings on private property to be used for agricultural purposes.

"\$11-52-33**.**

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"(a) Where the regulation of a subdivision development is the responsibility of the municipal planning commission, if the owner or agent of the owner of any land located within a subdivision, transfers or sells or agrees to sell or negotiates to sell any land by reference to or exhibition of or by other use of a plat of a subdivision before the plat has been approved by the municipal planning commission and recorded or filed in the office of the appropriate county probate office, the owner or agent shall forfeit and pay a penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100) for each lot or parcel so transferred or sold or agreed or negotiated to be sold, and the description of the lot or parcel by metes and bounds in the instrument of transfer or other document used in the process of selling or transferring shall not exempt the transaction from the penalties or from the remedies provided in this section. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this article shall impair, impede, or prohibit any person or entity from offering for reservation, sale, or lease, negotiating for sale or lease, leasing, entering into any otherwise valid and enforceable contract for the reservation, purchase, lease, or sale of any lot within any proposed subdivision prior to its approval, and no municipality shall adopt or enforce any rule, regulation, or ordinance, or take any other action that would impair, impede,

1	or	prohibit	any	such	action	prior	to	the	approval	of	any
2	pro	posed suk	odivi	ision							

- "(b) The municipal corporation may enjoin the transfer or sale or agreement by a civil action for injunction brought in any court of competent jurisdiction or may recover the same penalty provided in this section by a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction.
- "(c) Where the county commission is responsible for regulation of subdivision development within the territorial jurisdiction of a municipal planning commission, enforcement of the subdivision regulations of the county shall be as provided in Chapter 24, and any penalties assessed against a developer for failure to comply with the subdivision regulations of the county shall be as provided therein."
- Section 2. (a) This act shall not validate any contract entered into prior to the effective date of this act.
- (b) This act shall apply to any contracts entered into after the effective date of this act without regard to whether an application for a subdivision or development was filed prior to the effective date of this act.
- Section 3. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.