- 1 SB427
- 2 159496-1
- 3 By Senator Ward
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation General Fund
- 5 First Read: 04-MAR-14

159496-1:n:02/27/2014:LLR/mfc LRS2014-1096 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 SYNOPSIS: SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, surviving 8 spouses of decedents domiciled in the state are 9 10 entitled to a six thousand dollars (\$6,000) 11 homestead allowance and personal property valued at 12 three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) in 13 excess of any security interests in furniture, automobiles, furnishings, appliances, and personal 14 15 effects. 16 Existing law also provides that if there is 17 no surviving spouse, each minor child and dependent 18 child of the decedent is entitled to an equal share of that allowance. 19 20 Existing law also provides that an individual Alabama debtor is entitled to a 21 22 homestead exemption of \$5,000 and a personal 23 property exemption of \$3,000, a married couple is 24 entitled to the homestead exemption and the 25 personal property exemption.

1 Existing law also prohibits an Alabama 2 debtor filing bankruptcy from protecting property in accordance with federal exemption limits. 3 4 This bill would have the effect of 5 increasing the homestead exemption to \$30,000 and 6 the personal property exemption to \$10,000 for 7 surviving spouses and an individual debtor. This bill would also allow debtors filing 8 9 bankruptcy the option of exempting homestead and 10 personal property in accordance with federal 11 bankruptcy law. 12 This bill would provide for an assessment 13 and reasonable adjustments, by the State Treasurer every three years, of allowable exemption rates 14 15 based on the federal Consumer Price Index. This bill would restrict the amount of 16 17 income that may be levied to a portion of 18 disposable income of an individual. 19 20 A BTTT 21 TO BE ENTITLED 22 AN ACT 23 To amend Sections 6-10-2, 6-10-6, 6-10-7, 6-10-11, 24 43-8-110, 43-8-111, 43-8-113, and 43-8-115, Code of Alabama 25 26 1975, to increase permissible exemptions available to a 27 surviving spouse to thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) for

1 homestead and ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for personal 2 property; to increase an Alabama debtor's individual homestead exemption to thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) and an 3 4 individual's personal property exemption to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), to provide debtors filing bankruptcy 5 6 options of additional exemptions allowable under federal 7 bankruptcy law; to restrict the amount of income that may be levied to a portion of disposable income; and to add Sections 8 6-10-12 and 43-8-116 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to provide 9 10 for an assessment and reasonable adjustment of allowable exemption rates, by the State Treasurer every three years, 11 12 based on the federal Consumer Price Index.

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

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 Section 1. Sections 6-10-2, 6-10-6, 6-10-7, 6-10-11,

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 43-8-110, 43-8-111, 43-8-113 and 43-8-115, Code of Alabama

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 1975, are amended to read as follows:

17 "\$6-10-2.

"The homestead of every resident of this state, with 18 the improvements and appurtenances, not exceeding in value 19  $\frac{55,000}{100}$  thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) and in area 160 20 21 acres, shall be, to the extent of any interest he or she may 22 have therein, whether a fee or less estate or whether held in 23 common or in severalty, exempt from levy and sale under 24 execution or other process for the collection of debts during 25 his or her life and occupancy and, if he or she leaves 26 surviving him or her a spouse and a minor child, or children, 27 or either, during the life of the surviving spouse and

Page 3

1 minority of the child, or children, but the area of the 2 homestead shall not be enlarged by reason of any encumbrance thereon or of the character of the estate or interest owned 3 4 therein by him or her. When a husband and wife jointly own a homestead each is entitled to claim separately the exemption 5 6 provided herein, to the same extent and value as an unmarried 7 individual. For purposes of this section and Sections 6-10-38 and 6-10-40, a mobile home or similar dwelling if the 8 principal place of residence of the individual claiming the 9 10 exemption shall be deemed to be a homestead.

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"§6-10-6.

12 "The personal property of such resident, except for 13 wages, salaries, or other compensation, to the extent of the 14 resident's interest therein, to the amount of  $\frac{33,000}{100}$  ten 15 thousand dollars (10,000) in value, to be selected by him or her, and, in addition thereto, all necessary and proper 16 17 wearing apparel for himself or herself and family, all family portraits or pictures and all books used in the family shall 18 also be exempt from levy and sale under execution or other 19 process for the collection of debts. No wages, salaries, or 20 21 other compensation shall be exempt except as provided in 22 Section 5-19-15 or Section 6-10-7.

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"§6-10-7.

"(a) The wages, salaries, or other compensation of
laborers or employees, residents of this state, for personal
services, shall be exempt from levy under writs of garnishment
or other process for the collection of debts contracted or

1 judgments entered in tort, as follows: in an amount equal to 2 75 percent of such wages, salaries, or other compensation due or to become due to such laborers or employees, and the levy 3 4 as to such percentage of their wages, salaries, or other compensation shall be void. The court issuing the writ or levy 5 shall show thereon the amount of the claim of the plaintiff 6 7 and the court costs in the proceedings. If at any time during the pendency of the proceedings in the court a judgment is 8 entered for a different amount, then the court shall notify 9 the garnishee of the correct amount due by the defendant under 10 the writ or levy. The garnishee shall retain 25 percent of the 11 12 wages, salaries, or other compensation of the laborer or employee during the period of time as is necessary to 13 14 accumulate a sum equal to the amount shown as due by the court 15 on the writ or levy. "(1) A debtor's disposable earnings for any week 16 17 that are less than 80 times the greater of federal or applicable state minimum hourly wage prescribed by Section 18 206(a)(1) of Title 29 of the United States Code in effect at 19 the time are exempt and not subject to garnishment. 20 "a. For the purposes of this section, "disposable 21 22 earnings" means that part of the earnings of any individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 23 24 amounts required by law to be withheld such as taxes, Social 25 Security or alternative pension and Medicare withholdings, and after further deduction of up to 15 percent of the remainder 26

- for contributions for health insurance, a medical expense
   account, a pension, or a retirement account.
- 3 "b. This exemption shall be adjusted pro rata for
  4 any pay period other than weekly.

"(2) If the debtor's disposable earnings exceed the 5 amount provided by the preceding subsection, no more than 10 6 7 percent of disposable income in excess of the amount exempt under the preceding subsection shall be subject to garnishment 8 unless the weekly disposable earnings of the debtor exceed one 9 10 thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200), in which case no more than 15 percent of disposable income is subject to 11 12 garnishment. The amount not subject to garnishment is exempt. 13 "(3) Nothing in this section is intended to 14 supersede laws governing the amount of income subject to

15 garnishment for the support of a person.

"(4) If more than one garnishment is served on a 16 17 garnishee with respect to the same debtor, the garnishment served earliest shall take priority, except that a garnishment 18 for support of a person shall take priority over any other 19 garnishment regardless of the date of service. If a 20 21 garnishment with greater priority consumes the disposable 22 income that is available for garnishment under the preceding 23 subsection, then no part of the debtor's disposable earnings 24 shall be garnished pursuant to the garnishment with lower 25 priority.

26 "(5) The protections for earnings set forth in this
 27 section apply to all debtors whose physical place of

employment is in this state, notwithstanding that the debtor's employer may have corporate offices or other places of business located outside this state.

4 "(b) Should the employment of the defendant for any 5 reason be terminated with the garnishee, then the garnishee 6 shall not later than 15 days after the termination of 7 employment, report the termination to the court and pay into 8 court all sums withheld from the defendant's wages, salaries, 9 or other compensation.

10 "(c) If the plaintiff in garnishment contests the 11 answer of the garnishee, as now provided by law in such cases, 12 and proves to the court the deficiency or untruth of the 13 garnishee's answer, the court shall enter judgment against the 14 garnishee for such amount as would have been subject to the 15 order of condemnation had the sum not been released to the 16 defendant.

17 "(b)(d) The garnishee shall, after a period of 30 days from the first retention of any sum from the defendant's 18 wages, salaries, or other compensation, commence paying the 19 funds into court, as they are deducted or withheld and 20 21 continue to do so on a monthly or more frequent basis until 22 the full amount is withheld. Upon receipt by the court of a written request by the plaintiff, the court may enter an order 23 24 of condemnation of said funds received and thereupon disburse 25 the same to the plaintiff.

26 "(e) A debtor's interest in a joint bank or similar
 27 account is based on the debtor's contributions to the account

1 in order to protect the non-debtor's interest in the account. 2 Each person with an interest in property has his or her own right to the full exemption allowable under the law. 3 4 Notwithstanding other provisions of law, all wages directly deposited into the debtor's bank account are exempt in 5 accordance with this section, whether or not other funds are 6 7 present in the account. "(f) Where a depository institution or other entity 8 is holding funds belonging to a judgment debtor and is 9 10 maintaining the account in this state, the judgment creditor may not evade the protections provided by this section by 11 12 serving a garnishment order on an out-of-state office or 13 branch of the depository institution or other entity. "§6-10-11. 14 15 "In cases instituted under the provisions of Title 11 of the United States Code entitled "Bankruptcy," there 16 17 shall be exempt from the property of the estate of an individual debtor only that property and income which is 18 exempt under the laws of the State of Alabama and under 19 federal laws other than Subsection (d) of Section 522 of said 20 Title 11 of the United States Code. 21 22 "\$43-8-110. 23 "(a) A surviving spouse of a decedent who was 24 domiciled in this state is entitled to a homestead allowance 25 of  $\frac{56,000.00}{100}$  thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000). If there is no 26 surviving spouse, each minor child and each dependent child of 27 the decedent is entitled to a homestead allowance amounting to

 $\frac{6}{26,000.00}$  thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) divided by the 1 2 number of minor and dependent children of the decedent. The homestead allowance is exempt from and has priority over all 3 4 claims against the estate. Homestead allowance is in addition to any share passing to the surviving spouse or minor or 5 6 dependent child by the will of the decedent unless otherwise 7 provided in the will, by intestate succession or by way of elective share. 8

9 "(b) The value of any constitutional right of 10 homestead in the family home received by a surviving spouse or 11 child shall be charged against that spouse or child's 12 homestead allowance to the extent that the family home is part 13 of the decedent's estate or would have been but for the 14 homestead provision of the Constitution.

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"§43-8-111.

"If the decedent was domiciled in this state at the 16 17 time of death the surviving spouse is entitled to receive, in addition to the homestead allowance, property of a value not 18 exceeding \$3,500.00 ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) in excess 19 of any security interests therein in household furniture, 20 21 automobiles, furnishings, appliances and personal effects. If 22 there is no surviving spouse, children of the decedent are 23 entitled jointly to the same value. If encumbered chattels are 24 selected and if the value in excess of security interests, 25 plus that of other exempt property, is less than  $\frac{33,500.00}{100}$  ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or if there is not \$3,500.00 ten 26 thousand dollars (\$10,000) worth of exempt property in the 27

1 estate, the spouse or children are entitled to other assets of 2 the estate, if any, to the extent necessary to make up the \$3,500.00 ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) value. Rights to 3 4 exempt property and assets needed to make up a deficiency of exempt property have priority over all claims against the 5 6 estate, except that the right to any assets to make up a 7 deficiency of exempt property shall abate as necessary to permit prior payment of homestead allowance and family 8 9 allowance. These rights are in addition to any benefit or 10 share passing to the surviving spouse or children by the will 11 of the decedent unless otherwise provided, by intestate 12 succession, or by way of elective share.

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"§43-8-113.

"If the estate is otherwise sufficient, property 14 15 specifically devised is not used to satisfy rights to homestead and exempt property. Subject to this restriction, 16 17 the surviving spouse, the guardians of the minor children, or children who are adults may select property of the estate as 18 homestead allowance and exempt property. The personal 19 20 representative may make these selections if the surviving 21 spouse, the children or the guardians of the minor children 22 are unable or fail to do so within a reasonable time or if 23 there are no guardians of the minor children. The personal 24 representative may execute an instrument or deed of 25 distribution to establish the ownership of property taken as 26 homestead allowance or exempt property. He may determine the 27 family allowance in a lump sum not exceeding  $\frac{66,000.00}{56,000.00}$  thirty

1 thousand (\$30,000) or in periodic installments not exceeding 2 \$500.00 per month for one year, and may disburse funds of the estate in payment of the family allowance and any part of the 3 4 homestead allowance payable in cash. The personal representative or any interested person aggrieved by any 5 selection, determination, payment, proposed payment, or 6 7 failure to act under this section may petition the court for appropriate relief, which relief may provide a family 8 allowance larger or smaller than that which the personal 9 10 representative determined or could have determined.

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"§43-8-115.

12 "(a) Whenever an employee of another shall die 13 intestate and there shall be due him or her any sum as wages 14 or salary the debtor may discharge himself from liability 15 therefor by paying such amount to the surviving spouse of the deceased employee or, if there is no surviving spouse to the 16 17 person having the legal custody and control of his or her minor child or children, or either as the case may be, who may 18 19 commence an action for and recover the same as part of the 20 property or allowance exempted to them.

"(b) Any sums paid in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be considered as part of the exempt property, as defined in section 43-8-111; and, if the sums exceed \$3,500.00 ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) the excess shall be considered part of the family allowance, as defined in section 43-8-112." Section 2. Section 6-10-12 is added to Article 1,
 Division 1, Chapter 10, Title 6, of the Code of Alabama 1975,
 to read as follows:

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§6-10-12.

On July 1, 2016, and at the end of each three-year 5 6 period thereafter, the State Treasurer shall adjust each 7 dollar amount in this chapter or, for each adjustment after July 1, 2016, each adjusted amount, by an amount determined by 8 the State Treasurer to reflect the cumulative change in the 9 10 Consumer Price Index, as published by the United States Department of Labor, or, if that index is no longer published, 11 12 a generally available comparable index, for the three-year 13 period ending on the December 31 preceding the adjustment date 14 and rounded to the nearest twenty-five dollars (\$25). The State Treasurer shall publish the adjusted amounts. The 15 adjusted amounts shall apply to cases filed on or after April 16 17 1 following the adjustment date.

Section 3. Section 43-8-116 is added to Article 6, Chapter 8, Title 43, of the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

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§43-8-116.

22 On July 1, 2016, and at the end of each three-year 23 period thereafter, the State Treasurer shall adjust each 24 dollar amount in this chapter or, for each adjustment after 25 July 1, 2016, each adjusted amount, by an amount determined by 26 the State Treasurer to reflect the cumulative change in the 27 Consumer Price Index, as published by the United States Department of Labor, or, if that index is no longer published, a generally available comparable index, for the three-year period ending on the December 31 preceding the adjustment date and rounded to the nearest twenty-five dollars (\$25). The State Treasurer shall publish the adjusted amounts. The adjusted amounts apply to cases filed on or after April 1 following the adjustment date.

8 Section 4. This act shall become effective on the 9 first day of the third month following its passage and 10 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.