- 1 HB179
- 2 145966-3
- 3 By Representative Johnson (R)
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 06-FEB-13

1	145966-3:n:01/16/2013:ANS/tj LRS2012-5469R2	
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, tanning facilities are
9		not regulated.
10		This bill would regulate tanning facilities
11		and would provide penalties.
12		Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama
13		of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the
14		Official Recompilation of the Constitution of
15		Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general
16		law whose purpose or effect would be to require a
17		new or increased expenditure of local funds from
18		becoming effective with regard to a local
19		governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote
20		unless: it comes within one of a number of
21		specified exceptions; it is approved by the
22		affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates
23		funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to
24		the entity for the purpose.
25		The purpose or effect of this bill would be
26		to require a new or increased expenditure of local
27		funds within the meaning of the amendment. However,

1 the bill does not require approval of a local 2 governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the 3 specified exceptions contained in the amendment. 5 6 A BILL 7 TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT 8 9 10 Relating to public health; to regulate tanning facilities; to provide penalties; and in connection therewith 11 12 would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new 13 or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of 14

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

Section 1. For purposes of this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) DEPARTMENT. The Department of Public Health.
- (2) OPERATOR. A person designated by the tanning facility owner or tanning device lessee to operate or assist and instruct in the operation and use of the tanning facility or tanning device.
- (3) PHOTOTHERAPY DEVICE. Equipment used in the diagnosis or treatment of disease or injury that emits ultraviolet radiation.

1 (4) TANNING DEVICE. Equipment used for tanning of
2 human skin that emits electromagnetic radiation having
3 wavelengths between 200 and 400 nanometers. The term does not
4 include a phototherapy device used, or prescribed for use, by
5 a physician.

(5) TANNING FACILITY. Any location, place, area, structure, or business, including tanning salons, health clubs, apartments, and condominiums, that provides persons access to a tanning device regardless of whether a fee is charged for the access.

Section 2. The owner of a tanning facility shall provide, or cause to be provided, written notice of the effects of tanning to each customer before the customer's initial use of the facility and at the beginning of each year. The notice shall include the following statements:

- (1) Failure to wear the eye protection provided by the tanning facility may damage the customer's eyes and cause cataracts.
- (2) Overexposure to a tanning device may cause burns to the skin.
- (3) Repeated exposure to a tanning device may cause premature aging of the skin, skin cancer, or malignant melanoma.
- (4) Certain foods, cosmetics, or medications, including, but not limited to, tranquilizers, diuretics, antibiotics, blood pressure medicines, and birth control

- pills, may cause abnormal skin sensitivity or burning of the skin while using a tanning device.
  - (5) Any person on medication should consult a physician before using a tanning device.

(6) Any person with a family or past medical history of skin cancer or malignant melanoma should avoid the use of a tanning device.

Section 3. (a) The owner of a tanning facility shall prominently display, or cause to be displayed, a warning sign in each area of the facility where a tanning device is used. The sign shall be at least 11 x 17 inches and the lettering shall be clear, legible, and at least 0.25 inches high. The sign shall include the following statements:

- (1) Follow instructions.
- (2) Avoid too frequent or too lengthy exposure. Like exposure to the sun, use of a tanning device can cause eye and skin injury and allergic reactions. Repeated exposure can cause chronic skin damage, which is characterized by wrinkling, dryness, fragility, and bruising of the skin and may lead to skin cancer.
- (3) Wear protective eye wear. Failure to do so may result in severe burns or long-term injury to the eyes.
- (4) Medications and cosmetics may increase sensitivity to ultraviolet radiation. Consult a physician before using a tanning device if you are using medication, have a history of skin problems, or believe that you are especially sensitive to sunlight.

1 (5) If your skin does not tan when exposed to the 2 sun, it is unlikely that your skin will tan when exposed to 3 the tanning device.

- (b) The owner of a tanning facility shall prominently display, or cause to be displayed, a sign in a conspicuous area of the facility that states the following:
- (1) It is unlawful for a tanning facility owner or operator to allow a person under the age of 18 to use any tanning equipment.
- (2) An individual may report a violation to his or her local law enforcement agency.
  - Section 4. (a) Any person who uses a tanning device shall be required to do the following:
  - (1) Sign a statement immediately before the person's first use of a tanning facility within a calendar year, acknowledging that he or she has read and understands the notice and warning signs required under this act and specifying that the customer agrees to use protective eye wear.
  - (2) Use protective eye wear at all times while using a tanning device.
  - (b) No person under 18 years of age may use any tanning device of any tanning facility in this state.
  - (c) Each owner of a tanning facility or operator shall maintain a record of signed statements of persons who have used tanning devices within the last three years.

Section 5. This act does not apply to any physician who is duly licensed to practice medicine in this state and, in the practice of medicine, uses, or prescribes to be used, a phototherapy or tanning device for a patient of any age.

Section 6. The department shall adopt the warning statement required under this act and post the advisory statement on the department's website in a form that may be easily downloaded and printed by a tanning facility owner or operator. The department shall modify as necessary the prescribed form and content for the records required under this act.

Section 7. Any owner who violates a provision of this act or any rule promulgated thereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200) for the first violation and not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) for any subsequent violation.

Section 8. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 9. This act shall become effective on the first day of the sixth month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.