- 1 HB188
- 2 147998-2
- 3 By Representatives Todd, Hubbard (M) and Sanderford
- 4 RFD: Boards, Agencies and Commissions
- 5 First Read: 07-FEB-13

1	ENGROSSED
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4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
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8	To amend Sections 34-29-61, 34-29-87, and 34-29-88,
9	Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the Alabama Veterinary
10	Practice Act; to provide further for the definition of the
11	practice of veterinary medicine to prohibit any person, other
12	than a licensed veterinarian, from directly supervising
13	veterinary medical services or making certain decisions
14	relating to the medical or surgical treatment of animals; to
15	include a spay neuter clinic under the definition of a
16	veterinary facility, and to limit the scope of services
17	offered at a spay neuter clinic; to exempt licensed
18	veterinarians employed by nonprofit spay neuter clinics from
19	certain prohibitions against practicing veterinary medicine as
20	an employee of a person not licensed by the board; subject
21	spay neuter clinics to the same permits and requirements as
22	other veterinary facilities; and to specify that licensed
23	veterinarians continue to exercise the standard of care,
24	professional judgment, and humane treatment of animals
25	required under the practice act as amended.
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Sections 34-29-61, 34-29-87, and 34-29-88
 of the Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
 "\$34-29-61.

4 "For the purposes of this article, the following
5 terms shall have the following meanings ascribed by this
6 section:

"(1) ACCREDITED SCHOOL OF VETERINARY MEDICINE. Any
veterinary college or division of a university or college that
offers the degree of doctor of veterinary medicine or its
equivalent and is accredited by the American Veterinary
Medical Association (AVMA).

12 "(2) ANIMAL. Any animal or mammal other than man, 13 including birds, fish, reptiles, wild or domestic, living or 14 dead.

15 "(3) APPLICANT. A person who files an application to 16 be licensed to practice veterinary medicine or licensed as a 17 veterinary technician.

18 "(4) BOARD. Alabama State Board of Veterinary19 Medical Examiners.

"(5) CONSULTING VETERINARIAN. A veterinarian
licensed in another state who gives advice or demonstrates
techniques to a licensed Alabama veterinarian or group of
licensed Alabama veterinarians. A consulting veterinarian
shall not utilize this privilege to circumvent the law.

"(6) DIRECT SUPERVISION. The supervising
veterinarian has initially examined the animal and will
examine at other times as acceptable veterinary medical

practice requires, consistent with the particular delegated animal health care task. The supervising veterinarian is on the premises and is quickly and easily available.

4 "(7) EMERGENCY. The animal has been placed in a life
5 threatening condition and immediate treatment is necessary to
6 sustain life.

"(8) FOREIGN VETERINARY GRADUATE, EXCLUDING CANADA.
Any person, including a foreign national or an American
citizen, who has received a professional veterinarian medical
degree from an American Veterinary Medical Association listed
veterinary college that is not accredited by the American
Veterinary Medical Association.

"(9) IMMEDIATE SUPERVISION. The supervising
veterinarian is on the premises and in audible or visual range
of the animal patient and the person treating the patient.

"(10) INDIRECT SUPERVISION. The supervising
 veterinarian has examined the animal and has given written or
 oral instructions for the treatment of the animal while the
 supervising veterinarian is away from the premises.

"(11) LICENSE. Any permit, approval, registration,
or certificate of qualification issued by the board.

"(12) LICENSED VETERINARIAN. A person who is validly
 and currently licensed to practice veterinary medicine in
 Alabama.

"(13) LICENSED VETERINARY TECHNICIAN. A person who
is validly and currently licensed to practice as a veterinary
technician in Alabama.

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"(14) PERSON. Any individual, firm, partnership, 1 2 association, joint venture, cooperative, or corporation or any other group or combination acting in concert; and whether or 3 4 not acting as a principal, trustee, fiduciary, receiver, or as any kind of legal or personal representative, or as the 5 6 successor in interest, assigning agent, factor, servant, 7 employee, director, officer, or any other representative of such person. 8

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"(15) PRACTICE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE:

10 "a. To diagnose, treat, correct, change, relieve, or prevent animal disease, deformity, defect, injury, or other 11 12 physical or mental condition; including the prescription or 13 administration of any drug, medicine, biologic, apparatus, 14 application, anesthesia, or other therapeutic or diagnostic 15 substance or technique on any animal including but not limited to acupuncture, dentistry, animal psychology, animal 16 17 chiropractic, theriogenology, surgery, including cosmetic surgery, any manual, mechanical, biological, or chemical 18 procedure for testing for pregnancy or for correcting 19 sterility or infertility, or to render service or 20 21 recommendations with regard to any of the above.

"b. To represent directly or indirectly, publicly or privately, an ability and willingness to do any act described in paragraph a.

"c. To use any title, words, abbreviations, or
letters in a manner or under circumstances which induce the
belief that the person using them is qualified to do any act

described in paragraph a. Such use shall be prima facie
 evidence of the intention to represent oneself as engaged in
 the practice of veterinary medicine.

"d. Collects <u>To collect</u> blood or other samples for
the purpose of diagnosing disease or other conditions. This
paragraph shall not apply to unlicensed personnel employed by
the United States Department of Agriculture or the Alabama
Department of Agriculture who are engaged in the Brucellosis
eradication program or external parasite control program
pursuant to Section 2-15-192.

11 "e. To remove any embryo from a food animal or 12 companion animal for the purpose of transplanting the embryo 13 into another female animal or for the purpose of 14 cryopreserving the embryo, or to implant the embryo into a 15 food or companion animal. It shall not be considered the practice of veterinary medicine for a person or his or her 16 17 full-time employees to remove an embryo from the food or companion animal of the person for the purpose of 18 transplanting or cryopreserving the embryo, or to implant an 19 embryo into the food or companion animal of the person, 20 21 provided ownership of the food or companion animal shall not 22 be transferred or employment of the person shall not be 23 changed for the purpose of circumventing this article.

"f. To provide veterinary medical services to a
client or patient in this state, through telephonic,
electronic, or other means, regardless of the location of the
veterinarian, shall constitute the practice of veterinary

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medicine in this state and shall require licensure within this state and a veterinarian-client-patient relationship must be established.

4 "g. It shall be unlawful for any person, other than a licensed veterinarian, to undertake the direct supervision 5 6 of the veterinary medical services or to make any policy or 7 decision relating to the medical or surgical treatment of animals including, but not limited to, the number of surgical 8 procedures to be performed per day per veterinarian or the 9 10 number of auxiliary veterinary medical personnel, including licensed veterinary technicians and unlicensed veterinary 11 12 assistants, necessary to provide adequate outpatient surgery 13 services.

14 "(16) SUPERVISING VETERINARIAN. A veterinarian who 15 assumes responsibility for the professional care given to an 16 animal by a person working under his or her direction.

17 "(17) TEMPORARY LICENSE. Temporary permission to 18 practice veterinary medicine issued by the board pursuant to 19 this article.

20 "(18) UNLICENSED ASSISTANT. Any individual who is 21 not a licensed veterinary technician or veterinarian and is 22 employed by a licensed veterinarian.

"(19) VETERINARIAN-CLIENT-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP
 (VCPR). A relationship when the veterinarian has assumed
 responsibility for making medical judgments regarding the
 health of the animal or animals and the need for medical
 treatment and is created by actual examination by the

veterinarian of the animal or a representative segment of a
 consignment or herd.

"(20) VETERINARIAN, DOCTOR OF VETERINARY MEDICINE,
DVM, VMD, or EQUIVALENT TITLE. A person who has received a
doctor's degree in veterinary medicine from an accredited
school of veterinary medicine or holds an Educational
Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates (ECFVG)
certificate issued by the American Veterinary Medical
Association (AVMA).

10 "(21) VETERINARY FACILITIES. Any place or unit from 11 which the practice of veterinary medicine is conducted. The 12 following are types of veterinary facilities:

"a. Veterinary or Animal Hospital or Clinic. Meets or exceeds all mandatory requirements as listed in the administrative code of the board for veterinary facilities. In doing so, it provides quality examination, diagnostic, and health maintenance services for medical and surgical treatment of animals and is equipped to provide housing and nursing care for the animals during illness or convalescence.

"b. Specialty Practice or Clinic. Provides complete specialty service by a veterinarian who has advanced training in that specialty and is a diplomat of an approved specialty college. It meets all minimum standards that are applicable to that specialty.

"c. Central Hospital. Shall meet all requirements of
paragraph a., as well as provide specialized care including
24-hour nursing care and specialty consultation on a permanent

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or on-call basis. It is mainly utilized on referral from area
 veterinary hospitals or clinics.

"d. Satellite, Outpatient, or Mobile Small Animal 3 4 Clinics. A supportive facility owned by or associated with, or both, and has ready access to, within a reasonable distance, a 5 6 full-service veterinary hospital or clinic or a central 7 hospital providing all mandatory services and meeting all minimum standards. The public shall be informed of the 8 limitation of services by way of a posted notice in plain view 9 10 and easily readable or by notice provided to the client by flyer or card which clearly specifies those mandatory 11 12 veterinary medical services which are not provided. In 13 addition, the main location and telephone number of the 14 veterinary hospital or clinic providing the required service, 15 as well as the signed agreement with the veterinary hospital or clinic shall also be posted in plain view and be easily 16 readable. A veterinarian associated with this veterinary 17 hospital or clinic shall be on call during and after operation 18 of the satellite, outpatient, or mobile clinic to render aid 19 20 if necessary. The personnel of satellite, outpatient, or 21 mobile clinics shall consist of one or more veterinarians and auxiliary personnel necessary to provide adequate outpatient 22 23 service. Operation of any satellite, outpatient, or mobile 24 clinic shall be under the direct supervision of a licensed 25 veterinarian who remains on the premises during the entire 26 time of operation.

1 "e. Large Animal Mobile Clinic. Must provide 2 examination, diagnostic, and preventive medicine, and minor surgical services for large animals not requiring confinement 3 4 or hospitalization. Emergency service and radiology service shall be provided by that veterinarian or by written agreement 5 with another veterinarian or group of veterinarians in 6 7 practice in that locale. These clinics shall provide a degree of veterinary care compatible with the level of standards 8 9 considered adequate to the practice of veterinary medicine currently available in the area. Complete hospital facilities 10 may be provided by the nearest large animal hospital or 11 12 veterinary school.

"f. Emergency Clinic. A facility established to receive patients and to treat illnesses and injuries of an emergency nature requiring treatment. The clinic shall provide professional diagnostic and emergency treatment during hours when local veterinary hospitals are normally closed. Emergency clinics shall meet all mandatory requirements of a veterinary hospital or clinic.

"q. Spay Neuter Clinic. A limited service veterinary 20 21 clinic providing spay and neuter services, where no patient 22 shall be allowed on the premises for more than 36 hours. 23 Services provided by a spay neuter clinic shall be limited to 24 spay and neuters. One-year rabies vaccinations and treatment 25 of intestinal and external parasites may be administered only 26 at the time of the surgery. A spay neuter clinic shall meet or 27 exceed all physical requirements and minimum standards

established by this article, and the rules of the board, for
 veterinary facilities providing limited services on an
 outpatient basis. Service contracts with a full-service
 veterinary facility that provides emergency and after-hour
 care shall be required for after-hour emergencies.

6 "(22) VETERINARY INTERN. A person who is working 7 towards completion of an ECFVG certificate and who is working 8 under the direct or indirect supervision of a board approved 9 licensed veterinarian in any state to complete the practical 10 experience internship required for licensing in Alabama.

11 "(23) VETERINARY MEDICINE. Includes veterinary 12 surgery, theriogenology, dentistry, acupuncture, animal 13 psychology, chiropractic, and all other branches or 14 specialties of veterinary practice.

15 "(24) VETERINARY STUDENT PRECEPTEE. A person who is 16 pursuing a veterinary degree in an accredited school of 17 veterinary medicine which has a preceptor or extern program 18 and who has completed the academic requirements of the 19 program.

"(25) VETERINARY TECHNICIAN STUDENT. Any person
enrolled in an AVMA accredited veterinary technology program;
gaining clinical experience under the supervision of a
licensed veterinarian or licensed veterinary technician in a
clinical setting.

"(26) VETERINARY TECHNOLOGY. The skills and
knowledge accrued in a post-high school course of study,
accredited by the AVMA Committee on Education (COE) or the

board, in the area of care and treatment of animals. It embodies limited skills, responsibility, and minimal exercise of independent judgment in the treatment of patients of veterinarians while under direct, indirect, or immediate supervision of a veterinarian.

6 "(27) WHOLESALE VETERINARY DRUG DISTRIBUTOR. A 7 person engaged in the business of distributing veterinary 8 drugs and medicines for resale to veterinary practitioners and 9 other veterinary wholesalers and possesses a current permit 10 issued by the Alabama Board of Pharmacy to engage in the 11 selling of veterinary drugs or medicines in the State of 12 Alabama.

13

"§34-29-87.

"(a) Whenever the practice of veterinary medicine is
carried on by a partnership, all partners shall be either
licensed or holders of temporary licenses to practice
veterinary medicine in the State of Alabama.

18 "(b) It shall be unlawful for any licensed 19 veterinarian to practice veterinary medicine as an employee of 20 any person or other entity not engaged primarily in the 21 practice of veterinary medicine or for any person that is the 22 owner or owners of an active veterinary practice to be other 23 than a veterinarian or veterinarians duly licensed in the 24 State of Alabama.

25 "(c) The following shall be exempt from this26 section:

"(1) A veterinarian employed by a person treating
 his or her employer's animals.

3 "(2) A veterinarian employed by an official agency
4 of the federal or state government or any subdivision thereof.

5 "(3) A veterinarian employed by any licensed6 research facility.

7 "(4) An heir or heirs inheriting under the terms of
8 a will or by intestate succession for a period of two <u>five</u>
9 years following the death of the licensee.

10 "(5) A licensed veterinarian employed by a spay neuter clinic owned and operated by a nonprofit, tax exempt 11 12 entity, as defined under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal 13 Revenue Code. Each licensed veterinarian employed by a 14 501(c)(3) spay neuter clinic shall be subject to the standards 15 of care for veterinary medicine as established in this article, rules promulgated by the board pursuant to this 16 17 article, and the standards of care for veterinary medicine and surgery as established in this article and by rule of the 18 19 board.

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"§34-29-88.

"(a) Any facility, including mobile clinics, spay
<u>neuter clinics</u>, or any other premises where a licensed
veterinarian practices shall have a premise permit issued by
the board. Upon application and payment of a premise permit
fee and an inspection fee, if necessary to cover the cost of
inspection, the board shall cause a facility to be inspected.
A premise permit shall be issued if the facility meets minimum

standards to be adopted by the administrative code of the board as to sanitary conditions and physical plant. In lieu of the above procedure, the board may issue a premise permit to any premise which is accredited by a recognized organization whose standards meet or exceed minimum board standards as established by the administrative code of the board.

7 "(b) Each application for premise permit shall set
8 forth the names of all licensed veterinarians who shall be
9 responsible for the management of the premises.

10 "(c) The premise permit may be revoked, suspended, 11 or denied when inspection reveals that the premises do not 12 meet the standards set by the administrative code of the board 13 or when the license of the responsible veterinarian or 14 veterinarians has been suspended or revoked.

15 "(d) The board may cause the closure of a facility 16 and impose a penalty against any owner, operator, or 17 responsible veterinarian of any premises operating without a premise permit in violation of this section or in violation of 18 the administrative code of the board. No penalties so imposed 19 shall exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each count or 20 21 separate offense. In order that the board and the executive director may determine whether or not a danger to the public 22 23 or to animals exists, the executive director or investigators 24 employed by the board may conduct inspections or 25 investigations of premises suspected of being in violation of 26 any rule of the board. If a violation is found in conducting 27 an inspection which is determined to be a hazard and a danger

to the public or to animals, the executive director may
 suspend that premise permit until further notice.

3 "(e) All premise permits shall be renewed yearly by4 payment of a fee to the board.

5 "(f) Veterinary facilities shall be reinspected 6 periodically as determined by the board.

7 "(g) Premise permits issued to satellite, outpatient, spay neuter clinics, or mobile small animal 8 clinics shall state the name of the full service veterinary 9 10 facility in that locale providing emergency and after hours service. Premise permits issued to mobile large animal clinics 11 12 shall state the name of the full service veterinary facility 13 in that locale providing radiology, emergency, and after hours 14 service. Mobile clinics operating in more than one locale, 15 i.e. city, shall have a premise permit for each locale. If the agreement between the outpatient, satellite, mobile large 16 17 animal clinic, mobile small animal clinic, spay neuter clinic, and the full service veterinary clinic providing back-up 18 service ceases, the board shall be notified immediately and a 19 new agreement for back-up service shall be provided before the 20 21 issuance of a new premise permit."

Section 2. <u>(a)</u> Nothing in Sections 34-29-61, 34-29-87, and 34-29-88, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended by this act, shall restrict a licensed veterinarian from doing all of the following:

(1) Exercising the same degree of care, skill, and
 diligence in treating patients as are ordinarily used in the

1 same or similar circumstances by members of the veterinary 2 medical profession in good standing in the locality or 3 community in which he or she practices, or in similar 4 communities.

5 (2) Deciding what employment he or she will accept 6 in his or her professional capacity and what course of 7 treatment will be followed once he or she has accepted 8 employment.

9 (3) Treating all animals entrusted to him or her by
10 his or her clients in keeping with the veterinary medical
11 professional standards of humane treatment and care.
12 (b) Nothing in Section 34-29-61, 34-29-87, and
13 34-29-88, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended by this act, shall
14 be construed to allow a spay neuter clinic to operate a full
15 service veterinary clinic.

16 Section 3. This act shall become effective on the 17 first day of the third month following its passage and 18 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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3	House of Representatives
4 5 6 7 8	Read for the first time and re- ferred to the House of Representa- tives committee on Boards, Agencies and Commissions
9 10 11	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar 14-FEB-13
12 13 14	Read for the third time and passed as amended 02-APR-13 Yeas 79, Nays 14, Abstains 1

Jeff Woodard Clerk