- 1 HB605
- 2 151840-3
- 3 By Representative Clouse
- 4 RFD: Ways and Means General Fund
- 5 First Read: 10-APR-13

1 2 ENROLLED, An Act, To amend Sections 40-26B-70, 40-26B-71, 40-26B-73, 3 40-26B-77, 40-26B-78, 40-26B-80, 40-26B-82, 40-26B-84, 4 5 40-26B-88, Code of Alabama 1975, to extend the private hospital assessment and Medicaid funding program for fiscal 6 years 2014, 2015 and 2016; to change the base year to fiscal 7 8 year 2011 for purposes of calculating the assessment; to change the assessment rate for fiscal years 2014, 2015 and 9 10 2016; to add Section 40-26B-77.1 to Article 5, Chapter 26B of 11 the Code of Alabama 1975, to provide that state-owned and 12 public hospitals shall make intergovernmental transfers to the 13 Medicaid Agency to be used to fund payments for inpatient and 14 outpatient care; and to provide that state-owned and public 15 hospital certified public expenditures shall be for the 16 hospital's uncompensated care and shall be used to pay the 17 hospital its disproportionate share payments. 18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: Section 1. Sections 40-26B-70, 40-26B-71, 40-26B-73, 19 40-26B-77, 40-26B-78, 40-26B-80, 40-26B-81, 40-26B-82, 20 40-26B-84, and 40-26B-88, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to 2.1 22 read as follows 23 "\$40-26B-70.

shall have the following meanings:

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For purposes of this article, the following terms

1	(1) ACCESS PAYMENT. A payment by the Medicaid
2	program to an eligible hospital for inpatient and outpatient
3	hospital care provided to a Medicaid recipient.
4	(2) ALTERNATE CARE PROVIDER. A contractor, other
5	than a regional care organization, that agrees to provide a
6	comprehensive package of Medicaid benefits to Medicaid
7	beneficiaries in a defined region of the state pursuant to a
8	risk contract.
9	(2) (3) CERTIFIED PUBLIC EXPENDITURE. A
10	certification in writing of the cost of providing medical care
11	to Medicaid beneficiaries by publicly owned hospitals and
12	hospitals owned by a state agency or a state university plus
13	the amount of uncompensated care provided by publicly owned
14	hospitals and hospitals owned by an agency of state government
15	or a state university.
16	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ DEPARTMENT. The Department of Revenue of the
17	State of Alabama.
18	$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$ HOSPITAL. A facility that is licensed as a
19	hospital under the laws of the State of Alabama, provides
20	24-hour nursing services, and is primarily engaged in
21	providing, by or under the supervision of doctors of medicine
22	or osteopathy, inpatient services for the diagnosis,

treatment, and care or rehabilitation of persons who are sick,

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injured, or disabled.

1	(5) (6) HOSPITAL SERVICES AND REIMBURSEMENT PANEL. A
2	group of individuals appointed to review and approve any state
3	plan amendments to be submitted to the Centers for Medicare
4	and Medicaid Services which involve hospital services or
5	reimbursement.
6	(6) (7) INTERGOVERNMENTAL TRANSFER. A transfer of
7	funds made by a publicly or state-owned hospital to the
8	Medicaid Agency, which will be used by the agency to obtain
9	federal matching funds for all hospital payments to public and
10	state-owned hospitals, other than disproportionate share
11	payments.
12	(6) (7) (8) MEDICAID PROGRAM. The medical assistance
13	program as established in Title XIX of the Social Security Act
14	and as administered in the State of Alabama by the Alabama
15	Medicaid Agency pursuant to executive order, Chapter 6 of
16	Title 22, commencing with Section 22-6-1, and Title 560 of the
17	Alabama Administrative Code.
18	$\frac{(7)}{(8)}$ $\frac{(9)}{(9)}$ MEDICARE COST REPORT. CMS-2552-96, the
19	Cost Report for Electronic Filing of Hospitals.
20	$\frac{(8)}{(9)}$ $\frac{(10)}{(10)}$ NET PATIENT REVENUE. The amount
21	calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting
22	principles for privately operated hospitals that is reported

on Worksheet G-3, Column 1, Line 3, of the Medicare Cost

Report, adjusted to exclude nonhospital revenue.

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1	(9) (10) <u>(11)</u> PRIVATELY OPERATED HOSPITAL. A
2	hospital in Alabama other than:
3	a. Any hospital that is owned and operated by the
4	<pre>federal government;</pre>
5	<pre>b. Any state-owned hospital;</pre>
6	c. Any publicly owned hospital;
7	d. A hospital that limits services to patients
8	primarily to rehabilitation services; or
9	e. A hospital granted a certificate of need as a
10	long term acute care hospital.
11	(10) (11) (12) PUBLICLY OWNED HOSPITAL. A hospital
12	created and operating under the authority of a governmental
13	unit which has been established as a public corporation
14	pursuant to Chapter 21 of Title 22 or Chapter 95 of Title 11,
15	or a hospital otherwise owned and operated by a unit of local
16	government.
17	(13) REGIONAL CARE ORGANIZATION. An organization of
18	health care providers that contracts with the Medicaid Agency
19	to provide a comprehensive package of Medicaid benefits to
20	Medicaid beneficiaries in a defined region of the state and
21	that meets the requirements set forth by the Alabama Medicaid
22	Agency.
23	$\frac{(11)}{(12)}$ $\frac{(13)}{(14)}$ STATE-OWNED HOSPITAL. A hospital
24	that is a state agency or unit of government, including,

1	without limitation, a hospital owned by a state agency or a
2	state university.
3	(12) (13) (15) STATE PLAN AMENDMENT. A change or
4	update to the state Medicaid plan that is approved by the
5	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
6	$\frac{(13)}{(14)}$ $\frac{(16)}{(16)}$ UPPER PAYMENT LIMIT. The maximum
7	ceiling imposed by federal regulation on Medicaid
8	reimbursement for inpatient hospital services under 42 C.F.R.
9	§447.272 and outpatient hospital services under 42 C.F.R.
10	§447.321.
11	a. The upper payment limit shall be calculated
12	separately for hospital inpatient and outpatient services.
13	b. Medicaid disproportionate share payments shall be
14	excluded from the calculation of the upper payment limit.
15	(14) (15) (17) UNCOMPENSATED CARE SURVEY. A survey
16	of hospitals conducted by the Medicaid program to determine
17	the amount of uncompensated care provided by a particular
18	hospital in a particular fiscal year.
19	"§40-26B-71.
20	(a) An assessment is imposed on each privately

operated hospital for the state fiscal year in the amount of 5.38 percent of each hospital's net patient revenue in fiscal year 2007 for the state fiscal years 2010 and 2011. For state fiscal years 2012 and 2013, an assessment is imposed on each privately operated hospital for the state fiscal year in the

amou	nt of 5.14 percent of net patient revenue in fiscal year
2009	. If during fiscal year 2012 or 2013 there is an
extr	aordinary change in a private hospital's cost due to an
extr	aordinary known and measurable change that increases the
nosp	ital's upper payment limit and entitles that hospital to
rece	ive additional access payments, the assessment rate for
all	private hospitals shall be changed to reflect the
nosp	ital's additional costs. An extraordinary known and
neas	urable event is one that results in at least a 50 percent
incr	ease in capital costs, necessitates the calculation of the
nosp	ital's upper payment limit using a total cost to total
char	ge ratio, and the hospital has at least a 15 percent
annu	al Medicaid inpatient utilization rate. The private
nosp	ital must certify to the department the extraordinary
cost	s by August 31, 2012, for the assessment to increase in
2013	For state fiscal years 2014, 2015 and 2016 an assessment
is i	mposed on each privately operated hospital in the amount
of 5	.50 percent of net patient revenue in fiscal year 2011.
The	assessment is a cost of doing business as a privately
oper	ated hospital in the State of Alabama. Prior to the
legi	slative session preceding state fiscal year 2016, the
Medi	caid Agency shall make a determination of whether changes
in f	ederal law or regulation have adversely affected hospital
Medi	caid reimbursement since the effective date of this act.
Tf +	he Agency determines that adverse impact to hospital

L	Medicaid reimbursement has occurred, or will occur during
2	fiscal year 2016, the Agency shall report its findings to the
3	Chairman of the House Ways and Means General Fund Committee
1	who shall propose an amendment to this act during any
5	legislative session prior to October 1, 2015, to address the
5	adverse impact.

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- (b) (1) For state fiscal years 2010 and 2011, net patient revenue shall be determined using the data from each hospital's fiscal year ending in 2007 Medicare Cost Report contained in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Healthcare Cost Report Information System file dated December 31, 2008. For state fiscal years 2012 and 2013, net patient revenue shall be determined using the data from each hospital's fiscal year ending 2009 Medicare Cost Report contained in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Healthcare Cost Report Information System dated December 31, 2010. For state fiscal years 2014, 2015 and 2016, net patient revenue shall be determined using the data from each private hospital's fiscal year ending 2011 Medicare Cost Report contained in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Healthcare Cost Information System.
- (2) If a privately operated hospital's fiscal year ending in 2007 Medicare Cost Report is not contained in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Healthcare Cost Report Information System file dated December 31, 2008, the

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hospital shall submit a copy of the hospital's 2007 Medicare

Cost Report to the department in order to allow the department to determine the hospital's net patient revenue for 2010 and 2011. For fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the Medicare Cost Report for 2009 shall be used. The Medicare Cost Report for 2011 for each private hospital shall be used for fiscal years 2014, 2015 and 2016. If the Medicare Cost Report is not available in Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Healthcare Cost Report Information System, the hospital shall submit a copy to the department to determine the hospital's net patient revenue for fiscal years 2012 and 2013. year 2011.

operations after the due date for a 2007 Medicare Cost Report, the hospital shall submit its most recent Medicare Cost Report to the department in order to allow the department to determine the hospital's net patient revenue. If a privately operated hospital commenced operations after the due date for a 2009 Medicare Cost Report, the hospital shall submit its most recent Medicare Cost Report to the department in order to allow the department to determine the hospital's net patient revenue. If a privately operated hospital commenced operations after the due date for a 2011 Medicare Cost Report, the hospital shall submit its most recent Medicare Cost Report to the department to determine the hospital shall submit its most recent Medicare Cost Report to the department in order to allow the department to determine the hospital's net patient revenue.

1	(c) This article does not authorize a unit of county
2	or local government to license for revenue or impose a tax or
3	assessment upon hospitals or a tax or assessment measured by
4	the income or earnings of a hospital.
5	"§40-26B-73.
6	(a)(1) There is created within the Health Care Trust
7	Fund referenced in Article 3, Chapter 6, Title 22, a
8	designated account known as the Hospital Assessment Account.
9	(2) The hospital assessments imposed under this
10	article shall be deposited into the Hospital Assessment
11	Account.
12	(b) Moneys in the Hospital Assessment Account shall
13	consist of:
14	(1) All moneys collected or received by the
15	department from privately operated hospital assessments
16	imposed under this article;
17	(2) Any interest or penalties levied in conjunction
18	with the administration of this article; and
19	(3) Any appropriations, transfers, donations, gifts,
20	or moneys from other sources, as applicable.
21	(c) The Hospital Assessment Account shall be
22	separate and distinct from the State General Fund and shall be

supplementary to the Health Care Trust Fund.

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not be used to replace other general revenues appropriated and

(d) Moneys in the Hospital Assessment Account shall

L	funded by	the	Legislature	or	other	revenues	used	to	support
2	Medicaid.								

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- (e) The Hospital Assessment Account shall be exempt from budgetary cuts, reductions, or eliminations caused by a deficiency of State General Fund revenues to the extent permissible under Amendment 26 to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 213 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.
- (f)(1) Except as necessary to reimburse any funds borrowed to supplement funds in the Hospital Assessment Account, the moneys in the Hospital Assessment Account shall be used only as follows:
- a. To make inpatient and outpatient private hospital access payments under this article; or
- b. To reimburse moneys collected by the department from hospitals through error or mistake or under this article.
- (2)a. The Hospital Assessment Account shall retain account balances remaining each fiscal year.
- b. On September 30, 2013 2014 and each year

 thereafter, any positive balance remaining in the Hospital

 Assessment Account which was not used by Alabama Medicaid to
 obtain federal matching funds shall be factored into the
 calculation of any new assessment rate by reducing the amount
 of hospital assessment funds that must be generated during the

L	<u>next</u> fiscal year. beginning on October 1, 2013, and if <u>If</u>
2	there is no new assessment beginning October 1, $\frac{2013}{2016}$, the
3	funds remaining shall be refunded to the hospital that paid
1	the assessment in proportion to the amount remaining.

- (3) A privately operated hospital shall not be guaranteed that its inpatient and outpatient hospital payments will equal or exceed the amount of its hospital assessment.
- "\$40-26B-77.

- (a) A certification of public expenditures shall be completed and provided to Medicaid by each publicly and state-owned hospital for each state fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2007. This written certification shall only include the sum of the cost of providing care to Medicaid eligible beneficiaries for both inpatient and outpatient care plus the amount of uncompensated care provided to hospital inpatients and outpatients during that same state fiscal year.
- (b) (1) For state fiscal years 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013 2014, 2015 and 2016, Medicaid shall pay to each publicly or state-owned hospitals the disproportionate share moneys for that fiscal year during the first month of the state fiscal year.
- (2) Certified public expenditures made by publicly and state-owned hospitals shall comply with the requirements of 42 U.S.C. §1396b(w).

1	(3) If a publicly or state-owned hospital commenced
2	operations after the due date for the state fiscal year $\frac{2007}{}$
3	2011, the hospital shall submit its certification upon
4	completion of the first six months of operation of the
5	hospital to Medicaid in order to allow Medicaid to add the
6	certification amount to the total certified public expenditure
7	amount. If a publicly or state-owned hospital commenced
8	operations after the due date for the state fiscal year 2009,
9	the hospital shall submit its certification upon completion of
10	the first six months of operation of the hospital to Medicaid
11	in order to allow Medicaid to add the certification amount to
12	the total certified public expenditure amount.

(4) If a hospital ceases to operate as a state-owned or public hospital it shall provide a certification to Medicaid which shall include all dates of inpatient and outpatient services until and including the hospital's last day of patient service as a publicly or state-owned hospital within 10 business days of the last day the hospital operated as a state-owned or public hospital.

"\$40-26B-78.

(a) Medicaid shall account for those federal funds derived from certified public expenditures by publicly and state-owned hospitals as those funds are received by Medicaid from the federal government.

1	(b) The certified public expenditure accounting
2	shall be separate and distinct from the State General Fund
3	appropriation accounting.

- (c) Federal moneys accounted for shall not be used to replace other State General Fund revenues appropriated and funded by the Legislature or other revenues used to support Medicaid.
- (d) The moneys obtained by Medicaid from hospital certified public expenditure certifications shall be used only as follows:
- (1) To make inpatient, outpatient, and disproportionate share hospital payments under this article;
- (2) To reimburse moneys collected by the department through error or mistake under this article; or
- (3) For any other permissible purpose allowed under Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

17 "\$40-26B-79.

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(a) Medicaid shall pay hospitals as a base amount for state fiscal years 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013 2014, 2015 and 2016, the total inpatient payments made by Medicaid during state fiscal year 2007, divided by the total patient days paid in state fiscal year 2007, multiplied by patient days paid during fiscal years 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013 2014, 2015 and 2016. This payment to be paid using Medicaid's published check write table is in addition to any access payments,

disproportionate share payments, or other payments described in this article.

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(b) Any publicly owned or privately operated hospital that ceases to operate as a hospital that was in operation during the hospital's fiscal year ending in 2007 shall notify Medicaid at the time the facility ceases to operate. Base payments that would have been made to these facilities for these services will not be made beginning on the date that the facility ceased to operate as a hospital.

Medicaid shall pay hospitals as a base amount for state fiscal years 2010 and 2011 the total outpatient payments made by Medicaid during state fiscal year 2007, divided by the total Internal Control Number or ICN count incurred in state fiscal year 2007, multiplied by the Internal Control Number or ICN count incurred each month during fiscal years 2010 and 2011. Medicaid shall pay hospitals as a base amount for fiscal years 2012 and 2013 for outpatient services based upon the outpatient fee schedule in existence on September 30, 2009, plus an additional six percent inflation factor. Medicaid shall pay hospitals as a base amount for fiscal years 2014, 2015 and 2016 for outpatient services based upon the outpatient fee schedule in existence on September 30, 2013, plus an additional six percent inflation factor over the amounts paid in 2012 and 2013. Outpatient base payments shall

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be paid using Medicaid's published check write table and shall be paid in addition to any access payments or other payments described in this article.

"\$40-26B-81.

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- (a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services, for hospital inpatient and outpatient services rendered on or after October 1, 2009, Medicaid shall make hospital access payments to publicly, state-owned, and privately operated hospitals as set forth in this section.
- (b) The aggregate hospital access payment amount is an amount equal to the upper payment limit, less total base payments determined under this article.
- (c) All publicly, state-owned, and privately operated hospitals shall be eligible for inpatient and outpatient hospital access payments for fiscal years 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013 2014, 2015 and 2016 as set forth in this article.
- (1) In addition to any other funds paid to hospitals for inpatient hospital services to Medicaid patients, each eligible hospital shall receive inpatient hospital access payments each state fiscal year. Publicly and state-owned hospitals shall receive payments, including base payments, that, in the aggregate, equal the upper payment limit for publicly and state-owned hospitals. Privately operated hospitals shall receive payments, including base payments

that, in the aggregate, equal the upper payment limit for privately operated hospitals.

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- (2) Inpatient hospital access payments shall be made on a quarterly basis.
- (3) In addition to any other funds paid to hospitals for outpatient hospital services to Medicaid patients, each eligible hospital shall receive outpatient hospital access payments each state fiscal year. Publicly and state-owned hospitals shall receive payments, including base payments, that, in the aggregate, equal the upper payment limit for publicly and state-owned hospitals. Privately operated hospitals shall receive payments, including base payments that, in the aggregate, equal the upper payment limit for privately operated hospitals.
- (4) Outpatient hospital access payments shall be made on a quarterly basis.
- (d) A hospital access payment shall not be used to offset any other payment by Medicaid for hospital inpatient or outpatient services to Medicaid beneficiaries, including, without limitation, any fee-for-service, per diem, private hospital inpatient adjustment, or cost settlement payment.
- (e) The specific hospital payments for publicly, state-owned, and privately operated hospitals shall be described in the state plan amendment to be submitted to and approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

- (a) The assessment imposed under this article shall not take effect or shall cease to be imposed and any moneys remaining in the Hospital Assessment Account in the Alabama Medicaid Program Trust Fund shall be refunded to hospitals in proportion to the amounts paid by them if any of the following occur:
- (1) Expenditures for hospital inpatient and outpatient services paid by the Alabama Medicaid Program for fiscal years 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013 2014, 2015 and 2016 are less than the amount paid during fiscal year 2009 2013.
- (2) Medicaid makes changes in its rules that reduce hospital inpatient payment rates, outpatient payment rates, or adjustment payments, including any cost settlement protocol, that were in effect on October 1, 2009 September 30, 2013.
- (3) The inpatient or outpatient hospital access payments required under this article are changed or the assessments imposed or certified public expenditures, or intergovernmental transfers recognized under this article are not eligible for federal matching funds under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §1396 et seq., or 42 U.S.C. §1397aa et seq.
- (4) The Medicaid agency contracts with an alternate care provider in a Medicaid region under any terms other than the following:

1	a) If a regional care organization failed to provide
2	adequate service pursuant to its contract, or had its
3	certification terminated, or if the Medicaid agency could not
4	award a contract to a regional care organization under the
5	terms of Section 4 its quality, efficiency and cost
6	conditions, or if no organization had been awarded a regional
7	care organization certificate by October 1, 2016, then the
8	Medicaid Agency shall first offer a contract, to resume
9	interrupted service or to assume service in the region, under
10	the conditions of Section 4 its quality, efficiency and cost
11	conditions to any other regional care organization that
12	Medicaid judged would meet its quality criteria.
13	(b) If by October 1, 2014, no organization had a
14	probationary regional care organization certification in a
15	region. However, the Medicaid Agency could extend the deadline
16	until January 1, 2015, if it judged an organization was making
17	reasonable progress toward getting probationary certification.
18	If Medicaid judged that no organization in the region likely
19	would achieve probationary certification by January 1, 2015,
20	then the Medicaid Agency shall let any organization with
21	probationary or full regional care organization certification
22	apply to develop a regional care organization in the region.
23	If at least one organization made such an application, the
24	agency no sooner than October 1, 2015, would decide whether
25	any organization could reasonably be expected to become a

1	fully certified regional care organization in the region and
2	its initial region.
3	(c) If an organization lost its probationary
4	certification before October 1, 2016, Medicaid shall offer any
5	other organization with probationary or full regional care
6	organization certification, which it judged could successfully
7	provide service in the region and its initial region, the
8	opportunity to serve Medicaid beneficiaries in both regions.
9	(d) Medicaid may contract with an alternative
10	alternate care provider only if no regional care organization
11	accepted a contract under the terms of (a), or no organization
12	was granted the opportunity to develop a regional care
13	organization in the affected region under the terms of (b), or
14	no organization was granted the opportunity to serve Medicaid
15	beneficiaries under the terms of (c).
16	(e) The Medicaid Agency may contract with an
17	alternate care provider under the terms of subsection (d) only
18	if, in the judgment of the Medicaid Agency, care of Medicaid
19	enrollees would be better, more efficient, and less costly
20	than under the then existing care delivery system. Medicaid
21	may contract with more than one alternate care provider in a
22	Medicaid region.
23	(f)(1) If the Medicaid Agency were to contract with
24	an alternate care provider under the terms of this section,
25	that provider would have to pay reimbursements for hospital

1	inpatient or outpatient care at rates at least equal to those
2	most-recently paid directly by the state Medicaid Agency
3	either through base payments or access payments.
4	(2) If more than a year had elapsed since the
5	Medicaid Agency directly paid reimbursements to hospitals, the
6	minimum reimbursement rates paid by the alternate care
7	provider would have to be changed to reflect any percentage
8	increase in the national medical consumer price index minus
9	100 basis points. The indexing requirement of this subdivision
10	shall cease to be effective on Oct. 1, 2016.
11	(b)(1) The assessment imposed under this article
12	shall not take effect or shall cease to be imposed if the
13	assessment is determined to be an impermissible tax under
14	Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §1396 et seq.
15	(2) Moneys in the Hospital Assessment Account in the
16	Alabama Medicaid Program Trust Fund derived from assessments
17	imposed before the determination described in subdivision (1)
18	shall be disbursed under this article to the extent federal
19	matching is not reduced due to the impermissibility of the
20	assessments, and any remaining moneys shall be refunded to
21	hospitals in proportion to the amounts paid by them.
22	"§40-26B-84.
23	This article shall be of no effect if federal

financial participation under Title XIX of the Social Security

Act is not available to Medicaid at the approved federal

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1	medical assistance percentage, established under Section 1905
2	of the Social Security Act, for the state fiscal years 2010,
3	2011, 2012, and 2013 <u>2014, 2015 and 2016</u> .
4	Section 2. The following code is added to Article 5,
5	Chapter 26 of the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:
6	§40-26B-77.1.
7	(a) Beginning on October 1, 2013, publicly owned and
8	state-owned hospitals will begin making intergovernmental
9	transfers to the Medicaid Agency. The amount of these
10	intergovernmental transfers shall be calculated by the
11	Medicaid Agency to equal the amount of state funds necessary
12	for the agency to obtain only those federal matching funds
13	necessary to pay state-owned and public hospitals for direct
14	inpatient and outpatient care and to pay state-owned and
15	public hospital inpatient and outpatient access payments.(b)
16	These intergovernmental transfers shall be made in compliance
17	with 42 U.S.C. §1396(b)w.(c) If a publicly or state-owned
18	hospital commences operations after October 1, 2013, the
19	hospital shall commence making intergovernmental transfers to
20	the Medicaid Agency in the first full month of operation of
21	the hospital after October 1, 2013.
22	Section 3. This act shall become effective on
23	October 1, 2013.

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4	Speaker of the House of Representatives
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6	President and Presiding Officer of the Senate
7	House of Representatives
8 9 10	I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and was passed by the House 23-APR-13, as amended.
11 12 13	Jeff Woodard Clerk
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16	Senate 09-MAY-13 Passed
17	