- 1 SB72
- 2 147520-2
- 3 By Senator Waggoner
- 4 RFD: Banking and Insurance
- 5 First Read: 05-FEB-13

1 147520-2:n:01/28/2013:PMG/tj LRS2013-313R1 2 3 4 5 6 7 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, the Uniform Disposition 8 of Unclaimed Property Act of 2004 concerns the 9 10 receipt and disposition by the State Treasurer of unclaimed property. 11 12 This bill would allow banks to treat all 13 deposit products equally regarding abandonment and 14 would allow all payment instruments issued by the 15 state to be remitted to unclaimed property for the 16 benefit of the payee at expiration. 17 This bill would require a holder to 18 electronically report with certain exceptions. 19 This bill would protect the state when 20 receiving property and the holder when remitting 21 property. 22 This bill would allow a surviving parent to 23 claim abandoned property from a child who died 24 intestate. 25 This bill would clarify property received by early reporting. 26

consumers who claim their property through a third-party source. A BILL
A BILL
A BILL
TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT
To amend Sections 35-12-72, 35-12-76, 35-12-77,
35-12-79, 35-12-84, 35-12-86, and 35-12-93, Code of Alabama
1975, relating to the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed
Property Act of 2004; to allow banks to treat all deposit
products equally regarding abandonment; to allow all payment
instruments issued by the state to be remitted to unclaimed
property for the benefit of the payee upon expiration; to
clarify reporting guidelines to protect the state when
receiving property and the holder when remitting property; to
allow a surviving parent to claim abandoned property from a
child who died intestate; to clarify property received by
early reporting; and to protect consumers when claiming their
property through a third-party source.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
Section 1. Sections 35-12-72, 35-12-76, 35-12-77,
35-12-79, 35-12-84, 35-12-86, and 35-12-93, Code of Alabama
1975, are amended to read as follows:
"\$35-12-72.

"(a) Property is presumed abandoned if it is
 unclaimed by the apparent owner during the time set forth
 below for the particular property:

- 4

"(1) Traveler's checks, 15 years after issuance.

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"(2) Money order, five years after issuance.

"(3) A demand, savings, or time deposit including a 6 7 deposit that is automatically renewable, three years after the earlier of maturity, as extended from time to time, or the 8 date of the last indication by the apparent owner of interest 9 10 in the property, but a deposit that is automatically renewable 11 is deemed matured for purposes of this section upon its 12 initial date of maturity, unless the apparent owner has consented to a renewal at or about the time of the renewal and 13 the consent is in writing or is evidenced by a memorandum or 14 15 other record on file with the holder, or the apparent owner 16 has indicated an interest in the deposit.

"(4) Tangible and intangible property held in a safe deposit box or other safekeeping depository in this state in the ordinary course of the holder's business and proceeds resulting from the sale of the property permitted by other law, three years after expiration of the lease or rental period on the box or other depository.

23 "(5) Money or credits owed to a customer as a result 24 of a retail business transaction, one year after the 25 obligation accrued.

"(6) Property in an individual retirement account,
defined benefit plan, or other account or plan that is

1 qualified for tax deferral under the income tax laws of the 2 United States, three years after the earlier of a. the date of the distribution or attempted distribution of the property; b. 3 4 the date of the required distribution as stated in the plan or trust agreement governing the plan; or c. the date, if 5 6 determinable by the holder, specified in the income tax laws 7 of the United States by which distribution of the property must begin in order to avoid a tax penalty. 8

9 "(7) Stock or other equity interest in a business 10 association or financial organization, including a security entitlement under Article 8 of Title 7, the Uniform Commercial 11 12 Code, three years after the earlier of a. the date of the most 13 recent dividend, stock split, or other distribution unclaimed 14 by the apparent owner; or b. the date of the second mailing of 15 a statement of account or other notification or communication that was returned as undeliverable or after the holder 16 17 discontinued mailings, notifications, or communications to the apparent owner. 18

19 "(8) Debt of a business association or financial 20 organization, other than a bearer bond or an original issue 21 discount bond covered under subdivision (18), three years 22 after the date of the most recent interest payment unclaimed 23 by the apparent owner.

"(9) Property distributable by a business
association or financial organization in a course of
dissolution, one year after the property becomes
distributable.

"(10) Amount owed by an insurer on a life or endowment insurance policy or an annuity that has matured or terminated, three years after the obligation to pay arose or, in the case of a policy or annuity payable upon proof of death, three years after the insured has attained, or would have attained if living, the limiting age under the mortality table on which the reserve is based.

8 "(11) Property distributable in the course of a 9 demutualization or related reorganization of an insurance 10 company shall be deemed abandoned as follows:

"a. Any funds, two years after the date of the demutualization or reorganization, if the funds remain unclaimed, and the owner has not otherwise communicated with the holder or its agent regarding the property as evidenced by a memorandum or other record on file with the holder or its agent.

17 "b. Any stock or other equity interest, two years after the date of the demutualization or reorganization if 18 instruments or statements reflecting the distribution are 19 20 either mailed to the owner and returned by the post office as 21 undeliverable, or not mailed to the owner because of an 22 address on the books and records of the holder that is known to be incorrect and the owner has not otherwise communicated 23 24 with the holder or its agent regarding the property as 25 evidenced by a memorandum or other record on file with the 26 holder or its agent.

1 "c. Property not subject to paragraphs a. or b. 2 within two years of the distribution shall remain reportable under other sections of this article. 3 4 "(12) Property received by a court as proceeds of a class action, and not distributed pursuant to the judgment, 5 6 one year after the distribution date. 7 "(13) Property held by a court, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, one year 8 after the property becomes distributable. 9 10 "(14) Wages or other compensation for personal services, one year after the compensation becomes payable. 11 12 "(15) Deposit or refund owed to a subscriber by a 13 utility, one year after the deposit or refund becomes payable. 14 "(16) Any check, or warrant, debit card, or other payment instrument drawn on or issued by the State of Alabama 15 Treasury, outstanding and unpaid one year from the date of 16 17 issue within the time frame allowed under Section 41-4-60. "(17) Gift certificate, other than those exempt 18 under Section 35-12-73, three years after June 30 of the year 19 in which the certificate was sold, but if redeemable in 20 21 merchandise only, the amount abandoned is deemed to be 60 22 percent of the certificate's face value. 23 "(18) All other property, three years after the 24 owner's right to demand the property or after the obligation 25 to pay or distribute the property arises, whichever first

26 occurs.

1 "(b) At the time that an interest is presumed 2 abandoned under subsection (a), any other property right 3 accrued or accruing to the owner as a result of the interest, 4 and not previously presumed abandoned, is also presumed 5 abandoned.

"(c) Property is unclaimed if, for the applicable 6 7 period set forth in subsection (a), the apparent owner has not communicated in writing, or by other means reflected in a 8 contemporaneous record prepared by or on behalf of the holder, 9 10 with the holder concerning the property or the account in 11 which the property is held, and has not otherwise indicated an 12 interest in the property. A communication with an owner by a 13 person other than the holder or its representative who has not 14 in writing identified the property to the owner is not an 15 indication of interest in the property by the owner.

16 "(d) An indication of an owner's or apparent owner's 17 interest in property includes any of the following:

18 "(1) The presentment of a check or other instrument 19 of payment of a dividend or other distribution made with 20 respect to an account or underlying stock or other interest in 21 a business association or financial organization or, in the 22 case of a distribution made by electronic or similar means, 23 evidence that the distribution has been received.

24 "(2) Owner-directed activity in the account in which 25 the property is held, including a direction by the owner to 26 increase, decrease, or change the amount or type of property 27 held in the account.

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1 "(3) The making of a deposit to or withdrawal from a 2 bank account. Any correspondence in writing from the holder to the apparent owner, such as the mailing of a statement, report 3 4 of interest paid or credited, renewal of a deposit or other written information relating to the deposit shall be construed 5 6 to mean that the apparent owner has indicated an interest in 7 the deposit if the correspondence in writing is not returned to the holder for nondelivery thereof. Any activity or 8 indication of interest by an apparent owner in the deposit or 9 10 in any other deposits in a holder shall be construed to be activity and indication of interest in all other deposits of 11 12 the apparent owner in the holder.

13 "(4) The payment of a premium with respect to a 14 property interest in an insurance policy; but the application 15 of an automatic premium loan provision or other nonforfeiture provision contained in an insurance policy does not prevent a 16 17 policy from maturing or terminating if the insured has died or the insured or the beneficiary of the policy has otherwise 18 become entitled to the proceeds before the depletion of the 19 cash surrender value of a policy by the application of those 20 21 provisions.

"(e) Property is payable or distributable for purposes of this article notwithstanding the failure of the owner or apparent owner to make demand or present an instrument or document otherwise required to obtain payment.

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1 "(a) A holder of property presumed abandoned shall make a report to the Treasurer concerning the property. The 2 report shall be filed electronically and the monies remitted 3 4 electronically. The Treasurer may grant an exception upon written request as established by rule. A report should 5 6 contain only tangible property or intangible property. If a 7 holder possesses both property types, two reports shall be 8 filed. 9 "(b) The report must be verified, balanced, and must 10 contain, at a minimum, all of the following: "(1) A description of the property. 11 "(2) The date, if any, on which the property became 12 13 payable, demandable, or returnable, and the date of the last 14 transaction with the apparent owner with respect to the 15 property. "(3) Other information that the Treasurer by rule 16 17 prescribes as necessary for the administration of this article. 18 "(4) Except with respect to a traveler's check, 19 money order, or State of Alabama issued warrants payment 20 21 instruments, the name, if known, the last known address, if any, and the Social Security number or taxpayer identification 22 23 number, if readily ascertainable, of the apparent owner of 24 property of the value of fifty dollars (\$50) or more in an 25 amount greater than the aggregate amount established by rule. 26 "(5) In the case of property held or owing under an 27 annuity or a life or endowment insurance policy, the policy

number, the full name, Social Security number, if known, date
 of birth, if known, and last known address, of the annuitant
 or insured and of the beneficiary.

"(6) In the case of expired State of Alabama issued
warrants <u>or other payment instruments</u>, the full name of the
owner/payee, warrant <u>or account</u> number, date of issuance,
owner address, and Social Security number, if known.

8 "(7) In the case of property held in a safe deposit 9 box or other safekeeping depository, an indication of the 10 place where it was held, the full name and last known address 11 of the apparent owner, and any amounts owing to the holder.

12 "(8) In the case of individual items valued under 13 fifty dollars (\$50), <u>or a greater amount if established by</u> 14 <u>rule</u>, an aggregated amount.

15 "(b) If a holder of property presumed abandoned is a 16 successor to another person who previously held the property 17 for the apparent owner or the holder has changed its name 18 while holding the property, the holder shall file with the 19 report its former names, if any, and the known names and 20 addresses of all previous holders of the property.

"(c) The report shall be filed before November 1 of each year and cover the 12 months next preceding July 1 of that year.

"(d) The holder of property presumed abandoned shall
send written notice to the apparent owner, not more than 120
days or less than 60 days before filing the report, stating

1 that the holder is in possession of property subject to this
2 article, if all of the following requirements are met:

"(1) The holder has in its records an address for
the apparent owner which the holder's records do not disclose
to be inaccurate.

6 "(2) The claim of the apparent owner is not barred 7 by a statute of limitations.

8 "(3) The value of the property is fifty dollars
9 (\$50) or more <u>a greater amount as established by rule</u>.

"(e) State of Alabama issued warrants <u>or other</u>
 <u>payment instruments</u> outstanding and unpaid one year after
 issuance are void and transferred to the Unclaimed Property
 Reserve Fund pursuant to Section 41-4-60. Therefore,
 subsection (d) does not apply.

15 "(f) Before the date for filing the report, the 16 holder of property presumed abandoned may request the 17 Treasurer to extend the time for filing the report. The Treasurer may grant the extension for good cause. The holder, 18 upon receipt of the extension, may make an interim payment on 19 the amount the holder estimates will ultimately be due, which 20 21 terminates the accrual of penalties, if any, on the amount 22 paid.

23

"§35-12-77.

"(a) Except for property held in a safe deposit box
or other safekeeping depository, upon filing the report
required in Section 35-12-76, the holder of property presumed
abandoned shall pay, deliver, or cause to be paid or delivered

to the Treasurer the property described in the report as unclaimed, but if the property is an automatically renewable deposit, and a penalty or forfeiture in the payment of interest would result, the time for compliance is extended until a penalty or forfeiture would no longer result.

6 "(b) Tangible property held in a safe deposit box or 7 other safekeeping depository shall be delivered to the 8 Treasurer within 120 days after filing the report required in 9 Section 35-12-76.

"(c) If the property reported to the Treasurer is a 10 security or security entitlement under Article 8 of Title 7, 11 12 the Uniform Commercial Code, the Treasurer is an appropriate 13 person to make an indorsement, instruction, or entitlement 14 order on behalf of the apparent owner to invoke the duty of the issuer or its transfer agent or the securities 15 intermediary to transfer or dispose of the security or the 16 17 security entitlement in accordance with Article 8 of Title 7, the Uniform Commercial Code. 18

19 "(d) If the holder of property reported to the 20 Treasurer is the issuer of a certificated security, the 21 Treasurer has the right to obtain a replacement certificate 22 pursuant to Section 7-8-405 of the Uniform Commercial Code, 23 but an indemnity bond is not required.

24 "(e) An issuer, the holder, and any transfer agent
25 or other person acting pursuant to the instructions of and on
26 behalf of the issuer or holder in accordance with this section
27 is not liable to the apparent owner and must be indemnified

1 against claims of any person in accordance with Section 35-12-79. 2

"(f) (e) Remittance to the state shall occur annually 3 4 on or before November 1 of each year and shall accompany the report provided for in subsection (c) of Section 35-12-76 and 5 6 shall cover the same time period as the report.

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"\$35-12-79.

"(a) In this article, "good faith" means honesty in 8 fact in the conduct or transaction concerned. 9

10 "(b) Upon payment or delivery of property to the Treasurer, the state assumes custody and responsibility for 11 12 the safekeeping of the property. A holder who pays or delivers 13 property to the Treasurer in good faith is relieved of all 14 liability arising thereafter with respect to the property. The 15 payment or delivery of property to the Treasurer shall operate as a full, absolute and unconditional release and discharge of 16 17 the holder from any and all claims or demands of or liability to any person entitled thereto, or to any other claimant or 18 state, and the payment or delivery may be pleaded as an 19 absolute bar to any action brought against the holder by any 20 21 other person entitled thereto, or by any other claimant or 22 state. The Once properly pleaded, the holder shall immediately 23 and thereafter be relieved of and held harmless by the State 24 of Alabama from any and all liabilities for any claim or 25 claims which exist at the time with reference to the property 26 or which may thereafter be made or may come into existence on 27 account of or in respect to any such property. This section

does not relieve the holder from any fine or civil penalty
 imposed pursuant to Section 35-12-92.

"(c) A holder who has paid money to the Treasurer 3 4 pursuant to this article may but is not required to subsequently reestablish an account or make payment to a 5 6 person reasonably appearing to the holder to be entitled to 7 payment. Upon a filing by the holder of that the property was remitted in error or upon proof of payment and proof that the 8 payee was entitled to the payment, the Treasurer shall 9 10 promptly reimburse the holder, unless the Treasurer already 11 has paid a claim for the property, for the payment without 12 imposing a fee or other charge. If reimbursement is sought for 13 a payment made on a negotiable instrument, including a 14 traveler's check or money order, the holder shall be 15 reimbursed upon filing proof that the instrument was duly presented and that payment was made to a person who reasonably 16 17 appeared to be entitled to payment. The holder must be 18 reimbursed for payment made even if the payment was made to a 19 person whose claim was barred under Section 35-12-88.

"(d) A holder who has delivered property other than money to the Treasurer pursuant to this article may reclaim the property if it is still in the possession of the Treasurer, without paying any fee or other charge, upon filing proof that the apparent owner has claimed the property from the holder. "(e) The Treasurer may accept a holder's affidavit
 as sufficient proof of the holder's right to recover money and
 property under this section.

4 "(f) If a holder pays or delivers property to the Treasurer in good faith and thereafter another person claims 5 6 the property from the holder or another state claims the 7 property under its laws relating to escheat or abandoned or unclaimed property, the payment or delivery may be pleaded as 8 an absolute bar to any action brought against the holder by 9 10 any other person entitled thereto or by any other claimant or state. Once properly pleaded, the holder is relieved of and 11 12 held harmless against any and all liabilities on the claim 13 resulting from payment or delivery of the property to the 14 Treasurer.

15 "(g) Property removed from a safe deposit box or 16 other safekeeping depository is received by the Treasurer 17 subject to the holder's right to be reimbursed for the cost of 18 the opening <u>if the holder includes the amount in its report of</u> 19 <u>abandoned property</u>. The Treasurer shall reimburse the holder 20 out of the proceeds remaining after deducting the expense 21 incurred by the Treasurer in selling the property.

"(h) A record of the issuance of a check, draft, or similar negotiable instrument is prima facie evidence of an obligation. In claiming property from a holder who is also the issuer, the Treasurer's burden of proof as to the existence and amount of the property and its abandonment is satisfied by showing issuance of the instrument and passage of the

1 requisite period of abandonment. Defenses of payment, 2 satisfaction, discharge, want of consideration, statute of limitations, and other similar defenses are affirmative 3 4 defenses that must be established by the holder. "(i) The Treasurer is not civilly or criminally 5 liable for any property or funds delivered pursuant to this 6 7 article. "§35-12-84. 8 9 "(a) The surviving spouse $\overline{}$ or, if none, the 10 surviving child or children or, if none, the surviving parent 11 or parents of an abandoned property owner who has died 12 intestate may claim the abandoned property under this section, 13 and will have a defeasible right to the property, if all of 14 the following conditions exist: 15 "(1) The aggregate value of the abandoned property held on behalf of the owner, as established by rule, must not 16 17 exceed the amount allowed in Section 43-2-692. "(2) The claim need not be accompanied by an order 18 of a probate court if the claimant files documentation 19 established in the rules, including, but not limited to, a. a 20 21 written confirmation by the probate court that no estate has 22 been opened or filed; b. an affidavit, signed by all 23 beneficiaries (defined as spouse and children), as applicable, 24 stating that all beneficiaries have amicably agreed among 25 themselves upon a division of the property; c. supporting documentation showing heir rights; and d. authorization to 26

release the name and address of the claimant to subsequent
 claimants.

3 "(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 4 remove the jurisdiction of the probate court in matters of 5 estates.

6 "(c) A person may claim abandoned property in his or 7 her name under this section and will have a defeasible right 8 to the property, if all of the following conditions exist:

9 "(1) The aggregate amount value of the abandoned 10 property held on behalf of the owner is equal to or less than 11 two hundred dollars (\$200), or a greater amount if established 12 <u>by rule</u>.

13 "(2) The claim is accompanied by an affidavit 14 swearing to the authenticity of a claim and lack of matching 15 documentation, and <u>an</u> authorization to release the name and 16 address of the claimant to subsequent claimants, and any other 17 required documentation if established by rule.

"(d) Any person to whom payment, delivery, transfer, 18 or issuance is made under this section shall be answerable and 19 20 accountable therefor to any heir of the decedent, to any 21 person having a superior right to the decedent's property, or 22 to the surviving spouse, or minor children, or parents of the 23 decedent who shall proceed against such person. This liability 24 shall only be to the extent of the value of the property 25 received by each person under this section.

"(e) Any person who was lawfully entitled to sharein the property but did not receive his or her share of the

1 2 property, may enforce his or her rights in appropriate legal proceedings against those who received the property.

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"§35-12-86.

4 "(a) The Treasurer may decline to receive property
5 reported under this article which the Treasurer considers to
6 have a value less than the expenses of notice and sale.

7 "(b) A holder, with the written consent of the Treasurer and upon conditions and terms prescribed by the 8 9 Treasurer, may report and deliver property before the property 10 is presumed abandoned. A holder exempt from reporting, upon conditions and terms prescribed by the Treasurer, may 11 12 voluntarily report. Property so delivered must be held by the 13 Treasurer and is not presumed abandoned until it otherwise 14 would be presumed abandoned under this article. Property delivered under this section is deemed abandoned upon receipt 15 by the Treasurer and shall be handled in the same manner as 16 17 other abandoned property under this article.

"§35-12-93.

"(a) An agreement by an owner, the primary purpose 19 of which is to locate, deliver, recover, or assist in the 20 21 recovery of property that is presumed abandoned, is void and 22 unenforceable if it was entered into during the period 23 commencing on the date the property was presumed abandoned and extending to a time that is 24 months after the date the 24 25 property is paid or delivered to the Treasurer. This 26 subsection does not apply to an owner's agreement with an

attorney to file a claim as to identified property or contest
 the Treasurer's denial of a claim.

"(b) An agreement by an owner, the primary purpose 3 4 of which is to locate, deliver, recover, or assist in the recovery of property, is enforceable only if the agreement is 5 in writing, clearly sets forth the nature of the property and 6 7 the services to be rendered, states that the property is in custody of the State of Alabama Treasurer's Office, is signed 8 9 by the apparent owner, and states the value of the property before and after the fee or other compensation has been 10 11 deducted states the compensation fee percentage of the value 12 of the amount to be claimed, and states any other compensation 13 to be deducted.

14 "(c) If an agreement covered by this section applies 15 to mineral proceeds and the agreement contains a provision to 16 pay compensation that includes a portion of the underlying 17 minerals or any mineral proceeds not then presumed abandoned, 18 the provision is void and unenforceable.

"(d) An Total compensation in an agreement covered 19 20 by this section which provides for compensation that is 21 unconscionable is unenforceable except by the owner. An owner 22 who has agreed to pay compensation that is unconscionable, may 23 maintain an action to reduce the compensation to a 24 conscionable amount. The court may award reasonable attorney's 25 fees to an owner who prevails in the action may not exceed 10 26 percent of the value of the amount claimed.

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"(e) This section does not preclude an owner from
asserting that an agreement covered by this section is invalid
on grounds other than unconscionable compensation. It is the
sole responsibility of the owner to enforce this section."
Section 2. This act shall become effective on the

first day of the third month following its passage and

approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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