- 1 SB131
- 2 147957-1
- 3 By Senator Blackwell
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation Education
- 5 First Read: 05-FEB-13

1	147957-1:n:02/05/2013:LLR/tan LRS2013-601
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, there is no state
9	income tax credit in Alabama for the
10	rehabilitation, preservation, or development of
11	historic structures.
12	This bill would provide an income tax credit
13	against the tax liability of the taxpayer for the
14	rehabilitation, preservation, and development of
15	historic structures.
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17	A BILL
18	TO BE ENTITLED
19	AN ACT
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21	To provide an income tax credit against the tax
22	liability of the taxpayer for the rehabilitation,
23	preservation, and development of historic structures.
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
25	Section 1. This act shall apply to qualified
26	structures throughout the State of Alabama.

Section 2. As used in this act, the following terms

shall have the following meanings:

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- (1) CERTIFIED HISTORIC STRUCTURE. A property located in Alabama which is certified by the Alabama Historical Commission as being individually listed in the National Register of Historic Places, eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places, or certified by the commission as contributing to the historic significance of a Registered Historic District.
  - (2) CERTIFIED REHABILITATION. Repairs or alterations to a certified historic structure that is certified by the commission as meeting the U.S. Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation, or to non-historic structures built before 1936 which are certified by the commission as meeting the requirements contained in Section 47(c)(1)(a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, or to a certified historic residential structure as defined in subdivision (4).
  - (3) COMMISSION. The Alabama Historical Commission and or its successor.
  - (4) CERTIFIED HISTORIC RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURE. A certified historic structure as defined in subdivision (1), or a non-historic structure built prior to 1936 which is or will be owned and used as a single family, owner occupied residential property and which is contained within a single family residential structure, either free standing or supported by party walls, but not to include individual units

- within a multi-residential structure such as a condominium or cooperative.
- 3 (5) DEPARTMENT. The Alabama Department of Revenue or 4 its successor.

- (6) OWNER. Any taxpayer filing a State of Alabama tax return or any entity that is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, that: a. owns title to a qualified structure, or b. owns prospective title to a qualified structure in the form of a purchase agreement or option to purchase, or c. owns a leasehold interest in a qualified structure for a term of not less than 39 years.
- expenditure as defined under Section 47(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and the related regulations thereunder, and other reasonable expenses and costs expended in the rehabilitation of a qualified structure. For certified historic residential structures, this term shall mean expenses incurred by the taxpayer in the certified rehabilitation of a certified historic residential structure, including preservation and rehabilitation work done to the exterior of a certified historic residential structure, repair and stabilization of historic structural systems, restoration of historic plaster, energy efficiency measures except insulation in frame walls, repairs or rehabilitation of heating, air conditioning, or ventilation systems, repairs or rehabilitation of electrical or plumbing systems exclusive of

new electrical appliances and electrical or plumbing fixtures, and architectural, engineering, and land surveying fees. Qualified rehabilitation expenditures do not include the cost of acquisition of the qualified structure, the personal labor by the owner, or any cost associated with the rehabilitation of an outbuilding of the qualified structure, unless the outbuilding is certified by the commission to contribute to

the historical significance of the qualified structure.

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- (8) QUALIFIED STRUCTURE. Certified historic structures and non-historic structures built before 1936 which are certified by the commission as meeting the requirements contained in Section 47(c)(1)(a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and to certified historic residential structures as defined herein.
- (9) REGISTERED HISTORIC DISTRICT. Any district listed in the National Register of Historic Places and any district which is either of the following:
- a. Designated under Alabama or local law certified by the U.S. Secretary of the Interior as containing criteria which substantially achieves the purpose of preserving and rehabilitating buildings of historic significance to the district.
- b. Certified by the U.S. Secretary of the Interior as meeting substantially all of the requirements for the listing of districts in the National Register of Historic Places.

(10) REHABILITATION PLAN. Construction plans and specifications for the proposed rehabilitation of a qualified structure in sufficient detail to enable the commission to evaluate compliance with the standards developed under this act.

(11) SUBSTANTIAL REHABILITATION. Rehabilitation of a qualified structure for which the qualified rehabilitation expenditures exceed 50 percent of the owner's original purchase price of the qualified structure or twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), whichever is greater.

Section 3. (a) The commission shall develop standards for the approval of the substantial rehabilitation of qualified structures for which a tax credit is sought. The standards shall take into account whether the substantial rehabilitation of a qualified structure is consistent with the historic character of the structure or of the Registered Historic District in which the property is located.

(b) Prior to beginning any substantial rehabilitation work on a qualified structure, the owner shall submit an application and rehabilitation plan to the commission and an estimate of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures under the rehabilitation plan; provided, however, that the owner, at its own risk, may incur qualified rehabilitation expenditures no earlier than six months prior to the submission of the application and rehabilitation plan that are limited to architectural, engineering, and land surveying fees and related soft costs and any costs related to

the protection of the qualified structure from deterioration.

Owners may submit an application and rehabilitation plan, and may commence rehabilitation, before the property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places; provided, however, that owners, at their own risk, may incur qualified rehabilitation expenditures which are limited to architectural engineering and land surveying fees and related soft costs and emergency costs and expenses necessary for the protection of the qualified structure from deterioration and which are incurred no earlier than six months prior to the submission of the application and rehabilitation plan to the commission.

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(c) The commission shall review the application and rehabilitation plan to determine that the information contained therein is complete. If the commission determines that the application and rehabilitation plan are complete, the commission shall reserve for the benefit of the owner an allocation for a tax credit as provided in Section 4 and the commission shall notify the owner in writing of the amount of the reservation. The reservation of tax credits does not entitle the owner to an issuance of tax credits until the owner complies with all other requirements of this act for the issuance of the tax credits. The reservation of tax credits shall be made by the commission in the order in which completed applications and rehabilitation plans are received by the commission, and the reservation of tax credits shall be issued by the commission within a reasonable time, not to exceed 90 days from the filing of a completed application and

1 rehabilitation plan. Applications received by the commission 2 on the same day shall go through a lottery process to determine the order in which the applications will be reviewed 3 by the commission. Only the property for which a property address, legal description or other specific location is 5 6 provided in the application shall be reviewed. The owner shall 7 not be permitted to request the review of another property for approval in the place of the property contained in the 8 application. The owner may add or remove partners, members, or 9 10 shareholders as part of its ownership structure, so long as at least 50 percent of the ownership remains the same. If the 11 12 ownership of the qualified structure is changed due to a 13 foreclosure, deed in lieu of a foreclosure, or a transfer in 14 bankruptcy or receivership, the foregoing provisions restricting a change in ownership structure are not 15 applicable, provided that the successor owner of the qualified 16 17 structure furnishes sufficient documentation to the commission as evidence of the foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure or 18 bankruptcy or receivership. Any application disapproved by the 19 commission shall be removed from the review process, and the 20 21 commission shall notify the owner in writing of the decision 22 to remove the application. Disapproved applications shall lose 23 their priority in the review process. A disapproved 24 application may be resubmitted, but shall be deemed to be a 25 new submission for purposes of the priority procedures 26 described in this section and may be charged a new application 27 fee. In the event that the commission grants reservations for

tax credits equal to the total amount available for reservations during the fiscal year, all owners with applications then awaiting approval or thereafter submitted for approval shall be notified by the commission that no additional approvals shall be granted during that fiscal year and shall be notified of the priority given to the owner's application then awaiting approval. The applications shall remain in priority status for two (2) years from the date of the original application and shall be considered for reservations of tax credits in the priority order established in this section in the event that additional credits become available due to the rescission of approvals or when a new fiscal year's allocation of tax credits becomes available.

Owners receiving a reservation of tax credits shall commence rehabilitation, if rehabilitation has not previously begun, within 18 months of the date of issuance of the written notice from the commission to the owner granting the reservation of tax credits. "Commencement of rehabilitation" shall mean that, as of the date in which actual physical work contemplated by the rehabilitation plan submitted with the application has begun, the owner has incurred no less than 20 percent of the estimated costs of rehabilitation provided in the application. Owners receiving a reservation of tax credits shall submit evidence of compliance with the provisions of this subsection. If the commission determines that an owner has failed to comply with the requirements provided under this section, the reservation of tax credits for the owner may be

rescinded and, if so, the amount of tax credits shall then be included in the total amount of available tax credits provided for in subsection (c) of Section 4, from which reservations may be granted. Any owner whose reservation of tax credits shall be rescinded shall be notified of the rescission from the commission and, upon receipt of the notice, may submit a new application but may be charged a new application fee.

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(d) Following the completion of a substantial rehabilitation of a qualified structure, the owner shall notify the commission that the substantial rehabilitation has been completed and shall certify the qualified rehabilitation expenditures incurred with respect to the rehabilitation plan. In addition, the owner shall provide the commission with: (i) a cost and expense certification, prepared by a licensed certified public accountant that is not an affiliate of the owner, certifying the total qualified rehabilitation expenditures and the total amount of tax credits for which the owner is eligible under Section 4 and, if the qualified rehabilitation expenditures exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000), the cost and expense certification must be audited by the licensed certified public accountant; and (ii) an appraisal of the qualified structure prepared by an independent MAI designated and licensed real estate appraiser. The commission shall review the documentation of the rehabilitation and verify its compliance with the rehabilitation plan. Within 90 days after receipt of the foregoing documentation from the owner, the commission shall

issue a tax credit certificate in an amount equivalent to the lesser of: (i) the amount of the tax credit reservation issued for the project under the provisions of subsection (c), or (ii) 25 percent of the actual qualified rehabilitation expenditures for certified historic structures and 10 percent of the actual qualified rehabilitation expenditures for qualified pre-1936 non-historic structures. In the event the amount of qualified rehabilitation expenditures incurred by the owner would result in the issuance of an amount of tax credits in excess of the amount of tax credits reserved for the owner under subsection (c) of section 3, the owner may apply to the commission for issuance of tax credits in an amount equal to the excess. Applications for issuance of tax credits in excess of the amount of tax credits reserved for the owner shall be made on a form prescribed by the commission and shall represent a separate certificate that shall be issued, subject to all provisions regarding priority provided in this section.

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- (e) In order to obtain a credit against any state tax due that is specified in this act, a taxpayer shall file the tax credit certificate with the taxpayer's Alabama state income tax return.
- (f) The Department shall grant a tax credit to a taxpayer holding the tax credit certificate issued under subsection (d) against any tax due under Chapters 14A, 14B, 16, 18, and 21 of Title 40, and Chapters 3 and 4 of Title 27, Code of Alabama 1975, in the amount stated on the tax credit

certificate. The Department shall have the right to audit and to reassess any credit improperly obtained by the owner, in accordance with the Taxpayers' Bill of Rights and the Uniform Revenue Procedures contained in Chapter 2A of Title 40, Code of Alabama 1975; provided, however that only the owner initially awarded the tax credit certificate, and not any subsequent transferee of the tax credit certificate, shall be liable for any credit improperly obtained by the owner.

- (g) For processing the taxpayer's application for a tax credit, the commission may impose reasonable application fees of up to one percent of the qualified rehabilitation expenses but not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (h) The commission shall, in consultation with the department, report to the Legislature in the third year following passage of this act, and annually thereafter, on the overall economic activity, usage, and impact to the state from the substantial rehabilitation of qualified structures for which tax credits have been allowed.

Section 4. (a) The tax credit against the tax imposed by Chapters 14A, 14B, 16, 18 and 21 of Title 40, and Chapters 3 and 4 of Title 27, Code of Alabama 1975, for the taxable year in which the certified rehabilitation is placed in service, shall be equal to 25 percent of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures for certified historic structures, and shall be 10 percent of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures for qualified pre-1936 non-historic structures. No tax credit claimed for any certified rehabilitation may

exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000) for all allowable property types except a certified historic residential structure, and fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for a certified historic residential structure.

- (b) The entire tax credit may be claimed by the taxpayer in the taxable year in which the certified rehabilitation is placed in service. Where the taxes owed by the taxpayer are less than the tax credit, the taxpayer shall not be entitled to claim a refund for the difference, but any unused portion of the credit may be carried forward for up to 10 additional tax years.
- (c) The aggregate amount of all tax credits in any tax year that may be reserved by the commission upon certification of rehabilitation plans under subsection (c) of Section 3 shall not exceed thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) plus any amount of previous reservations of tax credits that were rescinded under subsection (c) of Section 3 during the tax year. However, if all of the allowable tax credit amount for any tax year is not requested and reserved, any unreserved tax credits may be utilized by the commission in awarding tax credits in subsequent years.
- (d) Tax credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership or multiple owners of a property shall be passed through to the partners, members or owners (including any not-for-profit entity that is a partner, member or owner) respectively pro rata or pursuant to an

executed agreement among the partners, members or owners documenting an alternate distribution method.

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(e) All or any portion of the tax credits under this act shall be freely transferable and assignable, subject to any notice and verification requirements to be determined by the commission or the Department, or both. Any transferee of the tax credits may use the amount of tax credits transferred to offset against any tax due under Chapters 14A, 14B, 16, 18 and 21 of Title 40, and Chapters 3 and 4 of Title 27, Code of Alabama 1975, or the transferee may freely transfer and assign all or any portion of the tax credits to any other person or entity, including an entity that is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and the other person or entity may freely transfer and assign all or any portion of the tax credits to any other person or entity. The tax credits may be transferred or assigned until the time that the credit is claimed on a State of Alabama tax return by any taxpayer.

Section 5. (a) Recapture of any of the credit, and any required adjustments to basis due to recapture, shall be governed by Section 50 of the Internal Revenue Code; provided, however, that only the owner initially awarded the tax credit certificate, and not any subsequent transferee of the tax credit certificate, shall be liable for any amount of the credit recaptured.

(b) In the taxable year the certified rehabilitation is placed in service for any structure for which a tax credit

has been issued, the commission shall provide notice of the certified rehabilitation and a copy of the appraisal provided by the owner to the taxing authority responsible for the assessment of ad valorem taxes. Upon notification, the taxing authority responsible for the assessment of ad valorem taxes shall complete a new assessment for the structure to be used in the assessment of ad valorem taxes for the tax year in which the certified rehabilitation was placed in service.

Section 6. Owners or their duly authorized representatives may appeal any official decision, including all preliminary or final reservations, approvals and denials, made by the commission or the Department with regard to an application and rehabilitation plan submitted under Section 3, in accordance with the Alabama Administrative Procedures Act contained in Chapter 22 of Title 41, Code of Alabama 1975. Appeals shall constitute an administrative review of the decision appealed from and shall not be conducted as an adjudicative proceeding. Appeals shall be submitted within thirty days of receipt by the owner or the owner's duly authorized representative of the decision that is the subject of the appeal.

Section 7. The commission shall promulgate by
September 1, 2013 any and all rules and regulations necessary
to implement the provisions of this act. Applications for the
reservation of tax credits shall be accepted beginning October
1, 2013, but no tax credit may be credited prior to the
taxpayer's return for the taxable year 2014.

Section 8. The provisions of this act are severable.

If any part of this act is declared invalid or

unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part

which remains.

Section 9. This act shall become effective

immediately following its passage and approval by the

Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.