- 1 SB170
- 2 144226-3
- 3 By Senator Orr
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 07-FEB-13

144226-3:n:02/07/2013:FC/mfc LRS2012-3627R1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Existing law provides penalties for driving 8 SYNOPSIS: while under the influence of alcohol or controlled 9 10 substances. This bill would further define the offense 11 12 of driving under the influence. Under existing law, a person may be charged 13 with driving under the influence when there is a 14 15 certain percentage of alcohol in the person's blood or if the person is under the influence of a 16 17 controlled substance that impairs the mental or 18 physical faculties of the person to the extent that 19 it renders him or her incapable of safely driving. This bill would define "under the influence" 20 21 for the purpose of the offense of driving under the influence to mean not having the normal use of 22 23 mental and physical faculties by reason of the 24 introduction into the body of alcohol, a controlled 25 substance, a drug, or any other substance, or a combination of two or more of those substances. 26

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The bill would consolidate the charges of driving under the influence to specify that a person may be charged with driving under the influence if the person is under the influence of any substance or substances which render the person incapable of safe driving.

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This bill also would provide that a person may be charged with driving under the influence if he or she has a measurable amount of specified substances in his or her body unless the person has a valid prescription for use of the substance or is otherwise authorized to use the substance.

This bill would further increase the minimum mandatory sentence for a fourth or subsequent violation of the law from 10 days to 90 days.

Existing law provides that a prior conviction within a five-year period for driving while under the influence from this state, a municipality within this state, or another state or territory or a municipality of another state or territory would be considered by a court when imposing a sentence.

This bill would remove the requirement that a prior conviction considered by a court when imposing a sentence would only be a prior conviction within a five-year period and would provide that any prior conviction for driving while impaired from this state, a municipality within this state, or another state or territory or a municipality of another state or territory, with or without the jurisdiction having adopted the law of Alabama, so long as the offense was in violation of the law in the respective jurisdiction, would be considered by a court for imposing a sentence.

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8 Existing law provides that a person who 9 drives a motor vehicle while his or her driver's 10 license or driving privilege is cancelled, denied, 11 suspended, or revoked is guilty of a misdemeanor 12 punishable by a minimum fine of \$100 up to a 13 maximum of \$500 and imprisonment of no more than 14 180 days.

15 This bill would provide that a person 16 convicted for a third or subsequent time for 17 operating a motor vehicle while his or her license or driving privilege is cancelled, denied, 18 suspended, or revoked when his or her license or 19 20 driving privilege was cancelled, denied, suspended, 21 or revoked as a consequence of a DUI-related 22 offense would be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor 23 with a minimum mandatory sentence of 30 days in 24 jail.

25This bill would also delete a redundant26subsection providing additional penalties when a

child under 14 years of age was in the vehicle at the time of a DUI offense.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama 3 4 of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of 5 Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general 6 7 law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from 8 becoming effective with regard to a local 9 10 governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote 11 unless: it comes within one of a number of 12 specified exceptions; it is approved by the 13 affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates 14 funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to 15 the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

24A BILL25TO BE ENTITLED26AN ACT

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To amend Section 32-5A-191 of the Code of Alabama 1 2 1975, as last amended by Act 2012-363 of the 2012 Regular Session, relating to driving while under the influence; to 3 4 further define the offense and to define the term under the influence for the purpose of unsafe driving; to prohibit a 5 person from driving who has a measurable amount of specified 6 7 substances in the person's body; to further provide for a minimum mandatory sentence for a fourth or subsequent 8 9 violation; to remove the requirement that a prior conviction 10 considered by the court when imposing a sentence would only be a prior conviction within a five-year period; to further 11 12 provide for the offenses that can be considered by a court 13 when imposing a sentence for multiple violations; to amend 14 Section 32-6-19 of the Code of Alabama 1975, relating to 15 violations for driving while license or driving privilege is cancelled, denied, suspended, or revoked; to provide that a 16 17 person convicted for a third or subsequent time when his or her license or driving privilege was cancelled, denied, 18 suspended, or revoked as a consequence of a DUI-related 19 offense would be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor with a 20 21 minimum mandatory sentence of 30 days in jail; and in 22 connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the 23 requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds 24 within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of 25 Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the 26 Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, 27 as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 1 Section 1. Section 32-5A-191 of the Code of Alabama 2 1975, as last amended by Act 2012-363 of the 2012 Regular 3 4 Session, is amended to read as follows: "§32-5A-191. 5 "(a) A person shall not drive or be in actual 6 7 physical control of any vehicle while: "(1) There is 0.08 percent or more by weight of 8 alcohol in his or her blood; or 9 10 "(2) Under the influence of alcohol; "(3) Under the influence of a controlled substance 11 12 to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely 13 driving; "(4) Under the combined influence of alcohol and a 14 15 controlled substance to a degree which renders him or her incapable of safely driving; or 16 17 "(5) (2) a. Under the influence of any substance which impairs the mental or physical faculties of such person 18 or substances to a degree which renders him or her incapable 19 of safely driving. 20 21 "b. For the purposes of this subdivision, the term 22 "under the influence" means either of the following: 23 "1. Not having the normal use of mental or physical 24 faculties by reason of the introduction into the body of 25 alcohol, a controlled substance, a drug, or any other 26 substance, or combination of two or more of those substances; 27 or

1	"2. There is greater than five nanograms of
2	<u>Delta-9-tetrahydrocannibal (THC) per milliliter of blood or</u>
3	any measurable amount of any of the following substances in
4	the person's body:
5	" <u>(i)</u> Alprazolam.
6	" <u>(ii) Hydrocodone.</u>
7	"(iii) Amphetamine/methamphetamine.
8	" <u>(iv)</u> Carisoprodol/meprobamate.
9	" <u>(v)</u> Diazepam/nordiazepam.
10	" <u>(vi) Morphine.</u>
11	" <u>(vii) Cocaine and metabolites.</u>
12	" <u>(viii) Methadone.</u>
13	" <u>(ix) Oxycodone.</u>
14	" <u>(x)</u> Clonazepam.
15	" <u>(xi)</u> Zolpidem.
16	"It is an affirmative defense to a violation of this
17	subparagraph 2 if the person has a lawful prescription for the
18	substance or is otherwise authorized by law to use the
19	substance.
20	"(b) A person who is under the age of 21 years shall
21	not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle if
22	there is 0.02 percent or more by weight of alcohol in his or
23	her blood. The Department of Public Safety shall suspend or
24	revoke the driver's license of any person, including, but not
25	limited to, a juvenile, child, or youthful offender, convicted
26	or adjudicated of, or subjected to a finding of, delinquency
27	based on this subsection. Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon

1 the first violation of this subsection by a person whose blood 2 alcohol level is between 0.02 and 0.08, the person's driver's license or driving privilege shall be suspended for a period 3 4 of 30 days in lieu of any penalties provided in subsection (e) 5 of this section, and there shall be no disclosure, other than 6 to courts, law enforcement agencies, and the person's 7 employer, by any entity or person of any information, documents, or records relating to the person's arrest, 8 conviction, or adjudication of or finding of delinquency based 9 10 on this subsection.

"All persons, except as otherwise provided in this 11 12 subsection for a first offense, including, but not limited to, 13 a juvenile, child, or youthful offender, convicted or 14 adjudicated of or subjected to a finding of delinquency based 15 on this subsection shall be fined pursuant to this section, notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, and the person 16 17 shall also be required to attend and complete a DUI or substance abuse court referral program in accordance with 18 subsection (k). 19

"(c)(1) A school bus or day care driver shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle while in performance of his or her duties if there is greater than 0.02 percent by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. A person convicted pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the penalties provided by this section, except that on the first conviction the Director of Public Safety shall suspend the

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1 driving privilege or driver's license for a period of one 2 year.

"(2) A person shall not drive or be in actual 3 4 physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in 49 CFR Part 383.5 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety 5 6 Regulations as adopted pursuant to Section 32-9A-2, if there 7 is 0.04 percent or greater by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, 8 the commercial driver's license or commercial driving 9 10 privilege of a person convicted of violating this subdivision shall be disgualified for the period provided in accordance 11 with 49 CFR Part 383.51, as applicable, and the person's 12 13 regular driver's license or privilege to drive a regular motor 14 vehicle shall be governed by the remainder of this section if 15 the person is guilty of a violation of another provision of this section. 16

17 "(d) The fact that any person charged with violating 18 this section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol or 19 a controlled substance shall not constitute a defense against 20 any charge of violating this section.

"(e) Upon <u>a</u> first conviction, a person violating this section shall be punished by imprisonment in the county or municipal jail for not more than one year, or by fine of not less than six hundred dollars (\$600) nor more than two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100), or by both a fine and imprisonment. In addition, on a first conviction, the Director of Public Safety shall suspend the driving privilege or

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driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 90 1 2 days. If, on a first conviction, any person refusing to provide a blood alcohol concentration or if a child under the 3 4 age of 14 years was present in the vehicle at the time of the offense or if someone else besides the offender was injured at 5 the time of the offense, the Director of the Department of 6 7 Public Safety shall suspend the driving privilege or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 90 days and 8 9 the person shall be required to have an ignition interlock 10 device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for a period of two years from the date 11 12 of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's 13 driving privileges are subject to the condition of the 14 installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device 15 on a motor vehicle.

"(f) On a second conviction within a five-year 16 17 period, a person convicted of violating this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand one hundred 18 dollars (\$1,100) nor more than five thousand one hundred 19 dollars (\$5,100) and by imprisonment, which may include hard 20 21 labor in the county or municipal jail for not more than one 22 year. The sentence shall include a mandatory sentence, which 23 is not subject to suspension or probation, of imprisonment in 24 the county or municipal jail for not less than five days or 25 community service for not less than 30 days. In addition the 26 Director of Public Safety shall revoke the driving privileges 27 or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of

1 one year and the offender shall be required to have an 2 ignition interlock device installed and operating on the 3 designated motor vehicle driven by the offender for a period 4 of two years from the date of issuance of a driver's license 5 indicating that the person's driving privileges are subject to 6 the condition of the installation and use of a certified 7 ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle.

"(q) On a third conviction, a person convicted of 8 violating this section shall be punished by a fine of not less 9 10 than two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100) nor more than 11 ten thousand one hundred dollars (\$10,100) and by 12 imprisonment, which may include hard labor, in the county or 13 municipal jail for not less than 60 days nor more than one 14 year, to include a minimum of 60 days which shall be served in 15 the county or municipal jail and cannot be probated or suspended. In addition, the Director of Public Safety shall 16 17 revoke the driving privilege or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of three years and the offender shall 18 be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and 19 20 operating on the designated motor vehicle driven by the 21 offender for a period of three years from the date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's driving 22 23 privileges are subject to the condition of the installation 24 and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. 25

26 "(h) On a fourth or subsequent conviction, a person
27 convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a Class

C felony and punished by a fine of not less than four thousand 1 2 one hundred dollars (\$4,100) nor more than ten thousand one hundred dollars (\$10,100) and by imprisonment of not less than 3 4 one year and one day nor more than 10 years. Any term of imprisonment may include hard labor for the county or state, 5 6 and where imprisonment does not exceed three years confinement 7 may be in the county jail. Where imprisonment does not exceed one year and one day, confinement shall be in the county jail. 8 The minimum sentence shall include a term of imprisonment for 9 at least one year and one day, provided, however, that there 10 shall be a minimum mandatory sentence of  $\frac{10}{10}$  90 days which 11 shall be served in the county jail. The remainder of the 12 13 sentence may be suspended or probated, but only if as a 14 condition of probation the defendant enrolls and successfully 15 completes a state certified chemical dependency program recommended by the court referral officer and approved by the 16 17 sentencing court. Where probation is granted, the sentencing court may, in its discretion, and where monitoring equipment 18 is available, place the defendant on house arrest under 19 20 electronic surveillance during the probationary term. In 21 addition to the other penalties authorized, the Director of 22 Public Safety shall revoke the driving privilege or driver's 23 license of the person convicted for a period of five years and 24 the offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock 25 device installed and operating on the designated motor vehicle 26 driven by the offender for a period of five years from the 27 date of issuance of a driver's license indicating that the

person's driving privileges are subject to the condition of the installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle.

4 "The Alabama habitual felony offender law shall not
5 apply to a conviction of a felony pursuant to this subsection,
6 and a conviction of a felony pursuant to this subsection shall
7 not be a felony conviction for purposes of the enhancement of
8 punishment pursuant to Alabama's habitual felony offender law.

9 "(i) When any person convicted of violating this 10 section is found to have had at least 0.15 percent or more by weight of alcohol in his or her blood while operating or being 11 12 in actual physical control of a vehicle, he or she shall be 13 sentenced to at least double the minimum punishment that the person would have received if he or she had had less than 0.15 14 15 percent by weight of alcohol in his or her blood. If the adjudicated offense is a misdemeanor, the minimum punishment 16 17 shall be imprisonment for one year, all of which may be suspended except as otherwise provided for in Section 18 32-5A-191(f) and Section 32-5A-191 (g). In addition, the 19 Director of Public Safety shall revoke the driving privileges 20 21 or driver's license of the person convicted for a period of 22 not less than one year.

"(j) When any person over the age of 21 years is convicted of violating this section and it is found that a child under the age of 14 years was present in the vehicle at the time of the offense, the person shall be sentenced to at least double the minimum punishment that the person would have received if the child had not been present in the motor
 vehicle.

"(k) In addition to the penalties provided herein, 3 4 any person convicted of violating this section shall be referred to the court referral officer for evaluation and 5 referral to appropriate community resources. The defendant 6 7 shall, at a minimum, be required to complete a DUI or substance abuse court referral program approved by the 8 9 Administrative Office of Courts and operated in accordance with provisions of the Mandatory Treatment Act of 1990, 10 Sections 12-23-1 to 12-23-19, inclusive. The Department of 11 Public Safety shall not reissue a driver's license to a person 12 13 convicted under this section without receiving proof that the 14 defendant has successfully completed the required program.

"(1) Neither reckless driving nor any other traffic infraction is a lesser included offense under a charge of driving under the influence of alcohol or of a controlled substance.

"(m) Except for fines collected for violations of 19 this section charged pursuant to a municipal ordinance, fines 20 21 collected for violations of this section shall be deposited to 22 the State General Fund; however, beginning October 1, 1995, of 23 any amount collected over two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for 24 a first conviction, over five hundred dollars (\$500) for a 25 second conviction within five years, over one thousand dollars 26 (\$1,000) for a third conviction within five years, and over 27 two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for a fourth or subsequent

1 conviction within five years, the first one hundred dollars 2 (\$100) of that additional amount shall be deposited to the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and Equipment Trust Fund, 3 4 after three percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) is deducted for administrative costs, and beginning October 1, 5 6 1997, and thereafter, the second one hundred dollars (\$100) of 7 that additional amount shall be deposited in the Impaired Drivers Trust Fund after deducting five percent of the one 8 hundred dollars (\$100) for administrative costs and the 9 10 remainder of the funds shall be deposited to the State General Fund. Fines collected for violations of this section charged 11 12 pursuant to a municipal ordinance where the total fine is paid 13 at one time shall be deposited as follows: The first three 14 hundred fifty dollars (\$350) collected for a first conviction, 15 the first six hundred dollars (\$600) collected for a second conviction within five years, the first one thousand one 16 17 hundred dollars (\$1,100) collected for a third conviction, and the first two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100) collected 18 for a fourth or subsequent conviction shall be deposited to 19 the State Treasury with the first one hundred dollars (\$100) 20 21 collected for each conviction credited to the Alabama Chemical 22 Testing Training and Equipment Trust Fund and the second one 23 hundred dollars (\$100) to the Impaired Drivers Trust Fund 24 after deducting five percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) 25 for administrative costs and depositing this amount in the 26 general fund of the municipality, and the balance credited to 27 the State General Fund. Any amounts collected over these

1 amounts shall be deposited as otherwise provided by law. Fines 2 collected for violations of this section charged pursuant to a municipal ordinance, where the fine is paid on a partial or 3 4 installment basis, shall be deposited as follows: The first two hundred dollars (\$200) of the fine collected for any 5 6 conviction shall be deposited to the State Treasury with the 7 first one hundred dollars (\$100) collected for any conviction credited to the Alabama Chemical Testing Training and 8 Equipment Trust Fund and the second one hundred dollars (\$100) 9 10 for any conviction credited to the Impaired Drivers Trust Fund 11 after deducting five percent of the one hundred dollars (\$100) 12 for administrative costs and depositing this amount in the 13 general fund of the municipality. The second three hundred dollars (\$300) of the fine collected for a first conviction, 14 15 the second eight hundred dollars (\$800) collected for a second 16 conviction, the second one thousand eight hundred dollars 17 (\$1,800) collected for a third conviction, and the second three thousand eight hundred dollars (\$3,800) collected for a 18 fourth conviction shall be divided with 50 percent of the 19 funds collected to be deposited to the State Treasury to be 20 21 credited to the State General Fund and 50 percent deposited as 22 otherwise provided by law for municipal ordinance violations. 23 Any amounts collected over these amounts shall be deposited as 24 otherwise provided by law for municipal ordinance violations. 25 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 90 26 percent of any fine assessed and collected for any DUI offense 27 charged by municipal ordinance violation in district or

circuit court shall be computed only on the amount assessed
 over the minimum fine authorized, and upon collection shall be
 distributed to the municipal general fund with the remaining
 10 percent distributed to the State General Fund.

5 "(n) A person who has been arrested for violating 6 this section shall not be released from jail under bond or 7 otherwise, until there is less than the same percent by weight 8 of alcohol in his or her blood as specified in subsection 9 (a)(1) or, in the case of a person who is under the age of 21 10 years, subsection (b) hereof.

"(o) Upon verification that a defendant arrested pursuant to this section is currently on probation from another court of this state as a result of a conviction for any criminal offense, the prosecutor shall provide written or oral notification of the defendant's subsequent arrest and pending prosecution to the court in which the prior conviction occurred.

18 "(p) When any person over the age of 21 years is
19 convicted pursuant to this section and a child under the age
20 of 14 years was present in the vehicle at the time of the
21 offense, the defendant shall be sentenced to double the
22 minimum punishment that the person would have received if the
23 child had not been present in the motor vehicle.

24 "(q) A prior conviction within a five-year period
25 for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs from this
26 state, a municipality within this state, or another state or
27 territory or a municipality of another state or territory

1	shall be considered by a court for imposing a sentence
2	pursuant to this section.
3	"(p) Any prior conviction for an offense of driving
4	while impaired from this state, a municipality within this
5	state, or another state or territory or a municipality of
6	another state or territory, with or without the jurisdiction
7	having adopted the law of Alabama, so long as the offense was
8	in violation of the law in the respective jurisdiction,
9	including, but not limited to, the following offenses shall be
10	considered by a court for imposing a sentence pursuant to this
11	section:
12	" <u>(1) Driving while the blood alcohol level of the</u>
13	defendant was at or in excess of the legal limit imposed by
14	law of the jurisdiction in which the offense occurred at the
15	time the offense occurred.
16	"(2) Driving while under the influence of alcohol.
17	" <u>(3) Driving while under the influence of a</u>
18	controlled substance to a degree which renders him or her
19	incapable of safely driving.
20	"(4) Driving while under the combined influence of
21	alcohol and a controlled substance to a degree which renders
22	him or her incapable of safely driving.
23	" <u>(5)</u> Driving while under the influence of any
24	substance which impairs the mental or physical faculties of
25	such person to a degree which renders him or her incapable of
26	safely driving.

1 "(r) (q) Any person convicted of driving under the 2 influence of alcohol, or a controlled substance, or both, or any substance which impairs the mental or physical faculties 3 4 in violation of this section, a municipal ordinance adopting this section, or a similar law from another state or territory 5 or a municipality of another state or territory more than once 6 7 in a five-year period shall have his or her motor vehicle registration for all vehicles owned by the repeat offender 8 9 suspended by the Alabama Department of Revenue for the 10 duration of the offender's driver's license suspension period, unless such action would impose an undue hardship to any 11 12 individual, not including the repeat offender, who is 13 completely dependent on the motor vehicle for the necessities 14 of life, including any family member of the repeat offender 15 and any co-owner of the vehicle or, in the case of a repeat offender, if the repeat offender has a functioning ignition 16 17 interlock device installed on the designated vehicle for the duration of the offender's driver's license suspension period. 18

19 "(s)(r) Any person ordered by the court to have an 20 ignition interlock device installed on a designated vehicle 21 shall pay to the court, during the first four months his or 22 her license is suspended, seventy-five dollars (\$75) per 23 month, which shall be divided as follows:

24 "(1) Forty percent to the Alabama Interlock Indigent25 Fund.

26 "(2) Twenty-five percent to the court of 27 jurisdiction. 1

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"(3) Twenty percent to the Department of Public Safety.

3 "(4) Fifteen percent to the district attorney of 4 jurisdiction.

5 "(t)(s) The defendant shall designate the vehicle to 6 be used by identifying the vehicle by the vehicle 7 identification number to the court.

8 "(u)(t)(1) Any person who is required to comply with 9 the ignition interlock provisions of this section as a 10 condition of restoration or reinstatement of his or her 11 driver's license, shall only operate the designated vehicle 12 equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device for the 13 period of time consistent with the offense for which he or she 14 was convicted as provided for in this section.

15 "(2) The duration of the time an ignition interlock 16 device is required by this section shall be doubled if the 17 offender refused the prescribed chemical test for 18 intoxication, or if the offender's blood alcohol concentration 19 was 0.15 grams percent or greater.

"(v)(u)(1) The Department of Public Safety may set a 20 21 fee of not more than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for the 22 issuance of a driver's license indicating that the person's 23 driving privileges are subject to the condition of the 24 installation and use of a certified ignition interlock device on a motor vehicle. Fifteen percent of the fee shall be 25 26 distributed to the general fund of the county where the person 27 was convicted to be utilized for law enforcement purposes. In

addition, at the end of the time the person's driving privileges are subject to the above conditions, the department shall set a fee of not more than seventy-five dollars (\$75) to reissue a regular driver's license. The fee shall be deposited as provided in Sections 32-6-5, 32-6-6, and 32-6-6.1.

6 "(2) The defendant shall provide proof of 7 installation of an approved ignition interlock device to the 8 Department of Public Safety as a condition of the issuance of 9 a restricted driver's license.

10 "(3) Any ignition interlock driving violation 11 committed by the offender during the mandated ignition 12 interlock period shall extend the duration of ignition 13 interlock use for six months from the date of violation. 14 Ignition interlock driving violations include any of the 15 following:

16 "a. A breath sample at or above a minimum blood 17 alcohol concentration level of 0.02 recorded more than four 18 times during the monthly reporting period.

19 "b. Any tampering, circumvention, or bypassing of20 the ignition interlock device, or attempt thereof.

21 "c. Failure to comply with the servicing or 22 calibration requirements of the ignition interlock device 23 every 30 days.

"(w)(v) Nothing in this section and Section
32-5A-191.4 shall require an employer to install an ignition
interlock device in a vehicle owned or operated by the
employer for use by an employee required to use the device as

1 a condition of driving pursuant to this section and Section 2 32-5A-191.4."

3 Section 2. Section 32-6-19 of the Code of Alabama
4 1975, is amended to read as follows:

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"§32-6-19.

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"(a)(1) Any Except as otherwise provided in

7 subdivision (4), any person whose driver's or chauffeur's license issued in this or another state or whose driving 8 privilege as a nonresident has been cancelled, denied, 9 10 suspended, or revoked as provided in this article and who drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state while 11 12 his or her license or privilege is cancelled, denied, 13 suspended, or revoked shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and 14 upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than 15 one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), and in addition thereto may be imprisoned for not more 16 17 than 180 days. In addition to all fines, fees, costs, and punishments prescribed by law, there shall be imposed or 18 assessed an additional penalty of fifty dollars (\$50) to be 19 placed in the Traffic Safety Trust Fund and the Peace Officers 20 21 Standards and Training Fund. Also, at the discretion of the Director of Public Safety, the person's license may be revoked 22 23 for an additional revocation period of six months.

"(2) The additional penalty of fifty dollars (\$50)
shall be assessed in all criminal and quasi-criminal
proceedings in municipal, district, and circuit courts,
including, but not limited to, final bond forfeitures,

1 municipal ordinances violations, wherein the defendant is 2 adjudged guilty or pleads guilty and in all juvenile 3 delinquency and youthful offender adjudications.

4 "(3) If the fifty dollar (\$50) penalty required by
5 subdivision (1) is not imposed by the court, the clerk of the
6 court shall automatically assess it upon conviction.

7 "(4) In addition to the other penalties provided in
8 this subsection, upon a third or subsequent conviction of a
9 violation of this subsection, a person convicted of violating
10 this subsection shall be quilty of a Class A misdemeanor and
11 shall receive a minimum mandatory sentence of 30 days in jail.

12 "(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law, any 13 person who operates a motor vehicle upon the highways of this 14 state while his or her driver's license or driving privilege 15 is revoked for any reason under the laws of this state or similar laws of any other state or territory, or while his or 16 17 her driver's license or driving privilege is suspended as a consequence of a DUI-related offense, including, but not 18 limited to, being adjudicated delinguent or a youthful 19 offender based on a DUI-related offense, or while his or her 20 21 driver's license or driving privilege is suspended as a result 22 of failure to comply with the implied consent law of this 23 state or laws of another state, or who has been adjudicated a 24 delinquent child or a youthful offender based on an offense that if the person had been an adult would have been a 25 26 conviction of driving under the influence of a controlled substance or alcohol or failure to comply with the implied 27

1 consent law, shall be immediately removed from the vehicle. 2 The vehicle, regardless of ownership or possessory interest of the operator or person present in the vehicle, except when the 3 4 owner of the vehicle or another family member of the owner is present in the vehicle and presents a valid driver's license, 5 6 shall be impounded by any duly sworn law enforcement officer. 7 If there is an emergency or medical necessity jeopardizing life or limb, the law enforcement officer may elect not to 8 impound the vehicle. 9

10 "(c)(1) The law enforcement officer making the impoundment shall direct an approved towing service to tow the 11 12 vehicle to the garage of the towing service, storage lot, or 13 other place of safety and maintain custody and control of the 14 vehicle until the registered owner or authorized agent of the 15 registered owner claims the vehicle by paying all reasonable and customary towing and storage fees for the services of the 16 17 towing company. The vehicle shall then be released to the registered owner or an agent of the owner. 18

19 "(2) Any towing service or towing company removing the vehicle at the direction of the law enforcement officer in 20 21 accordance with this section shall have a lien on the motor 22 vehicle for all reasonable and customary fees relating to the 23 towing and storage of the motor vehicle. This lien shall be 24 subject and subordinate to all prior security interests and 25 other liens affecting the vehicle whether evidenced on the 26 certificate of title or otherwise. Notice of any sale or other 27 proceedings relative to this lien shall be given to the

holders of all prior security interest or other liens by official service of process at least 15 days prior to any sale or other proceedings."

4 Section 3. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 5 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further 6 7 requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of 8 the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the 9 10 bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an 11 existing crime.

12 Section 4. This act shall become effective on the 13 first day of the third month following its passage and 14 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.