- 1 SB251
- 2 147502-1
- 3 By Senator Ward
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 26-FEB-13

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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would give health care providers	
9		the following: The authority to refuse to perform	
10		or to participate in health care services that	
11		violate their conscience; immunity from civil,	
12		criminal, or administrative liability for refusing	
13		to provide or participate in a health care service	
14		that violates their conscience. This bill would	
15		declare it unlawful for any person to discriminate	
16		against health care providers for declining to	
17		participate in a health care service that violates	
18		their conscience. Further, the bill would provide	
19		for injunctive relief and back pay for violation.	
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21		A BILL	
22		TO BE ENTITLED	
23		AN ACT	
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25		Relating to health care, to allow health care	
26	providers	to decline to perform any health care service that	

- 1 violates their conscience and provide remedies for persons who
- exercise that right and suffer consequences as a result.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

- Section 1. This act may be known and cited as the
 Health Care Rights of Conscience Act.
 - Section 2. The Legislature finds and declares:
 - (1) It is the public policy of the State of Alabama to respect and protect the fundamental right of conscience of individuals who provide health care services.
 - (2) Without comprehensive protection, health care rights of conscience may be violated in various ways, such as harassment, demotion, salary reduction, termination, loss of privileges, denial of aid or benefits, and refusal to license, or refusal to certify.
 - (3) It is the purpose of this act to protect religious or ethical rights of all health care providers to decline to counsel, advise, provide, perform, assist, or participate in providing or performing certain health care services that violate their consciences, where they have made their objections known in writing.
 - (4) It is the purpose of this act to prohibit discrimination, disqualification, or coercion upon such health care providers who decline to perform any health care service that violates their conscience and who object in writing prior to being asked to perform such health care services.

Section 3. The following words and terms shall have
the meanings ascribed to them in this section, unless
otherwise required by their respective context:

- (1) CONSCIENCE. The religious, moral, or ethical principles held by a health care provider.
- (2) DISCRIMINATION. Discrimination includes, but is not limited to: Hiring, termination, refusal of staff privileges, refusal of board certification, demotion, loss of career specialty, reduction of wages or benefits, adverse treatment in the terms and conditions of employment, refusal to award any grant, contract, or other program, or refusal to provide residency training opportunities.
- (3) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER. Any individual who may be asked to participate in any way in a health care service, including, but not limited to: A physician, physician's assistant, nurse, nurse's aide, medical assistant, hospital employee, clinic employee, nursing home employee, pharmacist, researcher, medical or nursing school faculty, student, or employee, counselor, social worker, or any professional, paraprofessional, or any other person who furnishes or assists in the furnishing of health care services.
- (4) HEALTH CARE SERVICE. Any phase of patient medical care, treatment or procedure that is limited to abortion, human cloning, human embryonic stem cell research, and sterilization, and is related to: Patient referrals, counseling, therapy, testing, diagnosis or prognosis, research, instruction, prescribing, dispensing or

administering any device, drug, or medication, surgery, or any other care or treatment rendered or provided by health care providers. Health care service does not include notifying a member of a health care institution's management of a patient inquiry about obtaining a health care service that a health care provider believes may violate his or her conscience.

- (5) OBJECT IN WRITING. To provide advance notice in a signed written document to an authorized agent of his or her employer, board, or other oversight agency of a particular health care provider.
- (6) PARTICIPATE. To counsel, advise, provide, perform, assist in, refer for, admit for purposes of providing, or participate in providing, any health care service or any form of such service. Participate does not include compliance with a health care institution's policy and procedure which states that a health care provider must notify a member of the health care institution's management of a patient's inquiry about obtaining a health care service that the health care provider believes may violate his or her conscience.

Section 4. (a) A health care provider has the right not to participate, and no health care provider shall be required to participate, in a health care service that violates his or her conscience when the health care provider has objected in writing prior to being asked to provide such health care services.

(b) No health care provider shall be civilly, criminally, or administratively liable for declining to participate in a health care service that violates his or her conscience except when failure to do would immediately endanger the life of a patient.

- (c) No limitation of liability or exception in this act shall apply when any health care provider declines to participate in any health care service if the denial of the health care service will result in or hasten the death of the patient on the basis that extending the life of an elderly, disabled, or terminally ill patient is of less value than extending the life of a patient who is younger, not disabled, or not terminally ill.
- (d) It shall be unlawful for any person, health care provider, health care institution, public or private institution, public official, or any board which certifies competency in medical or health care specialties to discriminate against any health care provider in any manner based on his or her declining to participate in a health care service that violates his or her conscience, where the health care provider has made his or her objections known in writing. Provided further, students may be evaluated based on their understanding of course materials, but no student shall be required to perform a health care service or be penalized because he or she subscribes to a particular position on one or more of the four health care services.

Section 5. (a) An action for injunctive relief may
be brought for the violation of any provision of this act. It
shall not be a defense to any claim arising out of the
violation of this act that such violation was necessary to
prevent additional burden or expense on any other health care
provider or health care institution.

(b) The court in such action may award injunctive relief, including ordering reinstatement of a health care provider to his or her prior job position, back pay and costs of the action.

Section 6. Nothing in this act shall be construed to permit or require the violation of any Alabama statute, regulation, or other provision of law that regulates or provides rights, duties, obligations, or limitations related in any way to abortion.

Section 7. The provisions of this act shall not apply to health care institutions or employers who are licensed by the State of Board of Health as abortion clinics. Further, nothing in this act shall modify, amend, repeal, or supersede any provision of Section 6-5-333 of the Code of Alabama 1975, or any judicial interpretation thereof.

Section 8. If any part of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect parts or applications of this act which can be given effect without the invalid part or application and to this end, such invalid portions of this act are declared severable.

Section 9. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.