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- 3 By Representative England
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8 SYNOPSIS: Existing law does not authorize the criminal 9 record related to a charge to be sealed or expunged 10 if the person is found not guilty of a crime or if 11 the charges are dismissed or for a conviction 12 record to be sealed or expunged.

13 This bill would authorize a person charged or convicted of certain felony or misdemeanor 14 criminal offenses, a violation, or a traffic 15 violation to petition the court in which the 16 17 charges where filed or in which the conviction 18 occurred to have his or her records expunged, 19 including, but not limited to, arrest records, 20 fingerprints, photographs, or index references in 21 documentary or electronic form, relating to the 22 arrest or charge, or both, and conviction in 23 certain instances.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general

1 law whose purpose or effect would be to require a 2 new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local 3 4 governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of 5 specified exceptions; it is approved by the 6 7 affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to 8 the entity for the purpose. 9

10 Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama 11 of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the 12 Official Recompilation of the Constitution of 13 Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general 14 law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from 15 becoming effective with regard to a local 16 17 governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote 18 unless: it comes within one of a number of 19 specified exceptions; it is approved by the 20 affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates 21 funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to 22 the entity for the purpose.

24 A BILL
25 TO BE ENTITLED
26 AN ACT

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1 To authorize a person to petition a court to have 2 the record of certain felony or misdemeanor offenses, a violation, or traffic violations expunded in certain 3 4 instances; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 5 6 expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 7 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the 8 Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended. 9 10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 11 Section 1. (a) A person who has been charged with a 12 misdemeanor criminal offense, a violation, or a traffic 13 violation may file a petition in the court in the county or 14 municipality in which the charges were filed, or the court 15 that dismissed the charges, to expunge all records relating to the charge in any of the following circumstances: 16 17 (1) When the charge is dismissed with prejudice. (2) When the charge has been no billed by a grand 18 19 jury. 20 (3) When the person has been found not guilty of the 21 charge. (4) When the charge was dismissed without prejudice, 22 23 has not been refiled, and the person has not been convicted of 24 any other felony or misdemeanor crime, any violation, or any 25 traffic violation, excluding minor traffic violations, during

26 the previous two years.

Section 2. A person who has been convicted of a violation, a misdemeanor criminal offense, or a traffic violation may file a petition in the court in the county or municipality in which the charges were filed or the conviction entered to expunge all records relating to the conviction when all of the following circumstances exist:

7 (1) All probation or parole requirements have been8 completed.

9 (2) Three years have passed from the date of 10 conviction. If the conviction is for domestic violence in the 11 third degree, five years must have passed from the date of 12 conviction.

(3) The person has no conviction for a violent
felony offense. For purposes of this act, a violent felony
offense shall be defined as capital murder, murder,
manslaughter, rape in the first degree, sodomy in the first
degree, attempted murder, assault in the first degree, assault
in the second degree, robbery in the first degree, or robbery
in the second degree.

20 (4) The person has no conviction for a sexual21 offense involving a minor.

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(5) The person is not a convicted sex offender.

(6) The person was not operating a commercial motor
 vehicle which required the person to possess a commercial
 driver's license at the time of the violation which led to the
 conviction.

(7) The person was not convicted of any of the
 offenses enumerated in 49 C.F.R. Section 383.51.

3 Section 3. A person who has been charged with a 4 felony offense may file a petition in the court in the county 5 or municipality in which the charges were filed, or the court 6 that dismissed the charges, to expunge all records relating to 7 the charge in any of the following circumstances:

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(1) When the charge is dismissed with prejudice.

9 (2) When the charge has been no billed by a grand 10 jury.

11 (3) When the person has been found not guilty of the 12 charge.

(4) The charge was dismissed after successful
 completion of a drug court program, mental health court
 program, diversion program, or any court-approved deferred
 prosecution program.

17 (5) The charge was dismissed without prejudice, has 18 not been refiled, and the person has not been convicted of any 19 other felony or misdemeanor crime, any violation, or any 20 traffic violation, excluding minor traffic violations, during 21 the previous five years.

22 Section 4. (a) A petition filed under this act shall 23 include a sworn statement made by the person seeking 24 expungement under the penalty of perjury stating that the 25 person has satisfied the requirements set out in Section 1, 2, 26 or 3. 1 (b) A petitioner shall serve the prosecuting 2 authority a copy of the petition and the sworn affidavit. The prosecuting authority shall notify the victim of the petition 3 4 and the victim's right to object. The prosecuting authority shall have a period of 45 days to file a written objection to 5 6 the granting of the petition or the prosecuting authority will 7 be deemed to have consented to the granting of the petition. The prosecuting authority shall serve the petitioner or the 8 petitioner's counsel a copy of the written objection. 9

10 Section 5. (a) An administrative assessment fee of 11 six hundred dollars (\$600) shall be paid at the time the 12 petition is filed. The administrative fee shall be distributed 13 as follows:

14 (1) Three hundred dollars (\$300) to the Fair Trial
15 Tax Fund.

16 (2) Seventy-five dollars (\$75) to the district
17 attorney's office or municipal attorney's office that is the
18 prosecuting authority in the case to be expunged.

(3) One hundred dollars (\$100) to the clerk's office
of the circuit, district, or municipal court for the court
having jurisdiction over the matter, for the use and benefit
of the circuit, district, or municipal court clerk.

23 (4) Twenty-five dollars (\$25) to the Alabama Crime
24 Victim's Compensation Commission.

25 (5) One hundred dollars (\$100) to the Alabama
26 Department of Public Safety.

1 (b) A person seeking relief under this act may apply 2 for indigent status by completing an Affidavit of Substantial 3 Hardship and Order which shall be submitted with the petition. 4 If the court finds the petitioner is indigent, the court may 5 set forth a payment plan for the petitioner to satisfy the 6 filing fee over a period of time.

7 Section 6. (a) If the prosecuting authority or victim files an objection to the granting of a petition under 8 9 Section 5, the court having jurisdiction over the matter shall set a date for a hearing. The court shall notify the 10 prosecuting authority and the petitioner of the hearing date. 11 12 The prosecuting authority shall produce the petitioner's 13 criminal history at the hearing. In the discretion of the 14 court, the court may consider the following factors:

15 (1) Nature and seriousness of the offense committed.
16 (2) Circumstances under which the offense occurred.
17 (3) Date of the offense.

18 (4) Age of the person when the offense was19 committed.

20 (5) Whether the offense was an isolated or repeated21 incident.

(6) Social conditions which may have contributed tothe offense.

24 (7) An available probation or parole record, report,25 or recommendation.

26 (8) Evidence of rehabilitation, including good
 27 conduct in prison or jail, in the community, counseling or

psychiatric treatment received, acquisition of additional academic or vocational schooling, successful business or employment history, and the recommendation of his or her supervisors or other persons in the community.

5 (b) A hearing under subsection (a) shall be 6 conducted in a manner prescribed by the trial judge and shall 7 include oral argument and review of relevant documentation in 8 support of, or in objection to, the granting of the petition. 9 The Alabama Rules of Evidence shall apply to the hearing. 10 Leave of the court shall be obtained for the taking of witness 11 testimony relating to any disputed fact.

12 (c) The court shall grant the petition if it is 13 reasonably satisfied from the evidence that the petitioner has 14 complied with and satisfied the requirements of Section 1, 2, 15 or 3. The court shall have discretion over the number of cases that may be expunded pursuant to this act after the first case 16 17 is expunded. The ruling of the court shall be subject to certiorari review and shall not be reversed absent a showing 18 of an abuse of discretion. 19

(d) If no objection to a petition is filed by the prosecuting authority or victim, the court having jurisdiction over the matter may rule on the merits of the petition without setting the matter for hearing. In such cases, the court shall grant the petition if it is reasonably satisfied from the evidence that the petitioner has complied with and satisfied the requirements of Section 1, 2, or 3. The court shall have

discretion over the number of cases that may be expunded
 pursuant to this act after the first case is expunded.

Section 7. (a) Upon the granting of a petition 3 4 pursuant to Section 1 or 3, the court shall order the destruction of all records in the custody of the court and any 5 6 records in the custody of any other agency or official, 7 including law enforcement records. On the effective date of this act and for 18 months thereafter, every agency with 8 9 records relating to the arrest, charge, or other matters 10 arising out of the arrest or charge that is ordered to destroy the records shall certify to the court within 180 days of the 11 12 entry of the expungement order that the required expungement 13 action has been completed.

(b) Eighteen months after the effective date of this act, every agency with records relating to the arrest, charge, or other matters arising out of the arrest or charge that is ordered to destroy the records shall certify to the court within 60 days of the entry of the expungement order that the required expungement action has been completed.

(c) After the expungement of records pursuant to 20 21 subsection (a), the proceedings regarding the charge shall be deemed never to have occurred. The court and other agencies 22 23 shall reply to any inquiry that no record exists on the 24 matter. The petitioner whose record was expunded shall not 25 have to disclose the fact of the record or any matter relating thereto on an application for employment, credit, or other 26 27 type of application.

1 Section 8. (a) Upon the granting of a petition 2 pursuant to Section 2, the court shall order that all records in the custody of the court and any records in the custody of 3 any other agency or official, including law enforcement 4 records, be sealed and removed from public disclosure. On the 5 effective date of this act and for 18 months thereafter, every 6 7 agency with records relating to the arrest, charge, or other matters arising out of the arrest or charge that is ordered to 8 seal records shall certify to the court within 180 days of the 9 10 entry of the expungement order that the required expungement action has been completed. 11

(b) Eighteen months after the effective date of this act, every agency with records relating to the arrest, charge, or other matters arising out of the arrest or charge that is ordered to seal records shall certify to the court within 60 days of the entry of the expungement order that the required expungement action has been completed.

(c) After the sealing of the records pursuant to 18 subsection (a), the proceedings regarding the charge shall be 19 deemed never to have occurred. The court and other agencies 20 21 shall reply to any inquiry that no record exists on the 22 matter. The petitioner whose record was sealed shall not have 23 to disclose the fact of the record or any matter relating 24 thereto on an application for employment, credit, or other 25 type of application.

(d) Inspection of the expunded records may be
 permitted by the court only upon an application by the person

1 who is the subject of the records and only to those persons 2 directed to receive the information in the application except for those circumstances provided for in this section. The 3 4 prosecuting authority may inspect the expunged records for any legitimate law enforcement or prosecutorial purpose, without 5 6 requirement of notice or judicial process. A defendant may 7 move the court having jurisdiction over that defendant's case to allow inspection by the defendant of the records of a 8 witness against the defendant to determine if that witness has 9 10 had any records expunged or to require the prosecuting authority to provide all expunged records of its witnesses to 11 12 the defendant. Information contained in the expunded records 13 cannot be used by the prosecuting authority or the defendant 14 in future proceedings without approval of the court having 15 jurisdiction over the matter and only after the court has sufficiently notified the person who is the subject of the 16 17 records and conducted a hearing on the matter prior to the hearing or trial in which the records are sought to be used. 18 The admission of those records in any proceeding shall be 19 subject to the Alabama Rules of Evidence. 20

21 Section 9. For purposes of this act, the term record 22 includes, but is not limited to, all of the following: 23

(1) Arrest records.

24 (2) Booking or arrest photographs of the petitioner. (3) Index references such as SJICS or any other 25 26 governmental index references for public records search.

1 (4) Other data, whether in documentary or electronic 2 form, relating to the arrest, charge, or other matters arising 3 out of the arrest or charge or relating to the conviction or 4 other matters arising out of the conviction.

5 Section 10. Nothing in this act shall prohibit a law 6 enforcement agency or official or a prosecuting authority or 7 the Alabama Department of Forensic Sciences from maintaining 8 an investigative file, which may include evidence, biological 9 evidence photographs, exhibits, or information in documentary 10 or electronic form.

11 Section 11. No order of expungement shall be granted 12 unless all court ordered restitution is paid in full, 13 including interest, to any victim, or the Alabama Crime 14 Victim's Compensation Commission, as well as court costs, 15 fines, or statutory fees ordered by the sentencing court to 16 have been paid, absent a finding of indigency by the court.

17 Section 12. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 18 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further 19 20 requirements and application under Amendment 621, now 21 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of 22 the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the 23 bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an 24 existing crime.

25 Section 13. This act shall become effective on the 26 first day of the third month following its passage and 27 approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.