- 1 HB90
- 2 134098-1
- By Representatives Greer, Johnson (W), Williams (D), Henry,
- 4 Johnson (K) and Rich
- 5 RFD: Commerce and Small Business
- 6 First Read: 07-FEB-12
- 7 PFD: 02/02/2012

1	134098-1:n	:09/27/2011:JET/th LRS2011-4408
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, secondary metals
9		recyclers must maintain certain records relating to
10		all purchase transactions of ferrous or nonferrous
11		metals, including copper. Also under existing law,
12		a secondary metals recycler is subject to certain
13		criminal penalties for the failure to comply with
14		the record-keeping requirements, as well as other
15		laws regulating the sale of these metals.
16		This bill would require certain persons
17		selling nonferrous metals, as well as secondary
18		metals recyclers purchasing nonferrous metals, to
19		obtain a permit from the sheriff of the county in
20		which the secondary metals recycler's business is
21		located, and would provide for a fee for the
22		issuance of a permit to secondary metals recyclers.
23		This bill would create criminal penalties
24		for obtaining a permit for the purpose of
25		transporting or selling stolen nonferrous metals,

as well as criminal penalties for transporting,

selling, or purchasing nonferrous metals without a permit.

This bill would restrict the business hours of secondary metals recyclers and would require secondary metals recyclers to post certain notification regarding permitting requirements of sellers of metal property.

This bill would require a secondary metals recycler to maintain additional records relating to the purchase of ferrous and nonferrous metals, including a photocopy of the check used to purchase the metal property, a photocopy of the personal identification card of the person selling the metal property, and a photograph of the metal property.

This bill would provide that cash payments for nonferrous metals could not be made earlier than 24 hours after the metal property is provided to the secondary metals recycler.

This bill would provide criminal penalties for cutting, mutilating, defacing, or otherwise injuring real or personal property for the purpose of obtaining nonferrous metals.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a

new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

17 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

19 AN ACT

2.2

Relating to secondary metals recyclers; to add

Section 13A-8-30.1 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to authorize a

permitting process for secondary metals recyclers and sellers

of nonferrous metals; to provide for criminal penalties for

transporting, selling, or purchasing nonferrous metals without

a permit; to restrict business hours of secondary metals

recyclers and to require certain notification; to amend

Section 13A-8-31, Code of Alabama 1975, to require secondary metals recyclers to maintain additional records relating to the purchase of ferrous and nonferrous metals; to limit cash payments for metal property to certain time frames; to amend Section 13A-8-37, Code of Alabama 1975, to provide for criminal penalties for transporting, selling, or purchasing nonferrous metals without a permit; to provide criminal penalties for obtaining a permit for the purpose of transporting or selling stolen nonferrous metals; to provide criminal penalties for cutting, mutilating, defacing, or otherwise injuring real or personal property for the purpose of obtaining nonferrous metals; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Section 13A-8-30.1 is added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

\$13A-8-30.1.

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(a) For purposes of this section, fixed site means any site occupied by a secondary metals recycler as the owner of the site or as a lessee of the site under a lease or other rental agreement providing for occupation of the site by a secondary metals recycler for a total duration of not less than 364 days.

- (b) (1) A secondary metals recycler shall obtain a

  permit to purchase nonferrous metals from the sheriff of the

  county in which each of the secondary metals recycler's fixed

  sites are located. The sheriff shall issue the permit to the

  secondary metals recycler if the secondary metals recycler:
  - a. Has a fixed site located in the sheriff's county.
  - b. Declares on a form provided by the sheriff that the secondary metals recycler is informed of and will comply with the provisions of this section.
  - (2) The sheriff may charge and retain a two hundred dollar (\$200) fee for the permit. The sheriff shall keep a record of all permits issued under this subsection containing, at a minimum, the following information:
    - a. Date of issuance.

- b. Name and address of the permit holder.
- (3) The permit is valid for 24 months.
- (c) (1) A person other than a holder of a retail license, an authorized wholesaler, a contractor licensed under the laws of this state, or a gas, electric, communications, water, plumbing, electrical, or climate conditioning service provider, who transports or sells nonferrous metals to a secondary metals recycler shall obtain a permit to transport and sell nonferrous metals from the sheriff of the county in which the person resides or where the business entity is located. If the person is not a resident of or the entity is not located in this state, the person shall obtain a permit to transport and sell nonferrous metals from the sheriff of the

- county in which the secondary metals recycler purchasing the nonferrous metals is located. The sheriff shall issue the
- 3 permit to the person if both of the following are satisfied:
- a. The person resides or the entity is located in
  the sheriff's county, or, if the person is not a resident of
  or the entity is not located in this state, the secondary
  metals recycler purchasing the nonferrous metals is located in
  - b. The person declares on a form provided by the sheriff that the person or entity is informed of and will comply with this section.
    - (2) The sheriff may not charge a fee for the permit. The sheriff shall keep a record of all permits issued pursuant to this subsection containing, at a minimum, the following information:
      - a. Date of issuance.

the sheriff's county.

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- b. The name and address of the permit holder.
- 18 c. A photocopy of the permit holder's identification.
- 20 d. The license plate number of the permit holder's 21 motor vehicle.
  - e. The permit holder's photograph.
  - (3) The permit is valid for 12 months. If a person only sells or transports nonferrous metals a maximum of two times in a 12-month period, the person can obtain a 48-hour permit from the sheriff's office pursuant to this subsection, except that the person shall only be required to call the

- sheriff's office, provide the required information, and obtain a permit number. A person may only request such a permit two times in a 12-month period.
  - (d) A secondary metals recycler shall prominently display a 20-inch by 30-inch sign in the secondary metals recycler's fixed site that states: "No nonferrous metals, including copper, may be purchased by a secondary metals recycler from a seller unless the seller is a holder of a retail license, an authorized wholesaler, a contractor licensed under the laws of this state, a gas, electric, communications, water, plumbing, electrical, or climate conditioning service provider, or the seller presents the seller's valid permit to transport and sell nonferrous metals issued pursuant to the laws of this state."
    - (e) A secondary metals recycler shall not engage in the purchase or sale of metal property between the hours of 9 p.m. and 6 a.m.
    - Section 2. Sections 13A-8-31 and 13A-8-37, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
- 20 "\$13A-8-31.

- "(a) A secondary metals recycler shall maintain a legible record of all purchase transactions of ferrous or nonferrous metals that have served their original economic purpose to which the secondary metals recycler is a party. The record shall include all of the following information:
- "(1) The name and address of the secondary metals recycler.

"(2) The date of the transaction.

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- 2 "(3) The weight, quantity, or volume and a description of the type of metal property purchased in a 3 purchase transaction. For purposes of this subdivision, the term type of metal property shall include a general physical 6 description, such as wire, tubing, extrusions, or casting.
  - "(4) The amount of consideration given in a purchase transaction for the metal property, including a photocopy of the check written for the purchase transaction.
  - "(5) A signed statement from the person receiving consideration in the purchase transaction stating that he or she is the rightful owner of the metal property or is entitled to sell the metal property being sold.
  - "(6) The name and address of the person delivering the metal property to the secondary metals recycler.
  - "(7) The distinctive number from, and type of, A photocopy of the personal identification card of the person delivering the metal property to the secondary metals recycler.
  - "(8) The vehicle license tag number, state of issue, and the type of vehicle, if available, used to deliver the metal property to the secondary metals recycler. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "type of vehicle" shall mean an automobile, pickup truck, van, or truck.
    - "(9) A photograph of the metal property purchased.
  - "(b) The secondary metals recycler shall not enter into any cash transactions in excess of one hundred dollars

1 (\$100) for copper or in excess of one thousand dollars 2 (\$1,000) for all other metals in payment for the purchase of the metal property. Payment shall be made by check issued to 3 the seller of the metal. The check shall be payable to the name and address of the seller of the metal and mailed to the 5 recorded address of the seller or picked up in person by the 6 7 seller. The secondary metals recycler, at his or her discretion, may make payment by either cash or check for 8 transactions of one hundred dollars (\$100) or less for copper 9 or one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less for all other metals. 10 11 Cash payments for nonferrous metals may be made no earlier 12 than 24 hours after the property is provided to the secondary 13 metals recycler.

"(c) A secondary metals recycler shall maintain or cause to be maintained the information required by subsection (a) for not less than two years from the date of the purchase transaction.

"\$13A-8-37.

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- "(a) Any person selling metal property to a secondary metals recycler in violation of this article shall be guilty of:
- "(1) A Class A misdemeanor if the value of the transaction or transactions in an aggregate amount is less than five hundred dollars (\$500).
- "(2) A Class C felony if the value of the transaction or transactions in an aggregate amount exceeds

five hundred dollars (\$500), but does not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) in value.

- transaction or transactions in an aggregate amount exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- "(b) At the time of sentencing of any person convicted under this article, the court may order restitution.
- "(c) Any secondary metals recycler who knowingly and intentionally engages in any practice which constitutes a violation of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, provided that if a secondary metals recycler knowingly and intentionally engages in a pattern of practices which constitutes a violation of this article and the transactions included in this pattern are in an aggregate amount which exceeds five hundred dollars (\$500), the secondary metals recycler shall be guilty of a Class C felony.
- "(d) Any person that purchases nonferrous metals in any amount from a seller that does not have the required permit pursuant to Section 13A-8-30.1, with the intent to resell the nonferrous metals in any amount to a secondary metals recycler, shall be quilty of a Class C felony.
- "(e) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2), any person that transports nonferrous metals in a vehicle or has nonferrous metals in his or her possession in a vehicle on the highways of this state shall be quilty of the following:
  - "a. A Class C misdemeanor for a first offense.
  - "b. A Class B misdemeanor for a second offense.

1	"c. A Class A misdemeanor for a third or subsequent
2	offense within a period of 10 years preceding the date of the
3	<u>last offense.</u>
4	"(2) Subdivision (1) does not apply to the following
5	persons:
6	"a. A person that is not required to obtain a valid
7	permit to transport and sell nonferrous metals pursuant to
8	<u>Section 13A-8-30.1.</u>
9	"b. A person that presents a valid permit to
10	transport and sell nonferrous metals issued pursuant to
11	<u>Section 13A-8-30.1.</u>
12	"c. A person that presents a valid bill of sale for
13	the nonferrous metals.
14	"(f) Any person that transports nonferrous metals in
15	a vehicle that the person knows are stolen or has in his or
16	her possession in a vehicle nonferrous metals that the person
17	knows are stolen and does any of the following is quilty of a
18	<pre>Class B felony:</pre>
19	(1) Operates a vehicle used in the ordinary course
20	of business to transport the nonferrous metals.
21	(2) Presents a valid or falsified permit to
22	transport and sell nonferrous metals.
23	(3) Presents a valid or falsified bill of sale for
24	nonferrous metals.
25	"(q) Any person that obtains a permit to transport
26	and sell nonferrous metals pursuant to Section 13A-8-30.1 for

1	the purpose of transporting or selling stolen nonferrous
2	metals is quilty of a Class C felony.
3	"(h) Any person that wilfully and maliciously cuts,
4	mutilates, defaces, or otherwise injures any personal or real
5	property, including any fixtures or improvements, for the
6	purpose of obtaining nonferrous metals shall be quilty of the
7	<pre>following:</pre>
8	"(1) A Class A misdemeanor if the direct injury to
9	the property, the amount of loss in value to the property, the
10	amount of repairs necessary to return the property to its
11	condition before the unlawful act, or the property loss,
12	including fixtures or improvements is five hundred dollars
13	<u>(\$500) or less.</u>
14	"(2) A Class C felony if the direct injury to the
15	property, the amount of loss in value to the property, the
16	amount of repairs necessary to return the property to its
17	condition before the unlawful act, or the property loss,
18	including fixtures or improvements exceeds five hundred
19	dollars (\$500), but is less than two thousand five hundred
20	<u>dollars (\$2,500).</u>
21	"(3) A Class B felony if the direct injury to the
22	property, the amount of loss in value to the property, the
23	amount of repairs necessary to return the property to its
24	condition before the unlawful act, or the property loss,
25	including fixtures or improvements is two thousand five
26	hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more."

Section 3. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 4. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and

approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.