- 1 SB48
- 2 133693-4
- 3 By Senators Orr and Holtzclaw
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation General Fund
- 5 First Read: 07-FEB-12
- 6 PFD: 10/13/2011

1	SB48
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4	<u>ENGROSSED</u>
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7	A BILL
8	TO BE ENTITLED
9	AN ACT
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11	To amend Section 40-18-194, Code of Alabama 1975,
12	relating to an income tax capital credit for qualifying
13	projects of new businesses and business expansions; to allow
14	for an extension of the time period in which certain capital
15	credits may be claimed and will also allow the credit to be
16	carried forward from one (1) to four (4) years depending upon
17	the amount of the capital costs of the project.
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
19	Section 1. Section 40-18-194, Code of Alabama 1975,
20	is amended to read as follows:
21	"§40-18-194.
22	"(a) The Legislature recognizes that a substantial
23	number of businesses are organized as limited liability
24	companies, partnerships, and other types of business entities
25	and that certain business entities, organized as corporations,
26	elect to be treated as "S" corporations under federal and

state tax laws, and that it is essential that the capital credit amount shall be available on a pass-through basis in the manner hereinafter provided.

- "(b) Each investing company, or its shareholders, partners, members, owners, or beneficiaries shall be entitled to the capital credit for each tax year of an investing company with respect to which a capital credit is provided pursuant to this article. The capital credit shall be allowed as follows:
- "(1) The owner of an investing company which is a proprietorship shall receive a credit against the individual income tax levied by Section 40-18-5 that otherwise would be owed to the state in any year by the owner with respect to the income of the investing company generated by or arising out of the qualifying project.
- "(2) An investing company which is an Alabama C corporation as defined in Section 40-18-160, or which is an Alabama S corporation and which is subject to taxation under Section 40-18-174, or Section 40-18-175, shall receive a credit against the corporate income tax levied by Section 40-18-31 or by Section 40-18-174 or Section 40-18-175, that otherwise would be owed to the state in any year by the investing company with respect to the income generated by or arising out of the qualifying project.
- "(3) The shareholders of an investing company which is an Alabama S corporation as defined in Section 40-18-160,

and whose taxable income is subject to determination under Section 40-18-161, each shall receive a credit against the individual income tax levied by Section 40-18-5 that otherwise would be owed to the state in any year by each shareholder of the investing company with respect to income of the investing company generated by or arising out of the qualifying project.

- "(4) The partners, members, or owners of an investing company, the income of which is subject to taxation under Section 40-18-24, each shall receive a credit against the corporate income tax levied by Section 40-18-31, or against the individual income tax levied by Section 40-18-5, whichever is applicable to each such partner, member, or owner that otherwise would be owed to the state in any year by each partner, member, or owner of the investing company with respect to income of the investing company generated by or arising out of the qualifying project.
- "(5) An investing company which is a trust or estate having income subject to taxation under Section 40-18-25(c) shall receive a credit against the income tax levied by Section 40-18-5 that otherwise would be owed to the state in any year by the investing company on the income generated by or arising out of the qualifying project.
- "(6) The beneficiaries of an investing company which is a trust or estate the income of which is subject to taxation under Section 40-18-25(d) each shall receive a credit against the corporate income tax levied by Section 40-18-31,

or against the individual income tax levied by Section 40-18-5, whichever is applicable to each such beneficiary, that otherwise would be owed to the state in any year by each beneficiary of the investing company with respect to income of the investing company generated by or arising out of the qualifying project.

"(7) A shareholder, partner, member, owner, or beneficiary which is eligible to receive a credit under subdivision (3), (4), or (6) of this subsection and which is an Alabama S corporation, or which has income which is subject to taxation under Section 40-18-24 or Section 40-18-25(d), solely for purposes of the application of this subsection, shall be treated as though the shareholder, partner, member, owner, or beneficiary were also an investing company.

"(8)a. An investing company which is a financial institution as defined in Section 40-16-1 shall receive a credit against the financial institution excise tax levied by Section 40-16-4 that otherwise would be owed to the state in any year by the investing company with respect to the income generated by or arising out of the qualifying project which is a data processing center, is a headquarters facility, or is described in the 2007 North American Industry Classification System National Industry 561422 (other than establishments that originate telephone calls). To receive the capital credit authorized by this paragraph (8)a., Section 40-18-193 shall be complied with. Further, the financial institution must be the

investing company or it must own, directly or indirectly, at least 50 percent of the investing company. If the financial institution is a shareholder, partner, member, owner, or beneficiary of an investing company which is not itself subject to taxation, the financial institution shall be entitled to a capital credit corresponding to its relative ownership interest in the investing company, subject to the 50 percent ownership requirement of the immediately preceding sentence.

"b. In making the report required by Section 40-16-6(d), a financial institution receiving the capital credit authorized in paragraph (8)a. shall not take into account the qualifying project.

"(9) The capital credit allowed under this subsection for any tax year of an investing company shall not exceed the aggregate amount which otherwise would be due from the investing company, its shareholders, partners, members, owners, or beneficiaries to the state in tax with respect to the income of the investing company generated by or arising out of the qualifying project, determined after the application of all other deductions, losses, or credits permitted under Titles 40 and 41, for the taxable year, and determined by applying the maximum rate applicable to individuals under Section 40-18-5, or the rate applicable to financial institutions under Section 40-16-4, as the case may

be. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the capital credit allowed under this subsection shall not exceed 60 percent of the aggregate amount which would otherwise be due from the investing company, in the case of a qualifying project for the production of electricity from coal gasification or liquefaction or advanced fossil-based generation, as such terms are defined in Section 40-18-1, or hydropower production, or 80 percent of the aggregate amount which would otherwise be due, in the case of a qualifying project described in Section 40-18-190(a)(13)e which produces electricity from any other type of alternative energy resource.

"(10) a. In Except as provided in subsection b.

below, in no event may any amount described in this subsection
be carried forward or back by any investing company,
shareholders, partners, members, owners, or beneficiaries with
respect to a prior or subsequent year.

"b. If the qualifying project has capital costs of at least one hundred million dollars and provides not less than one hundred jobs for new employees, the capital credit may be carried forward for a maximum of four (4) taxable years, depending on the amount of capital costs. Amounts described in this subsection may only be carried forward by any investing company, shareholders, partners, members, owners, or beneficiaries as follows:

1	"(1) If the capital costs are at least four hundred			
2	million dollars, the capital credit may be carried forward for			
3	a maximum of four (4) taxable years.			
4	"(2) If the capital costs are at least three hundred			
5	million dollars but less than four hundred million dollars,			
6	the capital credit may be carried forward for a maximum of			
7	three (3) taxable years.			
8	"(3) If the capital costs are at least two hundred			
9	million dollars but less than three hundred million dollars,			
10	the capital credit may be carried forward for a maximum of two			
11	(2) taxable years.			
12	"(4) If the capital costs are at least one hundred			
13	million dollars but less than two hundred million dollars, the			
14	capital credit may be carried forward for a maximum of one (1)			
15	<pre>taxable year.</pre>			
16	"(5) If the capital costs are less than one hundred			
17	million dollars, the capital credit may not be carried			
18	forward.			
19	"c. Any provisions of the law to the contrary			
20	notwithstanding any entity described in subsection b. may			
21	delay the initial utilization of the capital credit for up to			
22	three years after the qualifying project is placed in service,			
23	after which time the twenty year period for the credit shall			
24	<pre>begin.</pre>			
25	"(11) Any shareholder, partner, member, owner, or			
26	beneficiary of an investing company may elect annually to use			

his or her allowable portion of the tax credit created by this article as a nonrefundable estimated tax payment against his or her individual income tax liability. If a taxpayer makes an annual election to use the aforementioned credit as a nonrefundable estimated payment, the taxpayer shall compute the amount of the credit as though it were a credit, subject to all the requirements and limitations provided by law for the credit, but shall use the amount computed as a nonrefundable estimated payment and shall not use the same amount as a credit. In no event shall this provision be construed to allow the credit or nonrefundable estimated tax payment to expand the 20-year limitation of the credit or estimated tax payment. In no event shall a credit used as nonrefundable estimated payment exceed the amount that would be available if the credit were not used as a nonrefundable estimate payment.

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"(c) The amendments made to this section by Act 2008-275 shall be effective for tax years and periods beginning after December 31, 2011."

Section 2. This act shall become effective for all qualifying projects for which a project agreement has been entered into prior to December 31, 2011, but which have not been placed in service as of December 31, 2011, and for all qualifying projects for which a project agreement is entered into on or after December 31, 2011, following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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3	Senate	
4 5 6 7	Read for the first time and referred to the Senate committee on Finance and Taxation General Fund	0.7-FEB-12
8 9 10	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar	0.8-FEB-12
11 12	Read for the third time and passed as amended	1.4-FEB-12
13 14	Yeas 32 Nays 0	
15 16 17 18 19	Patrick Harris Secretary	