- 1 HB617
- 2 117880-2
- 3 By Representative Hall
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 23-FEB-10

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8 SYNOPSIS:

There is currently no kinship guardianship or kinship guardianship subsidy law in Alabama. The federal Fostering Connections and Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008 (P.L. 110-351) established kinship guardianship as a permanency option for children qualifying for federal Title IV-E funding and provided for kinship guardianship subsidy payments for relatives granted guardianship of relative children in foster care where certain requirements are met.

This bill establishes the legislative intent and purposes for kinship guardianship and kinship guardianship subsidy; provides for kinship guardianship subsidy definitions; establishes a kinship guardianship subsidy program; provides eligibility requirements for kinship guardianship subsidy payments; provides for the amount of the subsidy payments; provides for the duration of the subsidy; provides for the administration of the program by a written agreement between the

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Department of Human Resources and the kinship quardian; provides for an annual review; provides that subsidy is not a countable resource for public assistance programs; provides for the adoption of rules by the Department of Human Resources; amends Section 12-15-301 of the Code of Alabama 1975, the Alabama Juvenile Justice Act, and provides for definitions; amends Section 12-15-314 of the Code of Alabama 1975, the Alabama Juvenile Justice Act, to provide procedures for appointment of a kinship quardian; provides for payment of child support by parents, legal guardians, or legal custodians who are able to do so; provides for the revocation and modification of kinship quardianships; provides for rights and duties of kinship guardians; provides for the authority of kinship quardians for school and non-school related activities; provides for medical and mental health authority for kinship quardians; amends Section 12-15-315 of the Code of Alabama 1975, the Alabama Juvenile Justice Act, to provide for the appointment of a kinship quardianship as a permanent plan alternative; amends Section 38-12-2, Code of Alabama 1975, to provide for definitions and eligibility consistent with this bill; and amends Section 38-12-4, Code of Alabama 1975, to require that kinship foster parents meet all program and funding requirements.

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2	A BILL
3	TO BE ENTITLED
4	AN ACT
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6	To establish a kinship guardianships; to establish a
7	kinship guardianship subsidy program; to provide legislative
8	intent and purpose; to set procedures for establishing kinship
9	guardianships and legal authority of kinship guardians; and to
10	amend Sections 12-15-301, 12-15-314, 12-15-315, 38-12-2, and
11	38-12-4, Code of Alabama 1975.
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
13	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Alabama
14	Kinship Guardianship Subsidy Act."
15	Section 2. (a) The Legislature finds and declares
16	the following:
17	(1) There exists in this state a number of children
18	who cannot reside with their parents, legal guardians, or
19	legal custodians because of such parents', legal guardians',
20	or custodians' incapacity or inability to perform the regular
21	and expected functions of care and support of the children and
22	family care and who thereby come to the attention of juvenile
23	court and into the care and custody of the Department of Human
24	Resources.
25	(2) An increasing number of relatives, including
26	grandparents, find themselves wanting to provide care to
27	related foster children on a long-term basis to prevent the

children from remaining in foster care with unrelated
caregivers yet these relatives are either unable or unwilling
to seek termination of the legal relationships between the
parent and the child, particularly when it is the caregiver's
own child or sibling who is the parent.

- (3) It is in the public interest to support legal guardianship assistance that addresses the needs of the children and caregivers in long-term kinship relationships by providing financial assistance to help relatives bear the long-term costs of child care and support for children outside the foster care system.
- (4) It is in the public interest to create a new type of legal guardianship that addresses the needs of children in the legal custody of the Department of Human Resources and to establish long-term legal relationships with relatives and place children out of the foster care system.
- (5) The purposes of kinship guardianships include the following:
- a. Establish procedures to effect a legal relationship between a child in the legal custody of the Department of Human Resources and a kinship guardian when the child is not residing with either parent, a legal guardian, or a legal custodian and to terminate legal custody with the department.
- b. Provide a child in the legal custody of the Department of Human Resources with a stable and consistent long-term relationship with a kinship guardian that will

enable the child to develop physically, mentally, and
emotionally to the maximum extent possible when the parents,
legal guardians, or legal custodians of the child are not
willing or able to do so.

- c. Establish a permanent placement alternative to a child remaining in the legal custody of the Department of Human Resources under juvenile court supervision in situations where the child cannot be reunited with the parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian, and other persons are not interested in pursuing adoption.
- d. Establish a new legal relationship which is permanent during the minority of the child and not subject to modification or revocation merely for a material change in circumstances which has occurred since the order granting the kinship guardianship was entered, but also that the change would materially promote the child's best interest and welfare, and that the positive good brought about by the change would more than offset the inherently disruptive effect caused by uprooting the child.
- e. Establish a kinship guardianship subsidy program to help kinship guardians bear the cost of providing care for their relatives' children outside the foster care system with available federal funds and funds made available from other sources.
- Section 3. As used in this act, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- 1 (1) CAREGIVER. An individual 21 years of age or
  2 older, other than a child's parent, legal guardian, or legal
  3 custodian who is an approved foster parent, who is a relative
  4 of the child and who has been providing care and support for
  5 the child while the child has been residing in the caregiver's
  6 home for at least the last six consecutive months while in the
  - (2) CHILD. An individual under 18 years of age who is in foster care with the caregiver and over whom a court has exercised continuing jurisdiction.
    - (3) COURT. The juvenile court.

legal custody of the Department of Human Resources.

- (4) DEPARTMENT. The Department of Human Resources.
- (5) KINSHIP GUARDIAN. A caregiver who is willing to assume care of a child because of parental incapacity of a parent, legal guardian, legal custodian, or other dependency reason, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship guardian of the child by a juvenile court. A kinship guardian shall be responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the health, education, and maintenance of the child.
- (6) PARENTAL INCAPACITY. Abandonment or incapacity of such a serious nature as to demonstrate that the parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian is unable, unavailable, or unwilling to perform the regular and expected functions or care and support of the child.
- (7) PROGRAM. The Kinship Guardianship Subsidy Program established by Section 4.

(8) RELATIVE. An individual who is legally related to the child by blood, marriage, or adoption within the fourth degree of kinship, including only a brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, grandparent, great grandparent, great aunt, great uncle, great grandparent, niece, nephew, grand niece, grand nephew, or a stepparent.

Section 4. There is established in the department the Kinship Guardianship Subsidy Program. For the purposes of this act, the department is authorized to use funds that are appropriated for child welfare services and funds provided under the United States Social Security Act, Titles IV-B and IV-E, or under any waiver that the department receives pursuant to those titles, or out of any funds made available to it from other sources for the program.

Section 5. (a) Subject to rules adopted to implement this act, the department may provide subsidies for an eligible child placed in kinship guardianship by a court, or by a federally recognized Native American Indian tribe, if the child would not be placed in a kinship guardianship without the assistance of the program.

- (b) A child is an eligible child for a kinship guardianship subsidy if the department determines the following:
- (1) The child has been removed from the custody of his or her parent or parents, legal guardian, or legal custodian as a result of a judicial determination to the effect that continuation in the custody of the parent or

- parents, legal guardian, or legal custodian would be contrary to the welfare of the child.
- 3 (2) The department is responsible for the placement 4 and care of the child.

- (3) Being returned home or being adopted are not appropriate permanent options for the child.
- (4) Permanent placement with a kinship guardian is in the child's best interests.
- (5) The child demonstrates a strong attachment to the prospective kinship guardian and the kinship guardian has a strong commitment to caring permanently for the child.
- (6) The child has received foster care maintenance payments while residing for at least six consecutive months in the home of the prospective kinship guardian.
- (7) With respect to a child who has attained 14 years of age, the child has been consulted regarding the kinship guardianship.
- (8) If required for federal funding participation, the kinship guardian is qualified pursuant to a means-based test and any other requirements.
- (9) If required for federal funding participation, the necessary degree of relationship exists between the prospective kinship guardian and the child.

Section 6. The amount of a kinship guardianship subsidy shall be determined according to this section and as provided by rules of the department. The subsidy may be paid monthly and the monthly amount may not exceed the monthly

1 foster care maintenance board payment for the child if the 2 child were to remain in the care or custody of the department, without regard to the sources of the funds. No foster care 3 maintenance board payment and kinship subsidy payment shall be paid for the same child for the same period of time. The 5 6 kinship quardianship subsidy may only be provided for an 7 eligible child. Subject to rules adopted by the department, the subsidy may include up to the federally established amount 8 for nonrecurring expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred 9 10 by the kinship quardian to complete the kinship quardianship in court. Subsidy payments are subject to the availability of 11 12 funds and the allocation of funding by the Department of Human 13 Resources.

Section 7. Provided that federal funding is available, the kinship guardianship subsidy shall continue until the following occur:

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- (1) The child who is being cared for by the kinship guardian reaches age 18 years, or age 21 if the child has attained age 16 before the kinship subsidy agreement became effective, and the child is:
- a. Completing secondary education or a program leading to an equivalent credential.
- b. Enrolled in an institution which provides postsecondary or vocational education.
- c. Participating in a program or activity designed to promote, or remove barriers to, employment.
  - d. Employed for at least 80 hours per month.

e. Incapable of doing any of these activities
described in paragraphs a. through d. due to a medical
condition, which incapability is supported by regularly
updated information in the case plan of the child, if
applicable.

- (2) The kinship guardian is no longer legally responsible for support of the child.
- (3) The kinship guardian is no longer providing support to the child under the care of the kinship guardian, at which time the kinship guardianship subsidy ceases.

Section 8. (a) Applications for the program may be submitted by a prospective kinship guardian. A written agreement between the prospective kinship guardian entering into the program and the department shall precede the award of a kinship guardianship. The kinship guardianship subsidy agreement and kinship guardianship subsidy shall become effective only upon entry of an order of a court awarding kinship guardianship. The agreement shall specify, at a minimum, the following:

(1) The amount of, and manner in which, each kinship guardianship assistance payment will be provided under the agreement, and the manner in which the payment may be adjusted periodically, in consultation with the relative guardian, based on the circumstances of the relative guardian and the needs of the child.

1 (2) The additional services and assistance that the 2 child and relative guardian will be eligible for under the 3 agreement.

- (3) The procedure by which the relative guardian may apply for additional services as needed.
- (4) That the department will pay the cost of nonrecurring expenses associated with obtaining a legal order of kinship guardianship of the child, to the extent the cost does not exceed the federally established amount.
- (b) No kinship guardianship subsidy shall be made unless satisfactory documentation is submitted by the kinship guardian showing an eligible child lives in the home of the kinship guardian. Upon approval by the department that all the requirements for payment eligibility have been satisfied, the kinship guardianship subsidy may be retroactive to the date of the court order appointing kinship guardianship.

Section 9. If the subsidy continues for more than one year, the eligibility for and amount of the subsidy shall be reviewed at least annually by the department as provided by rule. The subsidy continues regardless of the state in which the kinship guardian resides, or the state to which the kinship guardian moves, if the kinship guardian continues to be responsible for the child provided funding is available.

Section 10. The department shall adopt rules for the program consistent with this act.

Section 11. Except as required by federal law or regulation, the kinship guardianship subsidy may not be

counted as a resource or income in the determination of the kinship guardian's or child's eligibility for any public benefits or assistance. Kinship guardianship subsidy payments shall be exempt from any tax levied by the state or any subdivision thereof and shall be exempt from levy, garnishment, attachment, or any other process whatsoever and

Section 12. The department may provide a kinship guardianship subsidy pursuant to this act to any eligible child in department custody by court order on the effective date of this act and to any eligible child placed in department custody by court order after the effective date of the act.

Section 13. Sections 12-15-301, 12-15-314.

12-15-315, 38-12-2, and 38-12-4, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

"§12-15-301.

shall be inalienable.

"For purposes of this article, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings:

"(1) ABANDONMENT. A voluntary and intentional relinquishment of the custody of a child by a parent, or a withholding from the child, without good cause or excuse, by the parent, of his or her presence, care, love, protection, maintenance, or the opportunity for the display of filial affection, or the failure to claim the rights of a parent, or failure to perform the duties of a parent.

"(2) ABUSE. Harm or the risk of harm to the

emotional, physical health, or welfare of a child. Harm or the

risk of harm to the emotional, physical health, or welfare of

a child can occur through nonaccidental physical or mental

injury, sexual abuse, or attempted sexual abuse or sexual

exploitation or attempted sexual exploitation.

"(3) CAREGIVER. An individual 21 years of age or older, other than a parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian of a child who is an approved foster parent and who is a relative of the child and has been providing care and support for the child while the child has been residing in the home of the caregiver for at least the last six consecutive months while in the legal custody of the Department of Human Resources.

" $\frac{(3)}{(4)}$  CHILD-PLACING AGENCY. The same as the term is defined in subdivision (3) of Section 38-7-2.

"(5) ELIGIBLE CHILD. In addition to the definition of "child" in Section 12-15-102(3), an individual under 18

years of age who has been residing with the caregiver for at least the last six consecutive months while in the legal custody of the Department of Human Resources.

"(6) KINSHIP GUARDIAN. A caregiver who is willing to assume care of a child because of parental incapacity of a parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian, or other dependency reasons, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship guardian of the child by a juvenile court. A kinship guardian shall be

responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the health, education, and maintenance of the child.

"(4)(7) NEGLECT. Negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child, including, but not limited to, the failure to provide adequate food, medical treatment, supervision, education, clothing, or shelter.

"(8) PARENTAL INCAPACITY. Abandonment or incapacity of such a serious nature as to demonstrate that the parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian is unable, unavailable, or unwilling to perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child.

"(5)(9) PROTECTIVE SUPERVISION. A legal status created by order of the juvenile court following an adjudication of dependency whereby a child is placed with a parent or other person subject to supervision by the Department of Human Resources.

"(6)(10) REASONABLE EFFORTS. Efforts made to preserve and reunify families prior to the placement of a child in foster care, to prevent or eliminate the need for removing the child from his or her home, and to make it possible for a child to return safely to his or her home. Reasonable efforts also refers to efforts made to place the child in a timely manner in accordance with the permanency plan, and to complete whatever steps are necessary to finalize the permanency placement of the child. In determining the reasonable efforts to be made with respect to a child, and in

making these reasonable efforts, the health and safety of the child shall be the paramount concern.

"(7)(11) RELATIVE. An individual who is legally related to the child by blood, marriage, or adoption within the fourth degree of kinship, including only a brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, grandparent, great grandparent, great-aunt, great-uncle, great great grandparent, niece, nephew, grandniece, grandnephew, or a stepparent.

"(8)(12) SEXUAL ABUSE. Sexual abuse includes the employment, use, persuasion, inducement, enticement, or coercion of any child to engage in, or having a child assist any person to engage in, any sexually explicit conduct or any simulation of the conduct for the purpose of producing any visual depiction of the conduct. Sexual abuse also includes rape, molestation, prostitution, or other forms of sexual exploitation or abuse of children, or incest with children, as those acts are defined in this article or by Alabama law.

"(9)(13) SEXUAL EXPLOITATION. Sexual exploitation includes allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution and allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child.

"(10) TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS. A severance of all rights of a parent to a child.

"\$12-15-314.

- "(a) If a child is found to be dependent, the juvenile court may make any of the following orders of disposition to protect the welfare of the child:
  - "(1) Permit the child to remain with the parent, legal guardian, or other legal custodian of the child, subject to conditions and limitations as the juvenile court may prescribe.
- "(2) Place the child under protective supervisionunder the Department of Human Resources.
- "(3) Transfer legal custody to any of the following:
- 11 "a. The Department of Human Resources.

- "b. A local public or private agency, organization, or facility willing and able to assume the education, care, and maintenance of the child and which is licensed by the Department of Human Resources or otherwise authorized by law to receive and provide care for the child.
- "c. A relative or other individual who, after study by the Department of Human Resources, is found by the juvenile court to be qualified to receive and care for the child.

  Unless the juvenile court finds it not in the best interests of the child, a willing, fit, and able relative shall have priority for placement or custody over a non-relative.
- "(4) Make any other order as the juvenile court in its discretion shall deem to be for the welfare and best interests of the child.
- "(5) In appropriate cases, award permanent custody to the Department of Human Resources or to a licensed

child-placing agency after termination of parental rights and authorization to place for adoption, without appointing a legal guardian, or award temporary custody to the department or a licensed child-placing agency without appointing a legal custodian or legal guardian.

- "(b) Unless a child found dependent shall also be found to be delinquent, the child shall not be confined in an institution established for the care and rehabilitation of delinquent children or in a juvenile detention facility.

  Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the placement of dependent children in any other residential facility as defined in subdivision (22) of Section 12-15-102.
- "(c) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that children cannot be removed from the custody of their parents solely because of a need for emergency housing.
- "(d) In providing shelter or other care for children referred to or coming under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, the juvenile court and the Department of Human Resources shall utilize only those facilities as have been established, licensed, or approved by law, or by agencies pursuant to law, for those purposes.
- "(e) When a child is placed in the legal custody of the Department of Human Resources or any other department, agency, organization, entity, or person pursuant to this section and when the parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian of the child has resources for child support, the juvenile court shall order child support in conformity with

1 the child support quidelines as set out in Rule 32, Alabama 2 Rules of Judicial Administration. The child support shall be paid to the Department of Human Resources or department, 3 agency, any other organization, entity, or person in whose legal custody the child is placed and may be expended for 5 those matters that are necessary for the welfare and 6 7 well-being of those children placed in the Department of Human Resources or any other departments, agencies, organizations, 8 entities, or person. In these cases, the juvenile court shall 9 10 issue income withholding orders subject to state law. Any petition alleging dependency of a child filed by the 11 12 Department of Human Resources shall contain a request for child support. 13 "(f)(1) After a child has been placed in the legal 14 15

"(f)(1) After a child has been placed in the legal custody of the Department of Human Resources, the department may file with the juvenile court a written request for appointment of a kinship guardian in cases where the juvenile court has entered an order under Section 12-15-315 affirming kinship guardianship as the permanent plan for the child.

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"(2) A written request for appointment of a kinship guardian shall be verified and allege the following with respect to the child:

"a. Facts that if proved will meet the requirements for a kinship guardianship.

"b. The date and place of birth of the child, if known, and if not known, the reason for the lack of knowledge.

1	"c. The legal residence of the child and the place
2	where he or she resides, if different from the legal
3	residence.
4	"d. The marital status of the child if applicable.
5	"e. The name and home and business addresses of an
6	individual caregiver sought to be appointed as a kinship
7	guardian and all residents of that individual's household.
8	"f. The relationship between the individual
9	caregiver sought to be appointed as a kinship guardian and the
10	child.
11	"g. The names and home and business addresses of the
12	parents of the child if known.
13	"h. The names and home and business addresses of
14	legal guardians or legal custodians.
15	"i. The existence of any pending matters involving
16	the custody of the child.
17	"j. A signed statement from the individual caregiver
18	sought to be appointed as a kinship guardian that the
19	individual agrees to accept the duties and responsibilities of
20	being a kinship guardian.
21	"k. The existence of any other matters pending in
22	the juvenile court involving the child and, if they exist, a
23	statement that departments, agencies, individuals, or entities
24	authorized or involved in the proceedings by law or court
25	order consent to the relief requested.
26	"1. The results of a criminal history record
27	background check and a child abuse record check of the

1	individual caregiver seeking to be appointed as a kinship
2	guardian and all adult residents of the household of the
3	individual caregiver.
4	"m. Whether the child is subject to provisions of
5	the federal Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978 (25 U.S.C. §1901
6	et seq.) and, if so:
7	"1. The tribal affiliations of the parents, legal
8	guardians, or legal custodians of the child; and
9	"2. The specific actions taken to notify the tribes
10	of the parents, legal guardians, or legal custodians and the
11	results of the contacts.
12	"n. Other relevant facts in support of the written
13	request to be appointed as a kinship guardian.
14	"(3) After the juvenile court finds that an
15	individual caregiver qualifies to be appointed as a kinship
16	guardian, the requirements of subdivision (5) have been
17	proved, and the best interests of the child will be served by
18	the requested appointment, it may make the appointment. After
19	a kinship guardianship appointment, the juvenile court may
20	make any other disposition of the matter that will serve the
21	best interests of the child.
22	"(4) A kinship guardian may be appointed by the
23	juvenile court only if:
24	"a.1. A parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian
25	of the child is living and has consented in writing to the
26	appointment of a kinship guardian and the consent has not been
27	withdrawn; or

1	"2. A parent of the child is living but all parental
2	rights in regard to the child have been terminated or
3	restricted by a prior court order, provided that for this
4	purpose only, the blood relationship with the child will
5	continue to be recognized in defining relative caregiver; and
6	"b.1. The child has resided with the individual
7	caregiver seeking to be appointed as a kinship guardian
8	without the parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian for a
9	period of six months or more immediately preceding the date
10	the written request is filed, and a parent, legal guardian, or
11	legal custodian having legal custody of the child is currently
12	unwilling or unable to provide adequate care, maintenance, and
13	supervision for the child or there are extraordinary
14	circumstances; and
15	"2. No legal guardian of the child is currently
16	appointed pursuant to the Alabama Uniform Guardianship and
17	Protective Proceedings Act, Section 26-2A-1, et seq.
18	"(5) The burden of proof shall be by clear and
19	convincing evidence, except that in those cases involving an
20	Indian child as defined in the federal Indian Child Welfare
21	Act of 1978, 25 U.S.C. §1901, the burden of proof shall be
22	<pre>proof beyond a reasonable doubt.</pre>
23	"(6) As part of a kinship guardianship order, the
24	juvenile court may order a parent, legal guardian, or legal
25	custodian to pay the reasonable costs of support and
26	maintenance of the child that the parent, legal guardian, or
27	legal custodian is financially able to pay. The juvenile court

1	shall use the Child Support Guidelines established by Rules of
2	the Alabama Supreme Court to calculate a reasonable payment.
3	"(7) The juvenile court may order visitation between
4	a parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian and the child to
5	maintain or rebuild a parent-child relationship if the
6	visitation is in the best interests of the child.
7	"(8)a. A kinship guardianship is intended to be
8	permanent during the child's minority similar to other
9	permanency plan options. After the kinship guardian has been
10	appointed by the juvenile court, a parent, other person,
11	entity, department, or agency, including the Department of
12	Human Resources, may file a petition to revoke or modify the
13	kinship guardianship by proving not only that a material
14	change in circumstances has occurred since the order granting
15	the kinship guardianship was entered, but also that the change
16	would materially promote the child's best interest and
17	welfare, and that the positive good brought about by the
18	change would more than offset the inherently disruptive effect
19	caused by uprooting the child.
20	"b. If the juvenile court finds that a petition for
21	revocation of the kinship guardianship filed by the Department
22	of Human Resources meets the standard in paragraph a. above,
23	it shall grant the petition, and the child shall be placed in
24	the legal custody of the Department of Human Resources. If the
25	juvenile court finds that a petition for modification of the
2.6	kinship quardianship filed by the Department of Human

Resources meets the standard in paragraph a. above, it shall

grant the petition, and the child shall remain with the
kinship guardian but shall be under the protective supervision
of the department.

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"c. This subsection does not intended to preclude a parent, other person, entity, department, or agency, including the Department of Human Resources, from filing a petition to modify other terms of the order of the juvenile court granting the kinship guardianship, including, but not limited to, visitation, which shall be decided, after notice to the department, on the basis of what is in the best interests of the child.

"(9)a. Except as provided herein, a kinship quardian shall have the same rights, responsibilities, and authority relating to the child as a parent, including, but not limited to, making decisions concerning the care and well-being of the child; consenting to routine, preventative, necessary, elective, cosmetic, and emergency medical, dental, and mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for the child; arranging and consenting to athletic, sport, or other activity participation; applying for financial assistance and social services for which the child is eligible; applying for a permit or license; applying for admission to a college or university; responsibility for activities necessary to ensure the safety, permanency, and well-being of the child; and ensuring the maintenance and protection of the child, and further provided, that the appointment of the kinship quardian terminates the education

1	rights of the parent in favor of the kinship guardian and the
2	kinship guardian shall be deemed the parent for federal IDEA
3	and other educational purposes.
4	"b. A kinship guardian may not consent to the
5	adoption of the child or a name change for the child. The
6	parent of the child shall retain the authority to consent to
7	the adoption of the child or a name change for the child.
8	"c. The parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian
9	from whose custody the child was removed shall retain the
10	obligation to pay child support.
11	"d. Unless otherwise ordered by the juvenile court,
12	a kinship guardian has the authority to make all decisions
13	regarding appropriate visitation between the parent, legal
14	guardian, or legal custodian and the child.
15	"e. The appointment of a kinship guardian does not
16	limit or terminate any rights or benefits derived from or
17	between the child and parent, legal guardian, or legal
18	custodian relating to inheritance or insurance.
19	"f. A kinship guardianship terminates when the child
20	reaches 18 years of age, or when the child reaches age 21 if
21	the child is eligible for guardianship subsidy up to age 21
22	regardless of whether the juvenile court has continued
23	jurisdiction, or when the kinship guardianship is otherwise
24	terminated or revoked by the juvenile court.
25	"g. A certified copy of the court order appointing a
26	kinship quardian shall be satisfactory proof of the authority

1	of	the	kinship	quardian,	and	letters	of	quardianship	need	not
			<del>*</del>	-				-		
2	be	issı	ied.							

"h. A kinship guardianship order is the legal authority to enroll the named child in school and consent to school-related activities and medical care for the child; to give permission or consent for other non-school related activities, placements, and events; and to enroll the child in health, homeowner, employment, motor vehicle, and other insurance.

"i. A kinship guardianship order is the legal authority for the kinship guardian to authorize or consent to medical care, dental care, and mental health care for the child.

"j. No person who acts in good faith reliance on a kinship guardianship order without actual knowledge of facts contrary to that order is subject to criminal or civil liability or professional disciplinary action. This good faith immunity applies even though a parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian having parental rights or a person having legal custody of the child has contrary wishes. A person who relies upon a kinship guardianship order is under no duty to make further inquiry or investigation.

"\$12-15-315.

"(a) Within 12 months of the date a child is removed from the home and placed in out-of-home care, and not less frequently than every 12 months thereafter during the continuation of the child in out-of-home care, the juvenile

court shall hold a permanency hearing. The Department of Human Resources shall present to the juvenile court at the hearing a permanent plan for the child. The juvenile court shall consult with the child, in an age-appropriate manner, regarding the permanency plan and any transition plan to independent living. If a permanent plan is not presented to the juvenile court at this hearing, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the child should be returned home. This provision is intended to ensure that a permanent plan is prepared by the Department of Human Resources and presented to the juvenile court within 12 months of the placement of any child in foster care and no less frequently than every 12 months thereafter. The purpose of the permanency hearing shall be to determine the permanency plan for the child which may include whether, and, if applicable, when, the child shall be:

- "(1) Returned home on a specific date.
- "(2) Placed for adoption with no identified resource or with the current foster parent wherein the Department of Human Resources shall file a petition for termination of parental rights.
- "(3) Permanently placed with a relative with a transfer of legal and physical custody to the relative or with a transfer of physical custody to the relative but with the Department of Human Resources retaining legal custody.
- "(4) Permanently placed with a kinship guardian

  pursuant to a written request filed by the Department of Human

  Resources for appointment of an individual as a kinship

1	guardian. In addition to the allegations set forth in this
2	section, the written request shall further contain the
3	<pre>following:</pre>
4	"a. That granting kinship guardianship of the child
5	to the relative caregiver is in the best interests of the
6	child and that neither a permanency goal of return of the
7	child to the parents of the child nor adoption would be in the
8	best interests of the child and are therefore not appropriate
9	permanent plans for the child.
10	"b. That granting a kinship guardianship of the
11	child to the relative caregiver will provide the child with a
12	safe and permanent home.
13	"c. That the child demonstrates a strong attachment
14	to the relative caregiver and the relative caregiver
15	demonstrates a strong commitment to caring permanently for the
16	child.
17	"d. That the relative caregiver has been approved as
18	a foster parent pursuant to regulations of the Department of
19	Human Resources, has completed a criminal history clearance
20	and child abuse and neglect central registry clearance, and
21	that results of these clearances have been provided to the
22	juvenile court.
23	"e. That the child has been in foster care in the
24	care of the prospective kinship guardian for a period of not
25	less than six consecutive months preceding the filing of the
26	written request for appointment of a kinship quardian.

"f. That if the child is 14 years of age or older,
he or she has indicated his or her position regarding the
prospective kinship guardianship and if the child is 18 years
of age or older, he or she has consented to the kinship
quardianship if capable of giving effective consent.

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"(4)(5) Placed in adult custodial care.

"(5)(6) Placed in another planned permanent living arrangement. In the case of a child who will not be returned home, at the permanency hearing, the juvenile court shall consider in-state and out-of-state placement options.

"(b) If the juvenile court determines the permanent plan under subsection (a) shall be placement in another planned permanent living arrangement, the Department of Human Resources must document to the juvenile court a compelling reason for determining that it would not be in the best interests of the child to return home, be placed for adoption with no identified resource or with the current foster parent, or be permanently placed with a relative, with a transfer of legal and physical custody to the relative or with a transfer of physical custody to the relative but with the Department of Human Resources retaining legal custody, be placed with a kinship guardian, or be placed in adult custodial care. If the child has been placed in foster care outside the State of Alabama, at the permanency hearing, the juvenile court shall determine whether the out-of-state placement continues to be appropriate and in the best interests of the child. In the case of a child who has attained the age of 16 years, at the

permanency hearing, the juvenile court shall consider the services needed to assist the child to make the transition from foster care to independent living. In any permanency hearing held with respect to the child, including any hearing regarding the transition of the child from foster care to independent living, the juvenile court shall consult, in an age-appropriate manner, with the child regarding the proposed permanency or transition plan for the child. Permanency plans may be concurrent and the Department of Human Resources may make reasonable efforts concurrently towards multiple permanency goals.

- "(c) The permanency hearing order of the juvenile court shall address whether the Department of Human Resources has made reasonable efforts to finalize any existing permanency plan for the child.
- "(d) The Department of Human Resources shall provide a copy of available health and education records of the foster child to the foster parent or foster care provider at the time of placement and provide a copy of available health and education records to the foster child, at no cost, at the time the child is emancipated or released from foster care by reason of attaining the age of majority.
- "(e) If the permanency plan for a child is placement with a kinship guardian, the individualized service plan must contain the following:

1	"(1) The steps that the Department of Human
2	Resources has taken to determine that it is not appropriate
3	for the child to be returned home or adopted.
4	"(2) The reasons for any separation of siblings
5	during placement.
6	"(3) The reasons why a permanent placement with a
7	fit and willing relative caregiver through a kinship
8	guardianship arrangement is in the best interests of the
9	child.
10	"(4) The ways in which the child meets the
11	eligibility requirements for the kinship guardianship program.
12	"(5) The efforts the Department of Human Resources
13	has made to discuss adoption by the relative foster parent of
14	the child as a more permanent alternative to a kinship
15	guardianship and, in the case of a relative foster parent who
16	has chosen not to pursue adoption, documentation of the
17	reasons therefor.
18	"(6) The efforts made by the Department of Human
19	Resources to discuss with the parent, legal guardian, or legal
20	custodian of the child the kinship guardianship arrangement,
21	or the reasons why the efforts were not made.
22	<b>"</b> §38-12-2.
23	"(a) There is established a Kinship Foster Care
24	Program in the State Department of Human Resources.
25	"(b) When a child has been removed from his or her
26	home and is in the care, custody, or guardianship of the
27	department, the department shall attempt to place the child

with a relative for kinship foster care. If the relative is approved by the department to provide foster care services, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the department regarding foster care services, and a placement with the relative is made, the relative may receive payment for the full foster care rate only as provided by federal law for the care of the child and any other benefits that might be available to foster parents, whether in money or in services.

Foster care payments shall cease upon the effective date of the kinship subsidiary payments or as provided by the department.

- "(c) The department shall establish <del>eligibility</del> standards for becoming a kinship foster parent as follows:
- "(1) Relatives within the first, second, or third degree to the parent or stepparent of a child who may be related through blood, marriage, or adoption may be eligible for approval as a kinship foster parent. A relative shall be an individual who is legally related to the child by blood, marriage, or adoption within the fourth degree of kinship, including only a brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, grandparent, great grandparent, great aunt, great uncle, great great grandparent, niece, nephew, grandniece, grandnephew, or a stepparent. For the purposes of kinship foster care, the blood relationship will continue to be recognized in defining relative after termination of parental rights.
- "(2) The kinship foster parent shall be 21 years of age or older, except that if the spouse or partner of the

relative is 21 years of age or older and living in the home,

and the relative is between 18 and 21 years of age, the

department may waive the age requirement unless the department

provides otherwise by rule to carry out the provisions of this

chapter.

"(3) The department may waive standards for kinship foster care as provided by department rule and as permitted by other state and federal law.

"§38-12-4.

- "(a) The department shall determine whether the person is able to care effectively for the foster child by the following methods:
  - "(1) Reviewing personal and professional references.
- "(2) Observing during a home visit of the kinship foster parent with household members.
  - "(3) Interviewing the kinship foster parent.
- "(b) The department and the kinship foster parent shall develop a case an individualized service plan for the foster care of the child. The plan shall be periodically reviewed and updated. If the plan includes the use of an approved daycare center or family daycare home, the department shall pay for child care arrangements, according to established rates.
- "(c) The kinship foster parent shall cooperate with any activities specified in the case individualized service plan for the foster child, such as counseling, therapy, court

1	sessions, or visits with the foster child's parents or other
2	family members.
3	"(d) Whether appointed kinship guardian by the
4	juvenile court or awarded a kinship guardianship subsidy, the
5	kinship foster parent shall meet and continue to meet all
6	subsidy program and funding requirements."
7	Section 14. The provisions of this act are
8	severable. If any part of this act is declared invalid or
9	unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part
10	which remains.
11	Section 15. This act shall become effective October
12	1, 2010.