- 1 SB194
- 2 126321-2
- 3 By Senators Figures, Brewbaker, Waggoner, Dial, Taylor,
- Scofield, Bedford, Keahey, Beasley, Irons and Sanders
- 5 RFD: Judiciary
- 6 First Read: 09-MAR-11

Т	120321-2:N:U3/U//2U11:KBH/tan LK52U11-810K1
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8	SYNOPSIS: Existing law provides procedures for
9	handling a charge relating to fighting dogs.
10	This bill would further provide procedures
11	for seizing a dog involved in a charge relating to
12	fighting dogs by expediting the disposition process
13	of the dog and requiring the posting of a bond by
14	the owner of certain dogs under certain conditions
15	for the care of the seized dog or would require the
16	dog to be forfeited under certain conditions.
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18	A BILL
19	TO BE ENTITLED
20	AN ACT
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22	To amend Section 3-1-29 of the Code of Alabama 1975,
23	relating to fighting dogs; to further provide procedures for
24	seizing a dog involved in a charge relating to fighting dogs;
25	to expedite the disposition process of the dogs; to require
26	the posting of a bond by the owner of certain dogs under

- 1 certain conditions for the care of the seized dog; and to
- 2 require the dog to be forfeited under certain conditions.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 4 Section 1. Section 3-1-29 of the Code of Alabama
- 5 1975, is amended to read as follows:
- 6 "\$3-1-29.

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- 7 "(a) It shall be a Class C felony for any person to do any of the following:
- 8 <u>do any of the following:</u>
- 9 "(1) To own, possess, keep or train any dog with the 10 intent that such dog shall be engaged in an exhibition of 11 fighting with another dog;.
- "(2) For amusement or gain, to cause any dog to fight with another dog, or cause any dogs to injure each other.
 - "(3) To permit any act in violation of subdivisions
 (1) and (2) of this subsection.
 - "(b) It shall be a Class C felony for any person to be knowingly present, as a spectator, at any place, building, or tenement where preparations are being made for an exhibition of the fighting of dogs, with the intent to be present at such preparations, or to be knowingly present at such exhibition or to knowingly aid or abet another in such exhibition.
 - "(c) Any dog used to fight other dogs in violation of subsection (a) of this section, shall be confiscated as contraband by the sheriff or other law enforcement officers and shall not be returned to the owner, trainer or possessor

1 of said dog. The court shall award the animals to the humane society or other agency handling stray animals. At its discretion, the humane society or other agency handling stray 3 animals shall humanely dispatch or dispose of any confiscated doq.

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"(c)(d) Any dog confiscated pursuant to subsection (b) (c) of this section by the sheriff or other law enforcement officers shall be taken to the local humane society or other animal welfare agency.

"(d)(e) An appointed veterinarian or officer of the humane society or other animal welfare agency may upon delivery or at any time thereafter destroy the animal that is in his or her opinion injured, diseased past recovery, or whose continued existence is inhumane and destruction is necessary to relieve pain or suffering.

"(e)(f) After confiscation the humane society or other animal welfare agency may make application to the circuit court for a hearing to determine whether any animal seized pursuant to subsection (b) (c) of this section shall be humanely destroyed due to disease, injury or lack of any useful purpose because of training or viciousness. The court shall set a hearing date not more than 30 days from the filing of the application and shall give notice of the same to the owners of the animals. Upon a finding by the court that the seized animals are diseased, injured or lack any useful purpose due to training or viciousness, it shall be within the authority of the humane society or other animal welfare agency

to humanely destroy such animal. Any animal found by the court 1 2 not to be diseased, injured or lacking any useful purpose due to training or viciousness shall be delivered to a 3 court-approved private veterinarian or a private housing facility under the supervision of a veterinarian. Expenses incurred in connection with the housing, care or upkeep of the 6 7 dogs by any person, firm, partnership, corporation or other entity shall be taxed against the owner. 8

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"(g) After confiscation, any entity holding a dog confiscated pursuant to this section may make application to the circuit court for issuance of an order requiring the owner or keeper of the dog to post a bond or deposit funds with the clerk of the court to cover the reasonable costs of the seizure, care, keeping, and the possible disposal of the dog. Reasonable costs shall include, but not be limited to, transportation, food, shelter, and care, including veterinary care. The bond or deposited funds shall be ordered posted in 30-day increments until such time as the case that was the cause of the dog being confiscated is resolved. The court shall set a hearing date no more than 10 days from filing of the application and shall give notice of the same to the owner or keeper of the dog.

"(1) If, within 72 hours of the conclusion of the hearing, the owner or keeper fails to post the bond or deposit funds with the clerk of the court as ordered by the court, then the dog shall be forfeited by operation of law.

1	"(2) If the owner or keeper presents sufficient
2	evidence for the judge presiding over the hearing to determine
3	that the owner or keeper is indigent, the owner or keeper may
4	be relieved of the requirement to post a bond or deposit funds
5	with the clerk of the court.

- "(3) The owner or keeper may choose at any time to surrender the dog to the local animal shelter or other animal housing facility holding the dog. The surrender shall not be considered a presumption of guilt.
- "(4) At the end of the time for which expenses are covered by the bond or deposit of funds, if the owner or keeper fails to post a new bond or deposit new funds with the clerk of the court, which must be received before the expiration date of the previous bond or deposit of funds, then the dog shall be forfeited by operation of law. The court may correct, alter, or otherwise adjust the bond or funds to be deposited upon a motion made before the expiration date of the previous bond or deposit of funds; provided, however, no person may file more than one motion seeking an adjustment to the bond or funds to be deposited for each six-month period for which the dog is held under this section.
- "(5) The entity holding the dog confiscated pursuant to this section shall be entitled to draw on any bond posted or funds deposited to cover the actual costs incurred in the seizure, care, keeping, and the possible disposal of the dog.
- "(6) Upon resolution of any criminal charges brought against the owner or keeper of the dog confiscated pursuant to

this section, the owner or keeper shall be refunded the amount
remaining on any bond posted or funds deposited in accordance
with this section not expended for the seizure, care, keeping,
or disposal of the dog.

"(f)(h) If any dog owner is convicted under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the animal(s) animal or animals shall be awarded to the local humane society or other animal welfare agency.

"(i) At any time, if a dog is confiscated pursuant to this section, the state or entity holding the dog may file a petition with the circuit court seeking civil forfeiture of the seized dog.

"(1) As part of this petition, the state or entity holding the dog may seek an extension of any bond ordered by the judge under subsection (q) of this section, pending resolution of the civil forfeiture petition filed pursuant to this subsection. The bond extension shall be considered in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (q) of this section. Upon resolution of a civil forfeiture petition filed under this subsection, the owner or keeper shall be refunded the amount remaining on any bond posted or funds deposited in accordance with this subsection not expended for the seizure, care, keeping, or disposal of the dog.

"(2) The court shall set a hearing date no more than 20 days from the filing of the petition for civil forfeiture and shall give notice of the hearing to the owner or keeper of the dog.

1	"(3) If the state meets its burden at the forfeiture
2	hearing, the judge shall order the owner or keeper to forfeit
3	ownership of the dog.
4	"(4) If the state fails to meet its burden at this
5	forfeiture hearing, the judge shall order the dog immediately
6	returned to the owner or keeper."
7	Section 2. This act shall become effective on the
8	first day of the third month following its passage and
9	approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.