- 1 SB354
- 2 127640-1
- 3 By Senators Brooks and Glover
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 06-APR-11

1	127640-1:n	:03/24/2011:LCG/th LRS2011-1515
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, material or fraudulent
9		misrepresentations, omissions, concealment of
10		facts, and incorrect statements in insurance
11		transactions are prohibited and an insurance
12		producer who violates these prohibitions may have
13		his or her license revoked.
14		This bill would specifically define
15		insurance fraud by a person, an insurer, a
16		reinsurer, a broker, or their respective agents.
17		This bill would authorize the Department of
18		Insurance to investigate suspected insurance fraud
19		and would also allow the reporting to certain
20		public officers of suspected insurance fraud.
21		This bill would also offer civil immunity
22		for certain persons reporting and investigating
23		suspected insurance fraud and would require
24		confidentiality of information and files.
25		This bill would create the Insurance Fraud
26		Unit within the office of the Department of
27		Insurance to investigate suspected insurance fraud

and would provide powers and remedies in enforcing this bill.

The bill would provide for assessments on insurers to fund the unit, for the establishment of the Insurance Fraud Unit Fund, and would make appropriations from the fund for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2011, and September 30, 2012.

This bill would provide civil penalties up to \$5,000 per violation or suspension of license or certificate of authority. This bill would also provide for civil and criminal penalties in addition to restitution to the aggrieved party and would limit the filing of a cause of action to six years.

The bill would also authorize the Commissioner of Insurance to promulgate rules to administer this act.

The bill would also specify that health maintenance organizations would be subject to rules of the commissioner adopted pursuant to Sections 27-7-43 and 27-7-44, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to licensing and privacy.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a

new or increased expenditure of local funds from
becoming effective with regard to a local
governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote
unless: it comes within one of a number of
specified exceptions; it is approved by the
affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates
funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to
the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

17 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

19 AN ACT

2.2

Relating to the Department of Insurance; to define insurance fraud; to authorize the department to oversee and investigate suspected insurance fraud; to provide for confidentiality of information and files; to create the Insurance Fraud Unit within the department; to provide for assessments on insurer, to establish the Insurance Fraud Unit Fund, and to make appropriations from the fund for the fiscal

years ending September 30, 2011, and September 30, 2012, for the operation of the Insurance Fraud Unit; to provide certain immunity from civil liability for certain persons reporting and investigating suspected insurance fraud; to provide civil and criminal penalties; to authorize the Commissioner of Insurance to promulgate rules necessary to implement and administer this act; for this purpose to amend Section 10-4-115, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to health care service plans, and Section 27-21A-23, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to health maintenance organizations; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

Section 1. The Legislature finds that the business of insurance involves many transactions that have potential for fraud, abuse, and other illegal activities. This act is intended to permit full utilization of the expertise of the Department of Insurance to investigate, discover, and prosecute insurance fraud and assist and receive assistance from state, local, and federal law enforcement and regulatory agencies in enforcing laws prohibiting insurance fraud.

Section 2. Chapter 12A is added to Title 27, Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

1	CHAPTER 12A.		
2	INSURANCE FRAUD INVESTIGATION UNIT AND CRIME PREVENTION ACT.		
3	ARTICLE 1.		
4	DEFINITIONS AND CRIME OF INSURANCE FRAUD.		
5	Section 27-12A-1. Definitions.		
6	As used in this chapter, the following terms shall		
7	have the following meanings:		
8	(1) COMMISSIONER. The Alabama Commissioner of		
9	Insurance or his or her designee.		
10	(2) DEPARTMENT. The Alabama Department of Insurance.		
11	(3) INSURANCE. As defined in Section 27-1-2, Code of		
12	Alabama 1975, and specifically including any contract,		
13	arrangement, or agreement, in which one undertakes to do any		
14	one of the following:		
15	a. Pay or indemnify another as to loss from certain		
16	contingencies called risks.		
17	b. Pay or grant a specified amount or determinable		
18	benefit to another in connection with ascertainable risk		
19	contingencies.		
20	c. Pay an annuity to another.		
21	d. Act as surety.		
22	For the purposes of this chapter "insurance" also		
23	includes any health benefit plan as defined in Section		
24	27-53-1, Code of Alabama 1975.		

- 1 (4) INSURANCE PRODUCER or PRODUCER. As defined in 2 Section 27-7-1.
- (5) INSURER. A person entering into agreements, 3 contracts of insurance, arrangements, or reinsurance, or a health benefit plan, or a group health plan as defined in 5 6 Section 607(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act 7 of 1974, or any entity offering a service benefit plan, and who agrees to perform any of the acts set forth in subdivision 8 (4), including but not limited to, fraternal benefit 9 societies, mutual aid associations, health maintenance 10 organizations, and health care service plans, regardless of 11 12 whether the person is acting in violation of laws requiring a 13 certificate of authority or regardless of whether the person 14 denies being an insurer.
 - (6) NAIC. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners or its successor in interest.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- (7) NICB. The National Insurance Crime Bureau or its successor in interest.
- (8) PERSON. An individual, corporation, partnership, association, joint stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, or any similar entity or any combination of the foregoing.
- (9) POLICY. An individual or group insurance policy, agreement, group certificate, contract, evidence of insurance, or arrangement of insurance affecting the rights of a resident of this state or bearing a reasonable relation to this state, regardless if delivered or issued for delivery in this state.

- 1 (10) PRACTITIONER. A person licensed in this state
 2 authorized to practice medicine and surgery, psychology,
 3 chiropractic, dentistry, optometry, pharmacy, nursing,
 4 physical therapy or law, or any other licensee of the state or
 5 person required to be licensed in this state.
 - (11) REINSURANCE. A contract, binder of coverage, including placement slip, or arrangement under which an insurer procures insurance for itself in another insurer as to all or part of an insurance risk of the originating insurer.
- 10 (12) TRANSACT or TRANSACTION. As defined in Section 27-1-2.
 - (13) UNIT. The Insurance Fraud Unit of the Alabama Department of Insurance.

14 Section 27-12A-2. Insurance fraud; Definition.

A person commits the crime of insurance fraud if, knowingly and with intent to defraud, he or she commits, or conceals any material information concerning, one or more of the following acts:

- (1) The solicitation or acceptance of new or renewal insurance risks on behalf of an insurer, reinsurer, or other person engaged in the transaction of the business of insurance, by a person who knows the insurer, reinsurer, or other person responsible for the risk is financially unable to pay its claims at the time of the transaction.
- (2) The removal, concealment, alteration, or destruction of the assets or records relating to the transaction of the business of insurance of an insurer,

reinsurer, or other person engaged in the transaction of the business of insurance. This section does not prohibit an insurer, reinsurer, or other person engaged in the transaction of the business of insurance from destroying records or documents relating to the transaction of the business of insurance in accordance with record retention and destruction standards set forth in state or federal law or the record retention policy of the insurer, reinsurer, or other person.

- (3) The embezzlement, abstraction, theft, or conversion of monies, funds, premiums, credits, or other property relating to the transaction of the business of insurance of an insurer, reinsurer, or other person engaged in the transaction of the business of insurance.
- (4) The transaction of the business of insurance in violation of laws requiring a license, certificate of authority, or other legal authority for the transaction of the business of insurance.
- (5) Presenting, causing to be presented, or preparing with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by an insurer, reinsurer, producer, or any of their respective agents, false information as part of, in support of, or concerning a fact material to, one or more of the following:
- a. An application for the issuance or renewal of an insurance policy or reinsurance agreement.
- b. The rating of an insurance policy or reinsurance agreement.

1 c. A claim for payment or benefit pursuant to an 2 insurance policy or reinsurance agreement.

- d. A claim for payment or benefit based on an advertisement or promises to provide a good or service under an insurance policy.
 - 1. To pay or fail to collect all or part of any applicable insurance deductible or a rebate in an amount equal to all or part of any applicable insurance deductible; and
 - 2. The good or service is paid for by the consumer from proceeds of a property or casualty insurance policy; and
 - 3. The person knowingly charges an amount for the good or service that exceeds the usual and customary charge by the person for the good or service by an amount equal to or greater than all or part of the applicable insurance deductible paid by the person to an insurer on behalf of an insured or remitted to an insured by the person as a rebate.
 - e. Premiums paid on an insurance policy or reinsurance agreement.
 - f. Payments made in accordance with the terms of an insurance policy or reinsurance agreement.
 - g. A document filed with the commissioner.
- i. Audit information submitted to the commissioner or an insurer.
- j. The formation, acquisition, merger,
 reconsolidation, or dissolution of one or more insurance
 entities, or the withdrawal from one or more lines of

- insurance in all or part of this state by an insurer or reinsurer.
- k. The issuance of written evidence of insurance.
- 1. The reinstatement of an insurance policy.

8

9

10

11

12

13

- 5 m. Issuance, acceptance, change, endorsement, or 6 continuance of an insurance policy or reinsurance agreement.
 - n. A construction or structure mitigation inspection report provided for the issuance or renewal of an insurance policy or discounts or credits related to an insurance policy.
 - (6) The failure to decline or refusal to return an insurance payment for a loss or a recovery to which the person is not entitled by reason of an insurer's mistake or other facts or circumstances connected with the person's claim or the coverage provided by an applicable insurance policy.
- Section 27-12A-3. Insurance fraud in the first degree.
- 17 (a) An act prohibited by subdivisions (1), (2), (3),
 18 or (5) of Section 27-12A-2, in cases where the loss or
 19 potential loss exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000),
 20 constitutes insurance fraud in the first degree.
- 21 (b) Insurance fraud in the first degree is a Class B felony.
- 23 Section 27-12A-4. Insurance fraud in the second degree.
- 25 (a) An act prohibited by subdivisions (1), (2), (3), 26 or (5) of Section 27-12A-2, in cases where the loss or

- potential loss does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), constitutes insurance fraud in the second degree.
- 3 (b) Insurance fraud in the second degree is a Class 4 C felony.
- Section 27-12A-5. Insurance fraud in the third degree.
- 7 (a) An act prohibited by subdivision (4) of Section 8 27-12A-2, constitutes insurance fraud in the third degree.
- 9 (b) Insurance fraud in the third degree is a Class A misdemeanor.
- Section 27-12A-6. General.

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- (a) No prosecution may be commenced under this article more than six years after the alleged violation was deleted.
- (b) An individual who has been convicted of insurance fraud in the first degree or insurance fraud in the second degree shall be disqualified from engaging in the business of insurance in this state.
 - (c) A person may not willfully permit another person who has been convicted of insurance fraud in the first degree or insurance fraud in the second degree to transact in the business of insurance in this state.
- 23 (d) For the purposes of Article 4A of Chapter 18 of
 24 Title 15, insurance fraud shall be considered criminal
 25 activity.
- Section 27-12A-7. Enforcement.

(a) The enforcement of this chapter shall be vested in the Department of Insurance. It shall be the duty of the department to see that the provisions of this chapter are at all times obeyed and to take such measures and to make such investigations as will prevent or detect the violation of any provision thereof. The department may present to the Attorney General any credible evidence of criminality coming to its knowledge.

- (b) Nothing in this article limits the power of the state to punish any person for any conduct which constitutes a crime by statute or at common law.
- (c) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as state regulation of self-insured employee welfare benefit plans as defined in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1001 et seq.

Section 27-12A-8. Licensing penalties for insurance fraud.

(a) A producer who violates this chapter may be subject to the suspension or revocation of any insurance license held by the producer or civil penalties of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation, or both. Suspension or revocation of an insurance license or certificate of authority and the imposition of civil penalties shall be pursuant to action brought before the commissioner. Suspension or revocation of any insurance licenses and the imposition of civil penalties shall be pursuant to action brought before the commissioner in accordance with this title.

- (b) An insurer who, with such frequency as to indicate its general business practice in this state, is in violation of this chapter may be subject to the suspension or revocation of any certificate of authority held by insurer or civil penalties of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation, or both. Suspension or revocation of a certificate of authority and the imposition of civil penalties shall be pursuant to action brought before the commissioner in accordance with Section 27-3-21 and subject to the right of appeal in accordance with Section 27-2-32.
- (c) The commissioner shall also notify the proper licensing authority of a practitioner for the appropriate disciplinary action including the revocation or suspension of any professional license when a practitioner is convicted of a violation of this chapter and whose services are compensated in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, by insurance proceeds.

18 ARTICLE 2.

19 INSURANCE FRAUD PREVENTION.

Section 27-12A-20. Fraud warning.

(a) A fraud warning shall be included on at least one of the following: Claim release forms, applications, reinstatements for insurance, participation agreements, declaration pages, and claim documents, regardless of the

method or form of transmission and shall contain the following statement or a substantially similar statement:

"Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof."

- (b) The lack of a statement required by subsection(a) shall not constitute a defense in any prosecution for insurance fraud.
- (c) Policies issued by unauthorized insurers shall contain a statement disclosing the status of the insurer to do business in the state where the policy is delivered or issued for delivery or the state where coverage is in force.
- (d) Insurers shall comply with subsection (a) not later than the first day of the sixth month after the effective date of this chapter.
- (e) This section does not require notice to persons insured under existing policies, except to the extent the persons receive, after the effective date of this chapter, a document listed in subsection (a) which has been selected by the insurer to contain the "Fraud Warning."
- (f) None of the requirements of this section shall be deemed to apply to reinsurers, reinsurance contracts, reinsurance agreements, or reinsurance claims transacted.

(g) As used in this section, "insurer" refers only to those entities defined in Section 27-12A-1(5) which hold a certificate of authority from the commissioner, and "unauthorized insurers" refers only to those entities operating pursuant to Article 2, beginning with Section 27-10-20, of Chapter 10.

Section 27-12A-21. Mandatory reporting requirements.

- (a) Persons engaged in the business of insurance, having knowledge or a reasonable belief that insurance fraud is being, will be, or has been committed, shall provide to the department such information that is required by, and in a manner prescribed by, the department. As used in this section, "persons engaged in the business of insurance" refers only to those entities defined in Section 27-12A-1(5) which hold a certificate of authority from the commissioner.
- (b) A person other than an insurer having knowledge or having a reasonable belief that insurance fraud is being, will be, or has been committed may provide the information to the Attorney General, the department, or both.

Section 27-12A-22. Immunity from liability.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), there shall be no civil liability imposed on and no cause of action shall arise against a person for furnishing or receiving information concerning suspected, anticipated, or completed insurance fraud. This shall not abrogate or modify common law or statutory privileges or immunities enjoyed by a person, and the limit on civil liability applies only to the

act of reporting and does not limit civil liability against a person for committing fraud or other tortuous conduct.

(b) Subsection (a) shall not apply to false statements made with actual malice by a person furnishing or receiving information concerning suspected, anticipated, or completed insurance fraud. In any action brought against a person for filing a report or furnishing other information concerning insurance fraud, the party bringing the action shall plead specifically any allegations that subsection (a) shall not apply because the person filing the report or furnishing the information did so with actual malice.

Section 27-12A-23. Confidentiality.

- (a) Documents and evidence provided pursuant to Section 27-12A-21 or obtained by the department in an investigation of suspected or actual insurance fraud shall be privileged and confidential, shall not be a public record, and shall not be subject to discovery or subpoena in a civil or criminal action.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the department may release documents and evidence obtained by the unit in an investigation of suspected or actual insurance fraud pursuant to any of the following:
- (1) Administrative or judicial bodies hearing proceedings to enforce laws administered by the department.
- (2) Federal, state, or local law enforcement or regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the

Attorney General and the Chief Examiner of Public Accounts; the NICB; or the NAIC.

- (3) At the discretion of the commissioner, a person in the transaction of the business of insurance that is aggrieved by the insurance fraud.
 - (c) Release of documents and evidence under subsection (b) shall not abrogate or modify the privilege granted in subsection (a).
 - (d) The confidentiality of records imposed by this section shall not extend to any documents or evidence submitted as part of an investigative report that are public documents. A document that is a public record pursuant to any other statute shall not be affected by this section.
 - (e) Employees, directors, agents, servants, staff investigators, staff attorneys, and others engaged by or on behalf of the State of Alabama for the purpose of implementing or performing the duties, obligations, and responsibilities under this chapter, shall not be subject to subpoena in civil actions by any court in this state to testify concerning any matter of which they have knowledge that arises out of or is related to a pending or continuing insurance fraud investigation being conducted by the unit.
 - (f) With the exception of those documents created by or at the request of a company specifically in connection with the investigation of suspected or actual insurance fraud, subsection (a) shall not be construed to prevent the discovery of documents otherwise subject to discovery in a civil matter

1	from the insurer or producer. Copies of all documents,		
2	materials, and information furnished to the department by an		
3	insurer, producer, or an employee or agent on behalf of an		
4	insurer or producer, shall be retained in their ordinary and		
5	customary location by the insurer or producer for the period		
6	provided by law.		
7	Section 27-12A-24. Other law enforcement or		
8	regulatory authority.		
9	This chapter shall not be construed to do any of the		
10	following:		
11	(1) Preempt the authority or relieve other law		
12	enforcement or regulatory agencies of the duty to investigate,		
13	examine, and prosecute suspected violations of law.		
14	(2) Prevent or prohibit a person from voluntarily		
15	disclosing information concerning insurance fraud to a law		
16	enforcement or regulatory agency other than the unit.		
17	(3) Limit the powers granted by law to the Attorney		
18	General, the commissioner, the department, or the unit to		
19	investigate and examine possible violations of law and to take		
20	appropriate action against wrongdoers.		
21	(4) Create a private cause of action.		
22	ARTICLE 3.		
23	INSURANCE FRAUD UNIT.		

Section 27-12A-40. Creation of Insurance Fraud Unit.

- department the Insurance Fraud Unit. The commissioner shall appoint the necessary full-time supervisory and investigative personnel of the unit who shall be qualified by training and experience to perform the duties of their positions. The commissioner shall furnish offices, equipment, operating expenses, and necessary personnel to maintain and operate the unit.
- 9 (b) The unit shall perform all of the following duties:

- (1) Initiate independent inquiries and conduct independent investigations when the unit has cause to believe that any insurance fraud may be, is being, or has been, committed.
- (2) Review reports or complaints of alleged insurance fraud from federal, state, and local law enforcement and regulatory agencies, persons engaged in the business of insurance, and the public to determine whether the reports or complaints require further investigation and, if so, to conduct these investigations.
- (3) Conduct independent examinations of alleged insurance fraud and undertake independent studies to determine the extent of insurance fraud.
- (c) In performing its duties, the unit shall have the powers to do all of the following:
 - (1) Inspect, copy, or collect records and evidence.
 - (2) Issue and serve subpoenas.

(3) Administer oaths and affirmations.

- 2 (4) Share records and evidence with federal, state, 3 or local law enforcement and regulatory agencies.
 - (5) Execute arrest warrants for criminal violations of this chapter.
 - (6) Arrest upon probable cause without warrant a person found in the act of violating or attempting to violate this chapter.
 - (7) Make criminal referrals to the Attorney General.
 - (8) Conduct investigations outside of this state. If the information the unit seeks to obtain is located outside of this state, the person from whom the information is sought may make the information available to the unit to examine at the place where the information is located. The unit may designate representatives, including officials of the state in which the matter is located, to inspect the information on behalf of the unit, and the unit may respond to similar requests from officials of other states.
 - (d) Investigators of the unit shall have all the powers vested in law enforcement officers of the State of Alabama, including, but not limited to, the powers of arrest and the power to serve process, but only as necessary to enforce this chapter, and shall perform the duties, responsibilities, and functions as may be required for the unit to carry out its duties and responsibilities pursuant to this chapter. No person shall serve as investigator of the unit who has not met the minimum standards established for law

- enforcement officers by the Alabama Peace Officers' Standards and Training Commission, or other standards as may be provided hereafter by law.
 - (e) Information relating to criminal activity discovered in the course of an investigation by the unit shall be provided to the Department of Public Safety.

Section 27-12A-41. Assessments.

2.2

- (a) The commissioner shall assess each insurer authorized to write insurance in the State of Alabama two hundred dollars (\$200) per year in order to fund the operations of the unit.
- (b) Assessments shall be due not less than 30 days after prior written notice to the insurer and shall accrue interest at six percent per annum on and after the due date. Failure to remit payment of an assessment shall warrant the suspension or revocation of an insurer's certificate of authority.
- (c) As used in this section "insurer authorized to write insurance in the State of Alabama" refers only to those entities defined in subdivision (5) of Section 27-12A-1 which hold a certificate of authority from the commissioner.
- Section 27-12A-42. Creation of Insurance Fraud Unit Fund.
 - (a) There is created a fund in the State Treasury designated the Insurance Fraud Unit Fund. The expenses incurred by the department in operating the unit, including expenses incurred by the department for providing

administrative personnel, legal counsel, litigation support, expert witness, and costs of investigations, shall be paid from the fund. The department may not hire, contract, or otherwise engage the services of private attorneys to administer or implement this chapter.

No funds shall be withdrawn or expended from this fund except as budgeted and allotted according to Article 4 of Chapter 4 of Title 41 and Sections 41-19-1 to 41-19-12, Code of Alabama 1975, inclusive, and only in amounts as stipulated in the general appropriations act, other appropriation acts, or Sections 3 and 4 of this act.

- (b) The department shall deposit the funds received pursuant to Section 27-12A-41 into the State Treasury to the credit of the Insurance Fraud Unit Fund.
- (c) The department may file a claim for restitution for any expenses incurred by the department in investigating and prosecuting a person convicted of insurance fraud. This restitution shall be payable to the State Treasury to the credit of the Insurance Fraud Unit Fund as a refund against disbursements.
- (d) Monies not used during a fiscal year shall be carried over in the Insurance Fraud Unit Fund and shall not revert to the State General Fund.

Section 3. There is appropriated from the Insurance Fraud Unit Fund established pursuant to this act to the Department of Insurance an amount of three hundred twenty

- thousand dollars (\$320,000) for the fiscal year ending
 September 30, 2011.
- Section 4. There is appropriated from the Insurance

 Fraud Unit Fund established pursuant to this act to the

 Department of Insurance an amount of three hundred twenty

 thousand dollars (\$320,000) for the fiscal year ending

 September 30, 2012.
- Section 5. The Commissioner of Insurance may adopt
 reasonable rules for the implementation and administration of
 this act.
- Section 6. Sections 10-4-115 and 27-21A-23, Code of
 Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
- 13 "\$10-4-115.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- "(a) No statute of this state applying to insurance companies shall be applicable to any corporation organized under the provisions of this article and amendments thereto or to any contract made by the corporation unless expressly mentioned in this article and made applicable; except as follows:
 - "(1) The corporation shall be subject to the provisions regarding annual premium tax to be paid by insurers on insurance premiums.
 - "(2) The corporation shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 55, Title 27, regarding the prohibition of unfair discriminatory acts by insurers on the basis of an applicant's or insured's abuse status.

"(3) The corporation shall be subject to the

provisions regarding Medicare Supplement Minimum Standards set

forth in Article 2 of Chapter 19 of Title 27, and Long-Term

Care Insurance Policy Minimum Standards set forth in Article 3

of Chapter 19 of Title 27.

- "(4) The corporation shall be subject to Section 27-1-17, requiring insurers and health plans to pay health care providers in a timely manner.
- "(5) The corporation shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 56 of Title 27, regarding the Access to Eye Care Act.
- "(6) The corporation shall be subject to the regulations promulgated by the Commissioner of Insurance pursuant to Sections 27-7-43 and 27-7-44.
- "(7) The corporation shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 54 of Title 27.
 - "(8) The corporation shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 57 of Title 27, requiring coverage to be offered for the payment of colorectal cancer examinations for covered persons who are 50 years of age or older, or for covered persons who are less than 50 years of age and at high risk for colorectal cancer according to current American Cancer Society colorectal cancer screening guidelines.
 - "(9) The corporation shall be subject to Chapter 58 of Title 27, requiring that policies and contracts including coverage for prostate cancer early detection be offered, together with identification of associated costs.

"(10) The corporation shall be subject to Chapter 59
of Title 27 requiring that policies and contracts including
coverage for chiropractic be offered, together with
identification of associated costs.

"(11) The corporation shall be subject to Chapter 12A of Title 27.

"(b) The provisions in subsection (a) that require specific types of coverage to be offered or provided shall not apply when the corporation is administering a self-funded benefit plan or similar plan, fund, or program that it does not insure.

"\$27-21A-23.

- "(a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, provisions of the insurance law and provisions of health care service plan laws shall not be applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this chapter. This provision shall not apply to an insurer or health care service plan licensed and regulated pursuant to the insurance law or the health care service plan laws of this state except with respect to its health maintenance organization activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this chapter.
- "(b) Solicitation of enrollees by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority shall not be construed to violate any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professionals.

"(c) Any health maintenance organization authorized under this chapter shall not be deemed to be practicing medicine and shall be exempt from the provisions of Section

34-24-310, et seq., relating to the practice of medicine.

- "(d) No person participating in the arrangements of a health maintenance organization other than the actual provider of health care services or supplies directly to enrollees and their families shall be liable for negligence, misfeasance, nonfeasance, or malpractice in connection with the furnishing of such services and supplies.
 - "(e) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed in any way to repeal or conflict with any provision of the certificate of need law.
 - "(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), a health maintenance organization shall be subject to Section 27-1-17.
 - "(g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection

 (a), a health maintenance organization shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 56 of this title, regarding the Access to Eye Care Act.
 - "(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection

 (a), a health maintenance organization shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 54 of this title.
 - "(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection

 (a), a health maintenance organization shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 57 of this title, requiring coverage to be offered for the payment of colorectal cancer examinations

for covered persons who are 50 years of age or older, or for covered persons who are less than 50 years of age and at high risk for colorectal cancer according to current American Cancer Society colorectal cancer screening guidelines.

- "(j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), a health maintenance organization shall be subject to Chapter 58 of Title 27, requiring that policies and contracts including coverage for prostate cancer early detection be offered, together with identification of associated costs.
- "(k) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), a health maintenance organization shall be subject to Chapter 59 of this title, requiring that policies and contracts including coverage for chiropractic be offered, together with identification of associated costs.
- "(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection

 (a), a health maintenance organization shall be subject to

 regulations promulgated by the Commissioner of Insurance

 pursuant to Sections 27-7-43 and 27-7-44.
- "(m) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection

 (a), a health maintenance organization shall be subject to

 Chapter 12A."

Section 7. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the

- bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an
 existing crime.
- Section 8. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.