- 1 HB192
- 2 147605-4
- 3 By Representative Wren
- 4 RFD: Insurance
- 5 First Read: 07-FEB-13

2	ENROLLED	, An	Act,

Relating to insurance; to amend Sections 2, 3, and 4 of Act 2012-424 of the 2012 Regular Session, now appearing as Sections 27-15-51, 27-15-52, and 27-15-53 of the Code of Alabama 1975; to provide that the requirement that certain insurers search the death master file shall apply only to life insurance policies, annuity contracts, and retained asset accounts issued and delivered in this state and which are issued or entered into on or after January 1, 2016, and to require each insurer who has in-force life insurance policies, annuity contracts, and retained asset accounts to compare those items against a death master file, to identify potential death master file matches of its insureds completed by January 1, 2019.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Sections 2, 3, and 4 of Act 2012-424 of the 2012 Regular Session, now appearing as Sections 27-15-51, 27-15-52, and 27-15-53 of the Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

"§27-15-51.

"(a) This article shall require recognition of the escheat or unclaimed property statutes of Alabama as they relate to the method of payment for life insurance death benefits regulated by the Department of Insurance.

1	"(b) This article shall apply only to life insurance
2	policies, annuity contracts, and retained asset accounts
3	issued and delivered in this state and which are issued or
4	entered into on or after January 1, 2016.
5	<u>"</u> §27-15-52.
6	"The following terms shall have the following
7	meanings:
8	"(1) COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE EFFORT. The plans,
9	processes, or procedures necessary to confirm the death of the
10	insured, contract owner or annuitant, or retained asset
11	account holder against other available records and information
12	and, as applicable, to locate the beneficiary or beneficiaries
13	or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of
14	the policy or contract which have been developed by each
15	insurer and submitted to and approved by the department.
16	$\underline{"(1)}$ (2) CONTRACT. An annuity contract. The term
17	contract shall not include an annuity used to fund an
18	employment-based retirement plan or program where the insurer
19	is not committed by terms of the annuity contract to pay death
20	benefits to the beneficiaries of specific plan participants.
21	"(2)(3) DEATH MASTER FILE. The United States Social
22	Security Administration's Death Master File or any other
23	database or service that is at least as comprehensive as the
24	United States Social Security Administration's Death Master
25	File for determining that a person has reportedly died.

1	"(3)(4) DEATH MASTER FILE MATCH. A search of the
2	death master file that results in a match of the Social
3	Security number or the name and date of birth of an insured,
4	annuity contract owner, an annuitant, or retained asset
5	account holder.
6	"(4)(5) INDUSTRIAL LIFE INSURANCE POLICY. A policy
7	of life insurance with a face amount of two thousand five
8	hundred dollars (\$2,500), or less, and which provides for
9	payment of premiums monthly or more often.
10	"(5)(6) INSURER. An insurer, as defined in Section
11	27-1-2(2), which issues life insurance policies or annuity
12	contracts.
13	"(6) (7) POLICY. Any policy, as defined in Section
14	27-14-1, or certificate of life insurance that provides a
15	death benefit. The term policy shall not include any policy or
16	certificate of life insurance that provides a death benefit
17	under: (i) an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee
18	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1002, as
19	periodically amended; (ii) any federal employee benefit
20	program; (iii) government plans or church plans as defined in
21	the Employment Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29
22	U.S.C. \S 1002 (32) and (33)), as periodically amended; (iv)
23	any policy or certificate of life insurance that is used to
24	fund a preneed funeral contract or prearrangement; (v) any
25	policy or certificate of credit life or accident and health

1	insurance; (vi) any policy of burial insurance, the primary
2	death benefit of which is to be provided in the form of
3	tangible merchandise, such as a casket or funeral services; or
4	(vii) any industrial life insurance policy.

"§27-15-53.

2.1

- "(a) An insurer shall perform a comparison of its insureds' in-force life insurance policies, annuity contracts, and retained asset accounts against a death master file, to identify potential death master file matches of its insureds. Such comparison shall be commenced by July 1, 2014 2016, and completed by January 1, 2017 2019. Thereafter, an insurer shall maintain a program designed to compare each such policy, contract, or account with a death master file no less frequently than every three years, it being the intent that insurers fashion a program that best fits their business systems while at the same time protecting consumers by assuring reasonable checks are being performed to identify unreported deaths. For those potential death master file matches identified as a result of a death master file comparison, the insurer shall do all of the following:
 - "(1) Within 90 days of a death master file match:
- "a. Complete a commercially reasonable effort, which shall be documented by the insurer, to confirm the death of the insured, contract owner or annuitant, or retained asset

account holder against other available records and information.

2.1

"b. Determine whether a policy or contract insuring the insured or annuitant is in force or a retained asset account exists and whether benefits may be due in accordance with the applicable policy or contract and if a policy is in force or a retained asset account exists and benefits may be due in accordance with the applicable policy or contract:

- "1. Use commercially reasonable efforts, which shall be documented by the insurer, to locate the beneficiary or beneficiaries or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract.
- "2. Provide the appropriate claim forms or instructions to the beneficiary or beneficiaries or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract to make a claim, including the need to provide written evidence of the loss, including, but not limited to, an official death certificate, medical authorizations, medical records, or other reasonable evidence of the loss or its circumstances such as is ordinarily required by the insurer of similar claimants.
- "(2) With respect to group life insurance, an insurer is required only to confirm the possible death of an insured when the insurer provides full recordkeeping services to the group policyholder and maintains in the ordinary course

HB192

1	of business at least the following information of those
2	covered under a policy or certificate:

- "a. Complete insured information, including SocialSecurity number and complete name and date of birth.
 - "b. Beneficiary designation information.
- 6 "c. Coverage eligibility.
- 7 "d. Benefit amount.

2.1

- 8 "e. Premium payment status.
 - "(b) To the extent permitted by law, the insurer may disclose minimum necessary personal information about the insured or beneficiary to a person who the insurer reasonably believes may be able to assist the insurer to locate the beneficiary or a person otherwise entitled to payment of the claims proceeds.
 - "(c) An insurer shall not charge insureds, account holders, or beneficiaries for any fees or costs associated with a search or verification conducted pursuant to this section.
 - "(d) After the insurer has completed the items

 efforts required in subdivision (1) of subsection (a), any
 benefits payable under a life insurance policy, annuity

 contract, or a retained asset account, plus any applicable
 accrued interest, shall first be payable to the designated
 beneficiaries, owners, or other person entitled to payment
 pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract, and in the

event the beneficiaries, owners, or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract cannot be found after the insurer has completed the efforts required in subdivision (1) of subsection (b), shall escheat to the state as unclaimed property in accordance with the provisions of Article 2A, Chapter 12 of Title 35. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to change the terms of any contract or policy concerning contestability or requiring the submission of due proof of loss.

2.1

- "(e) Subject to the provisions of subsection (d), an insurer shall notify the State Treasurer, in accordance with the provisions of Section 35-12-76, upon the expiration of the statutory time period for escheat after all of the following have occurred:
- "(1) A positive death master file match has occurred.
- "(2) A life insurance policy or annuity contract beneficiary or retained asset account holder has not submitted a claim with the insurer.
 - "(3) The insurer has complied with subsection (a) and has been unable, after commercially reasonable efforts documented by the insurer, to contact the retained asset account holder, beneficiary, beneficiaries, or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract.

HB192

1	"(f) Upon such notice, an insurer shall submit the
2	unclaimed life insurance or annuity death benefits, or
3	unclaimed retained asset accounts, plus any applicable accrued
4	interest, to the State Treasurer, pursuant to Section
5	35-12-77 ."
6	Section 2. This act shall become effective on the
7	first day of the third month following its passage and
8	approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

1			
2			
3			
4		Speaker of the House of Represe	entatives
5			
6	F	President and Presiding Officer	of the Senate
7		House of Representatives	
8 9		hereby certify that the within A_0 ed by the House 18-APR-13, as amo	
10 11 12 13		Jeff Woodard Clerk	
14		_	
15 16	Senate	02-MAY-13	Passed
17			