- 1 HB108
- 2 155819-2
- 3 By Representatives Wren and Hubbard (M)
- 4 RFD: Commerce and Small Business
- 5 First Read: 14-JAN-14
- 6 PFD: 01/10/2014

155819-2:n:12/18/2013:LLR*/tan LRS2013-4478R1

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8 SYNOPSIS:

This bill would provide an optional non-itemized short form for filing a business personal property tax return for those taxpayers whose total original acquisition cost of all taxable tangible business personal property assets is equal to or less than \$10,000 each year. The Department of Revenue would be required to design the short form along with filing instructions to be used when filing the short form with the applicable local tax assessing official or agency.

This bill would require the Department of Revenue to develop and make available an online electronic filing system that would allow any taxpaying entity to electronically file any annual business personal property tax return that is required of the taxpaying entity by any local county assessing official. The bill would establish an advisory committee to oversee the development and implementation of the online filing system created under this act and would also provide that

there shall be no charge to either a taxpayer or a local taxing jurisdiction to access or utilize the electronic filing system created under this act.

This bill would allow the Department of Revenue to promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this act.

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8 A BILL

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Relating to business personal property tax; to provide an optional non-itemized short form for the filing of a business personal property tax return for those taxpayers whose total original acquisition cost of all taxable tangible business personal property assets is equal to or less than \$10,000 each year; to provide that the Department of Revenue shall design the short form and filing instructions to be used when filing the short form; to require the Department of Revenue to develop and make available an online electronic filing system which allows any taxpaying entity to electronically file any annual business personal property tax return that is required of the taxpaying entity by any local county assessing official or applicable agency; to provide that there shall be no charge to either a taxpayer or a local taxing jurisdiction to access or utilize the electronic filing system created hereunder; to establish an advisory committee

to oversee the development and implementation of the online filing system created under this act; and to allow the Department of Revenue to promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this bill.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

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Section 1. (a) Prior to October 1, 2014, the Department of Revenue shall design a non-itemized business personal property tax return short form "short form tax return" which, at the taxpayer's option, may be utilized for reporting total taxable tangible business personal property assets with original acquisition costs equal to or less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) under the provisions of this act and any rules promulgated by the department related thereto. Any taxpaying entity utilizing the short form return agrees to a business personal property tax liability for that applicable tax year that is based upon taxable tangible business personal property assets valued at ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), and that the submission of such short form return by the taxpayer is a declaration to the county assessing official or other applicable agency that the property is to be valued at ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for all taxable tangible business personal property assets.

(b) Effective October 1, 2014, and subject to the provisions of this act, any taxpaying entity required to file a business personal property tax return with a county assessing official or other applicable agency may file the short form tax return if: (1) the taxpayer has previously

filed with the county assessing official or other applicable agency an itemized business personal property tax return in which the total original acquisition cost of all the taxpaying entity's taxable tangible business personal property assets resulted in a total amount equal to or less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); and (2) the taxpayer's total original acquisition cost of all taxable tangible business personal property assets for the current tax year results in the taxpaying entity's total amount of taxable tangible business personal property assets being equal to or less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). The tax liability for any taxpayer filing the short form tax return shall be calculated by the county assessing official or other applicable agency based upon a value of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), and otherwise in accordance with subsection (a).

- (c) Once a taxpaying entity has filed a business personal property tax return which includes a detailed itemized listing of all taxable tangible business personal property assets with the county assessing official or other applicable agency as required in subsection (b)(1), the taxpayer may file the short form tax return in each consecutive year that the total original acquisition cost of all taxable tangible business personal property assets remains equal to or less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (d) In the event the total original acquisition cost of all the taxpayer's taxable tangible business personal property assets exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), the

taxpayer shall be required to file a business personal property tax return which includes an itemized listing of all taxable tangible business personal property assets with the county assessing official or other applicable agency as otherwise required by law and shall pay taxes calculated based upon the assets itemized in the tax return.

(e) All short form tax returns shall be subject to audit by the appropriate county assessing official or other applicable agency, in the discretion of such official or agency. Such an audit may include the requirement that the taxpaying entity provide an itemized listing of all taxable tangible business personal property. Additionally, any taxpayer who knowingly submits a false or incorrect short form tax return shall be subject to penalties equaling 50 percent of any additional taxes owed. Further, any relevant and otherwise applicable state or local laws providing for penalties, fines, or fees for violations of tax return filings shall have full effect under the tax returns applicable to this act and shall not be limited or abrogated by any provision hereunder.

Section 2. (a) No later than September 30, 2016, the Department of Revenue shall develop, maintain, and administer an online business personal property tax filing system that allows any taxpayer required to file a business personal property tax return with any county assessing official or applicable agency the ability and option to electronically file the return through the electronic filing system which

will be submitted to the county assessing official or applicable agency where the tax return is required to be filed. The system shall be optional for any taxpayer and shall be known as the Optional Personal Property Assessment Link or OPPAL. All Alabama taxing jurisdictions shall allow taxpayers to utilize and access the OPPAL system for filing any business personal property return. The online system shall be available for use in tax periods beginning on and after October 1, 2016, provided the taxpayer complies with this act and any rules promulgated by the Department of Revenue for the administration and use of the system. The OPPAL system shall be utilized only for the filing of business personal property tax returns and shall not provide for the administration or enforcement of business personal property taxes.

- (b) There shall be no charge to either the taxpayer or a local taxing jurisdiction for the utilization or access of the OPPAL system.
- (c) The system developed and implemented pursuant to subsection (a) shall have the capability to allow a taxpayer to electronically file a business personal property tax return with the county assessing official or other applicable agency in each taxing jurisdiction in which the taxpayer is required to file a business personal property tax return. The electronically filed return shall contain all information included in the standard paper tax return and all information included in the electronically filed return shall be

electronically available to each appropriate local taxing jurisdiction at the time filed by the taxpayer.

Section 3. (a) No taxpayer shall be required to use the OPPAL system for filing business personal property tax returns; provided, however, that any taxpayer utilizing the system shall comply with this act and any rules promulgated by the Department of Revenue for the administration of this act. Additionally, any taxpayer utilizing the system shall comply with any rules of the local taxing jurisdiction regarding payment, administration, and enforcement of the business personal property tax law.

(b) All penalties and interest assessed according to state law for failure to properly and timely file a business personal property tax return or for payment of such taxes shall apply to filings made through the OPPAL system.

Section 4. (a) (1) To ensure that local taxing jurisdictions have meaningful input into the development and operation of OPPAL, a state and local advisory committee is hereby established to review the design and operation of the system and to make recommendations regarding the system requirements and functionality to the Commissioner of Revenue.

- (2) The advisory committee shall consist of the following individuals:
- a. Two local tax officials appointed by the Association of Alabama Tax Administrators.
- b. Two local tax officials appointed by the Alabama Association of Assessing Officials.

1 c. One county commissioner appointed by the 2 Association of County Commissioners of Alabama.

- d. One probate judge who serves as chair of the county commission appointed by the Alabama Probate Judges Association.
 - e. One representative of the business community, appointed by the Business Council of Alabama.
 - f. One representative of the retail community appointed by the Alabama Retailers Association.
 - g. One representative of the business community, appointed by the Alabama Chapter of the National Federation of Independent Businesses.
 - h. One representative of the Alabama Department of Revenue, appointed by the Revenue Commissioner, who shall serve as chair of the advisory committee.
 - (3) The advisory committee members shall receive no compensation or reimbursement of expenses from the state for serving on the advisory committee.
 - (b) The advisory committee shall meet with the Commissioner of Revenue and other employees of the Department of Revenue as the commissioner deems appropriate. The initial meeting of the advisory committee shall be at a time and place to be determined by the chair of the advisory committee and shall be held no later than September 30, 2014. At the initial meeting, the advisory committee shall organize itself and shall determine the timing and frequency of subsequent meetings.

1 (c) The role of the advisory committee shall be
2 limited to providing input and recommendations on the
3 development and functionality of the OPPAL system with
4 relation to the filing of business personal property tax
5 returns utilizing the OPPAL system. The advisory committee
6 shall make no review of the Department of Revenue's
7 administration of property taxes or any other department
8 matter beyond the OPPAL system.

(d) If the Revenue Commissioner fails to act on recommendations made by the advisory committee regarding OPPAL, the advisory committee, by majority vote, may appeal to the Legislative Council for a determination on whether the committee's recommendations shall be implemented. The determination of the Legislative Council shall be final.

Section 5. The provisions of this act are severable. If any part of this act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part which remains.

Section 6. All laws or parts of laws which conflict with this act are repealed.

Section 7. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.