- 1 SB367
- 2 166383-2
- 3 By Senator Williams
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 09-APR-15

1	166383-2:n:03/30/2015:JET*/mfc LRS2015-1218R1
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would clarify the proper use and
9	enforcement of restrictive covenants in contracts.
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11	A BILL
12	TO BE ENTITLED
13	AN ACT
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15	Relating to contract law; to clarify and restate the
16	law relating to restrictive covenants; and to repeal Section
17	8-1-1, Code of Alabama 1975.
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
19	Section 1. (a) Every contract by which anyone is
20	restrained from exercising a lawful profession, trade, or
21	business of any kind otherwise than is provided by this
22	section is to that extent void.
23	(b) Except as otherwise prohibited by law, the
24	following contracts are allowed to preserve a protectable
25	interest:
26	(1) A contract between two or more persons or
27	husinesses or a nerson and a husiness limiting their ability

to hire or employ the agent, servant, or employees of a party
to the contract is permitted where the agent, servant, or
employee holds a position uniquely essential to the
management, organization, or service of the business.

- (2) An agreement between two or more persons or businesses or a person and a business to limit commercial dealings to each other.
- (3) One who sells the good will of a business may agree with the buyer to refrain from carrying on or engaging in a similar business and from soliciting customers of such business within a specified geographic area so long as the buyer, or any entity deriving title to the good will from that business, carries on a like business therein, subject to reasonable time and place restraints. Restraints of one year or less are presumed to be reasonable.
- (4) An agent, servant, or employee of a commercial entity may agree with such entity to refrain from carrying on or engaging in a similar business within a specified geographic area so long as the employer carries on a like business therein, subject to reasonable restraints of time and place. Restraints of two years or less are presumed to be reasonable.
- (5) An agent, servant, or employee of a commercial entity may agree with such entity to refrain from soliciting current customers, so long as the employer carries on a like business therein, subject to reasonable time restraints.

 Restraints of 18 months or for as long as post-separation

consideration is paid for such agreement, whichever is greater, are presumed to be reasonable.

- (6) Upon or in anticipation of a dissolution of a commercial entity, partners, owners, or members, or any combination thereof, may agree that none of them will carry on a similar commercial activity in the geographic area where the commercial activity has been transacted.
- Section 2. (a) A protectable interest includes all of the following:
 - (1) Trade secrets, as defined in Section 8-27-2, Code of Alabama 1975.
 - (2) Confidential information, including, but not limited to, pricing information and methodology; compensation; customer lists; customer data and information; mailing lists; prospective customer information; financial and investment information; management and marketing plans; business strategy, technique, and methodology; business models and data; processes and procedures; and company provided files, software, code, reports, documents, manuals, and forms used in the business that may not otherwise qualify as a trade secret but which are treated as confidential to the business entity, in whatever medium provided or preserved, such as in writing or stored electronically.
 - (3) Commercial relationships or contacts with specific prospective or existing customers, patients, vendors, or clients.

- 1 (4) Customer, patient, vendor, or client good will associated with any of the following:
- a. An ongoing business, franchise, commercial, orprofessional practice, or trade dress.

- b. A specific marketing or trade area.
- (5) Specialized and unique training involving substantial business expenditure specifically directed to a particular agent, servant, or employee; provided that such training and anticipated expense is specifically set forth in writing as the consideration for the restraint.
- (b) Job skills in and of themselves, without more, are not protectable interests.

Section 3. In order to be valid, any contract or agreement executed pursuant to this act shall be reduced to writing, signed by all parties, and be supported by adequate consideration.

Section 4. If a contractually specified restraint is overly broad or too long in its duration, a court may void the restraint in part and reform it to preserve the protectable interest or interests. If a contractually specified restraint does not fall within the limited exceptions set out in subsection (b) of Section 1, a court may void the restraint in its entirety.

Section 5. The party seeking enforcement of the covenant has the burden of proof on every element. The party resisting enforcement of the covenant has the burden of

proving the existence of undue hardship, if raised as a defense.

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- Section 6. (a) The remedies available for breach of an agreement subject to this act are:
 - (1) Such injunctive and other equitable relief as may be appropriate with respect to any actual or threatened breach.
- 8 (2) The actual damages suffered as a result of the 9 breach or lawful liquidated damages if provided in the 10 contract.
 - (3) Any remedies available in contract law, including attorneys' fees or costs, if provided for in the contract or otherwise provided for by law.
 - (b) Nothing in this act shall limit the availability of any defense otherwise available in law or equity.
 - Section 7. Nothing in this act shall be construed to eliminate any professional exemption recognized by Alabama
 - Section 8. It is hereby declared that this act expresses fundamental public policies of the State of Alabama. Therefore, this act shall govern and shall be applied instead of any foreign laws that might otherwise be applicable in those instances when the application of those foreign laws would violate a fundamental public policy expressed in this act.

Section 9. All laws or parts of laws which conflict
with this act are repealed, and specifically, Section 8-1-1,
Code of Alabama 1975, is repealed.

Section 10. This act shall become effective on

January 1, 2015, following its passage and approval by the
Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.