- 1 SB158
- 2 216339-2
- 3 By Senator Singleton
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 01-FEB-22

216339-2:n:01/20/2022:AP/bm LSA2022-97

2.0

2.2

8 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, the State Board of
9 Health administers the Alabama Lead Reduction Act
10 of 1997 to identify and reduce the threat to human
11 health posed by exposure to lead.

This bill would further regulate lead hazard reductions and revise the authority of the State Board of Health to conduct lead inspections, enforce the Alabama Lead Reduction Act of 1997, and increase penalties for violations of the act.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended by Amendment 890, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates

funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

11 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

13 AN ACT

2.0

Relating to lead abatement; to amend Sections

22-37A-2 to 22-37A-7, inclusive, Code of Alabama 1975, to

further regulate lead hazard reductions; to revise the

authority of the State Board of Health to conduct lead

inspections, enforce the Alabama Lead Reduction Act of 1997,

and increase civil and criminal penalties for a violation; to

provide for definitions; to provide criminal penalties for a

violation; and in connection therewith would have as its

purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased

expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621

of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended by

Amendment 890, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official

1	Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as
2	amended.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
4	Section 1. Sections 22-37A-2 to 22-37A-7, inclusive,
5	Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
6	"\$22-37A-2.
7	As used in this chapter, the following terms have
8	the following meanings:
9	"(1) ABATEMENT. Any set of measures designated to
10	eliminate lead-based paint hazards in accordance with
11	standards developed by the board, including both of the
12	<pre>following:</pre>
13	"a. Removal of lead-based paint or lead contaminated
14	dust, the permanent containment or encapsulation of lead-based
15	paint, the replacement of lead-painted surfaces or fixtures,
16	and the removal or covering of lead contaminated soil.
17	"b. All preparation, cleanup, disposal, and
18	post-abatement clearance testing activities associated with
19	measures described in paragraph a.
20	"(2) ACCREDITED INDIVIDUAL. An individual who
21	engages in lead hazard reduction activities, who has
22	successfully completed a Safe State accredited lead training
23	course appropriate for the type or category of lead hazard
24	reduction activity to be provided, who meets all other
25	personal accreditation requirements established by Safe State
26	under this chapter, and who holds a valid registration in the

1	state accreditation registry for the relevant type or category
2	of lead hazard reduction activity.
3	"(2)(3) ACCREDITED LEAD TRAINING COURSE. A course of
4	instruction which has been reviewed and accredited by Safe
5	State as meeting or exceeding training requirements
6	established under Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances
7	Control Act (Public Law 99-519, 100 Stat. 2970, 15 U.S.C. §
8	2601 et seq., as amended).
9	"(3)(4) BOARD. The State Board of Health as defined
10	in Section 22-2-1.
11	" $\frac{(4)}{(5)}$ INDOOR. The enclosed portions of buildings
12	including public buildings, residences, and commercial
13	buildings. The term shall include the exterior surfaces and
14	all common areas of the structure including any attached or
15	unattached structure located within the same lot line,
16	including but not limited to, garages, play equipment, and
17	fences.
18	"(6) INSPECTION. A surface-by-surface investigation
19	to determine the presence of lead-based paint and the
20	provision of a report explaining the results of the
21	investigation.
22	"(7) LEAD-BASED PAINT ACTIVITIES. The inspection and
23	assessment of lead-based paint hazards and the planning,
24	implementation, and inspection of interim controls,
25	renovation, and abatement activities at target housing and

child-occupied facilities.

26

- "(5)(8) LEAD HAZARD REDUCTION ACTIVITIES. Activities designed to reduce exposure to lead in residences or public buildings and may include inspections, risk assessments, repair, enclosure, encapsulation, or removal of lead-based paint or lead contamination, or both, and the design and planning of such activities, and other related activities as established in Title IV of Toxic Substances Control Act, Public Law 99-519, 100 Stat. 2970, 15 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq., as amended, which are to be performed in residences or public buildings.
 - "(6)(9) PERSON. An individual, firm, partnership, corporation, commission, state agency, county governmental body, municipal corporation, party, company, association, or any other public or private legal entity.

- "(7)(10) PUBLIC BUILDING. A building designed for public access and maintained for the public benefit through the use of state or local government funds, including public housing, schools, day care centers, and government facilities, or any location at which Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act, or regulations thereunder, require lead-based paint activities be performed by an accredited individual, as those terms are defined in that act, such as commercial buildings and bridges. This term shall does not apply to any of the following:
- "a. Business facilities where access is principally limited to employees.
 - "b. Private clubs and residences.

1	"c. Commercial buildings.
2	"(11) RENOVATION. The modification of any target
3	housing or child-occupied facility or portion thereof that
4	results in the disturbance of painted surfaces unless that
5	activity is performed as part of an abatement activity. The
6	term includes, but is not limited to, the removal,
7	modification, recoating, or repair of painted surfaces or
8	painted components; the removal of building components;
9	weatherization projects; and interim controls that disturb
10	painted surfaces. The term also includes a renovation
11	performed for the purpose of converting a building or part of
12	a building into target housing or a child-occupied facility.
13	The term does not include minor repair and maintenance
14	activities.
15	"(12) RISK ASSESSMENT. An on-site investigation to
16	determine the existence, nature, severity, and location of
17	lead-based paint hazards and the provision of a report by the
18	person conducting the risk assessment explaining the results
19	of the investigation and options for reducing lead-based paint
20	hazards.
21	"(8)(13) SAFE STATE. The Safe State Program, a
22	division of the University of Alabama.
23	"(14) TARGET HOUSING. The term as defined in 40
24	<u>C.F.R. § 745.103.</u>
25	"\$22-37A-3.

1	" (a) With regard to facilities, the scope of this
2	chapter shall not exceed the requirements of Title IV of the
3	Federal Toxic Substances Control Act.
4	" (b) (a) The board may develop shall establish a
5	statewide program to identify and reduce the threat to human
6	health posed by exposure to lead. In furtherance of this
7	purpose, the board may perform each of the following
8	functions:
9	"(1) Conduct and supervise development programs and
10	studies to determine the source, effect, and hazards of lead.
11	"(2) Conduct research or participate in research
12	within the state.
13	"(3) Collect and disseminate information.
14	"(1) Certify all individuals involved in lead-based
15	paint activities.
16	"(2) Issue, reissue, suspend, revoke, or deny the
17	issuance or reissuance of certificates for accredited
18	individuals.
19	"(3) Establish standards for the program.
20	"(4) Ensure compliance with state and federal rules
21	and regulations.
22	"(5) Enforce the certification program.
23	"(6) Establish a program for the education of owners
24	and occupants of target housing and child-occupied facilities
25	concerning lead-based paint hazards. This program shall
26	require persons who perform renovation in such facilities for
27	compensation to provide owners and occupants with a lead

hazard information pamphlet prior to commencing the
renovation. The program shall meet the requirements of the
federal program under the Lead Based Paint Exposure Reduction
Act, 15 U.S.C. § 2681 et seq.

(4) (7) Make contracts and execute Execute contracts and other instruments that are necessary or convenient to the exercise of its the board's powers or the performance of its the board's duties under this chapter.

"(5)(8) Encourage voluntary cooperation by persons or affected groups to achieve the purposes of this chapter.

"(6)(9) Assist persons in evaluating existing or potential health hazards from lead, including, but not limited to, health hazards from external sources that infiltrate the indoor environment and those from materials, processes, or human activities in the indoor environment.

" $\frac{(7)}{(10)}$ Assist persons in methods to control, remove, or minimize sources of lead.

"(8) Advise, consult, and cooperate on matters of common interest in lead hazard reduction with other agencies of the state, political subdivisions of the state, industries, other states, the federal government, and interested persons or groups.

"(9) (11) Represent the state in matters relating to lead hazard reduction and apply for and receive, on behalf of the state, matching grants, gifts, donations, foundation awards, or other legitimate means of support for the intents and purposes of this chapter, and to make other decisions

concerning the fiscal aspects of the powers, duties, programs, and activities of the board under this chapter.

"(12) Enter into cooperative agreements with, and accept grant assistance from, the United States Environmental Protection Agency in support of certification provisions of Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act or from any other governmental agency or other authority to carry out the intent of this chapter.

"(10)(13) Enter into cooperative agreements or contracts to demonstrate practices, methods, technologies, or processes which may be effective in controlling sources or potential sources of lead, preventing the occurrence of lead, and reducing exposure to lead; and accept financial assistance in the form of grants from public agencies and authorities, nonprofit institutions and organizations, educational institutions, or other persons.

"(11) (14) Establish by rule a fee schedule for performing lead investigations and services, which may not in any case exceed the actual costs.

" $\frac{(12)}{(15)}$ Subject to the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, publish guidelines $\frac{1}{100}$ performing lead hazard reduction.

"(b) The board may adopt rules to implement and enforce this chapter.

"(c) (1) This chapter shall not apply to any person engaged in smelting and refining or to the operation of facilities for smelting and refining. Smelting and refining or

1	the operation of facilities for smelting and refining are
2	exempt from this chapter.
3	"(2) This chapter shall not be construed or
4	interpreted to grant the State Board of Health or the
5	Department of Public Health the authority to regulate the
6	smelting and refining industry.
7	"\$22-37A-4.
8	"(a) The State Health Officer may conduct
9	investigations as necessary to administer this chapter, and
10	the rules adopted and orders issued under this chapter. The
11	State Health Officer may conduct investigations of general
12	lead contamination problems or conditions in public buildings,
13	and upon request of the building owner of commercial
14	buildings, or upon the request of the owner or occupant of
15	residential buildings.
16	"(b)(1) An employee of the board may do both of the
17	<pre>following:</pre>
18	"a. Enter the business premises of a person
19	certified to engage in lead-based paint activities during
20	business hours upon presenting credentials identifying himself
21	or herself as an employee of the board.
22	"b. Enter any structure, including a residence,
23	where lead-based paint activities have occurred, or are being
24	conducted, by certified or uncertified contractors for the
25	purpose of determining compliance with lead-based paint laws,
26	rules, and regulations, provided the employee obtains the
27	consent of the owner, an adult occupant of the premises, or

the owner's or occupant's designee after presenting

credentials identifying himself or herself as an employee of

the board.

"(2) Under no circumstances may an employee of the board unlawfully enter any structure to determine compliance with lead-based paint law, rules, or regulations.

"\$22-37A-5.

"(a) Before engaging in lead hazard reduction
activities, a person, firm, or corporation shall be certified
by the board as specified in this chapter. This subsection
shall not apply to an individual performing lead abatement on
a structure, or the portion of a structure that is used as his
or her private residence. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this
subsection shall apply to any person contracted by the home
owner to perform deleading activities and also applies where
the owner performs such activities in or upon another
structure which is not his or her private residence or the
portion thereof. For the purpose of this subsection, the term
"deleading" means activities conducted by a person who offers
to eliminate lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards or
to plan such activities.

"(b) Subject to the Alabama Administrative Procedure

Act, the board shall develop and publish certification

procedures for each type of contractor in lead hazard

reduction activities and specify qualifications, including,

but not limited to, training accreditation and blood lead

tests for personnel. The satisfaction of these qualifications

shall be documented by the contractor before the contractor is certified and permitted to engage in the provision of lead hazard reduction activities.

2.0

"(c) The board shall establish decertification and recertification policies and procedures for each type of lead hazard service contractor.

"(d) The board may establish by rule reasonable and necessary fees for the conduct of the contractor certification program and for the performance of field inspections of abatement projects. The board may adopt rules, including definitions and standards, and issue necessary orders to implement this chapter, which rules and orders shall have the effect of law.

"(e) The board may enter into cooperative agreements with and accept grant assistance from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency in support of certification provisions of Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act or from any other agency of government or under other authority to carry out the intents of this chapter.

"(a) An individual may not be certified to engage in lead-based paint activities under this chapter unless the individual has successfully completed the appropriate training program, passed an examination approved by the board for the appropriate category of certification, and completed any additional requirements imposed by the board by rule.

"(b) An individual may not perform or represent that he or she is qualified to perform any lead-based paint

1	activities unless the individual possesses the appropriate
2	certification as determined by the board or unless the
3	individual is any of the following:
4	"(1) An owner performing abatement or renovation
5	upon his or her own residential property.
6	"(2) An employee of a property management company
7	doing minor repairs and maintenance activities upon property
8	managed by that company where there is insignificant damage,
9	wear, or corrosion of existing lead-containing paint or
10	<pre>coating substances.</pre>
11	"(3) An owner doing routine minor repairs and
12	maintenance activities upon his or her property where there is
13	insignificant damage to, wear of, or corrosion of existing
14	<pre>lead-containing paint or coating substances.</pre>
15	"(c) The board shall adopt rules establishing
16	standards of acceptable professional conduct and work
17	practices for the performance of lead-based paint activities,
18	as well as specific acts and omissions that constitute grounds
19	for any of the following:
20	"(1) The reprimand of any certificate holder.
21	"(2) The suspension, modification, or revocation of
22	<u>a certificate.</u>
23	"(3) The denial of issuance or renewal of a
24	certificate.
25	"(d) The board may issue a corrective action order
26	to any person who violates this chapter or any rule adopted
27	nurguant to this chapter. The order shall specify the

1	provision of this chapter or any rule alleged to have been
2	violated and shall order necessary corrective action be taken
3	within a reasonable time to be prescribed in the order.
4	"(e) The board may revoke or suspend any
5	certification or approval issued under this chapter, in
6	accordance with the rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
7	"(f) It shall be a violation of this chapter for any
8	person to provide training or engage in lead-based paint
9	activities regulated under this chapter except in such a
10	manner as to conform to and comply with this chapter and all
11	applicable rules and orders established under this chapter."
12	"§22-37A-6.
13	"(a) Safe State, a division of the University of
14	Alabama, is designated as the state accreditation agency for
15	lead hazard training.
16	"(b) Subject to the Alabama Administrative Procedure
17	Act, Safe State shall establish a program to review and
18	accredit lead training courses in accordance with Title IV of
19	the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act.
20	"(c) Safe State shall establish and maintain a state
21	registry of accredited individuals who have successfully
22	completed accredited lead training courses and who meet all
23	other personal accreditation requirements established by Safe
24	State under this chapter.
25	"(d) An individual who provides or participates in
26	the lead hazard reduction activities described in Section

 $\frac{22-37A-5}{2}$ shall obtain valid Safe State registration and

27

- certification from the board prior to engaging in such activities.
- "(e) Subject to the Alabama Administrative Procedure

 Act, Safe State shall develop and publish policies and

 procedures governing the accreditation of lead training

 courses and the registration of accredited individuals.
 - "(f) Safe State may establish reasonable fees for the conduct of the accreditation and registration programs and expend the fees to administer the program.
 - "(g) Safe State may enter into cooperative agreements with and accept grant assistance from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency in support of the training and accreditation provisions of Title IV of the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act (Public Law 99-519, 100 Stat. 2970, 15 U.S.C. §2601 et seq., as amended), or from any other agency of government or under other authority to carry out the intents of this chapter.
 - "(h) Safe State may negotiate and establish reciprocity agreements with other states where equivalency of lead training accreditation or registration of individuals, or both, can be demonstrated."

"\$22-37A-7.

2.0

"(a) Persons engaged in lead hazard reduction
activities shall be certified by the board and observe proper
removal procedures and precautions, as established by the
rules adopted by the board. The board may enforce such rules
by order.

1	" (b) An owner or operator of an entity engaged in
2	lead hazard reduction activities who fails to comply with
3	subsection (a) of this section and rules adopted or orders
4	issued thereunder shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.
5	"(a) Any person who violates this chapter or the
6	rules adopted pursuant to this chapter is subject to a civil
7	<pre>penalty as follows:</pre>
8	"(1) For a first violation, the board may issue a
9	civil penalty of up to two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per
10	violation for each day during which the act or omission
11	continues or occurs. The board may waive the penalty upon the
12	person successfully completing an accredited lead abatement
13	training course appropriate for the type of category of
14	renovation abatement discipline, registering in the state
15	accreditation registry, and becoming a board-certified firm.
16	"(2) For a second violation, the board may assess a
17	civil penalty of up to five hundred dollars (\$500) per
18	violation for each day during which the act or omission
19	continues or occurs. The board may require the person to
20	successfully complete an accredited lead abatement training
21	course appropriate for the type or category of renovation
22	abatement discipline, registering in the state accreditation
23	registry, and becoming a board-certified firm.
24	"(3) For a third or subsequent violation, the board
25	may assess a civil penalty of up to two thousand five hundred
26	dollars (\$2,500) per violation for each day during which the

Τ	act or omission continues or occurs, with a maximum penalty of
2	five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation.
3	"(b) Any person against whom a civil penalty has
4	been assessed may obtain a review of the assessment by filing
5	with the board a written petition setting forth the grounds
6	and reasons for the objection and requesting a hearing. If a
7	petition for review is not filed within 30 days after the date
8	the assessment is served, the violator shall be deemed to have
9	consented to the assessment and it shall become final.
10	"(c) Whenever an assessment has become final because
11	of a person's failure to appeal the board's assessment, the
12	board may apply to the appropriate court for a judgment and
13	seek execution of the judgment. In such proceedings, the court
14	shall treat a failure to appeal the assessment as a confession
15	of judgment in the amount of the assessment.
16	"(d) In determining the amount of the civil penalty
17	to assess, the board may consider all of the following
18	<pre>factors:</pre>
19	"(1) Whether the civil penalty imposed will be a
20	substantial economic deterrent to the unlawful activity.
21	"(2) The potential or actual harm posed to
22	individuals or the environment by the violation.
23	"(3) The cause of the violation.
24	"(4) The effectiveness of action taken by the
25	violator to cease the violation.
26	"(5) The economic benefit gained by the violator.

1	"(f) All fees collected and all fines, penalties,
2	and funds of any nature received by the State Health Officer
3	under authority of this chapter shall be remitted to the State
4	Board of Health to the credit of the Lead Reduction Fund. The
5	expenses incurred by the board in carrying out this chapter
6	shall be paid from monies in the Lead Reduction Fund; however,
7	the expenditure from the fund shall be budgeted and allotted
8	in accordance with Sections 41-4-80 through 41-4-96 and
9	Sections 41-19-1 through 41-19-12.
10	"(g) If it appears that a person has violated, is
11	violating, or is threatening to violate this chapter or a rule
12	adopted or order issued under this chapter, the State Health
13	Officer or a county health officer, as appropriate, may
14	institute a civil suit in his or her own name in a circuit
15	court to obtain injunctive relief to restrain the person from
16	continuing the violation or threat of violation.
17	"(h) In addition to any civil penalty provided under
18	this section, any person violating this chapter shall be
19	guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
20	"(i) In addition to any penalties authorized under
21	this section, the State Health Officer may require any person
22	violating this chapter to complete additional training."
23	Section 2. Section 22-37A-7.1 is added to the Code
24	of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:
25	§22-37A-7.1.
26	Notwithstanding the administrative procedure
27	provided in subsections (a), (b), and (c) of Section 22-37A-7,

the board may institute proceedings for assessment of a civil penalty in the Circuit Court of Montgomery County, or in the circuit court of the county in which all or part of the violation occurred.

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

Section 3. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, as amended by Amendment 890, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 4. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.